Eisai Co., Ltd.

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November.6, 2007

Securities and Exchange Commission Headquarters 100 F Street, NE Washington, DC 20549
Office of Investor Education and Assistance SUPP 100 F Street, NE Washington, DC 20549

EISAI CO., LTD. (File No. 82-4015)

Dear Sir/Madam:

Enclosed please find materials submitted pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

In order to confirm receipt of the enclosed materials, would you kindly stamp the attached copy of this letter and return it in the enclosed pre-addressed, postage-paid envelope.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Very truly yours,

Hidehiro Miyake

Finance Group, Director

Finance & Accounting Department

Jin 14

Eisai Co., Ltd.

#000010-9 XCE 100 t

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Eisai is a Human Health Care Corporation striving for innovative solutions in prevention, cure and care for the health and well-being of people worldwide. We combine our talents to understand and meet the needs of patients and their families to enhance the quality of life.

#### FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

October 30, 2007

Eisai Co., Ltd.

# Eisai Announces Change in Regulatory Submission Strategy of E2007 for Parkinson's Disease

Eisai Co., Ltd. (Headquarters: Tokyo, President & CEO: Haruo Naito) announced today that the Company has decided to change the regulatory submission timing of E2007 (generic name: perampanel), which is under clinical investigation worldwide aiming to be the first oral AMPA receptor antagonist available for conditions including Parkinson's disease, neuropathic pain, epilepsy, migraine prophylaxis and multiple sclerosis. Eisai originally planned to file E2007 for approval in the U.S. and Europe for Parkinson's disease as the first indication within fiscal year 2007 but will do so in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2008.

E2007, a new chemical entity developed by Eisai, has the novel mechanism of action of selectively antagonizing AMPA-type glutamate receptors. It is believed to show promise in the treatment of various neurologic diseases because AMPA receptors are widely distributed in nerves.

Eisai is conducting three Phase III studies (Studies 301, 302 and 309), primarily in the U.S. and Europe, for Parkinson's disease. The 30-week Study 301, which compared E2007 to placebo as an add-on therapy to levodopa for patients who have idiopathic Parkinson's disease, has been completed and analysis of its results is ongoing.

According to the currently available analysis results, E2007, compared with placebo, did not show a significant difference in the primary endpoint of reduction in "off" time (time when Parkinson's symptoms return as the effect of levodopa wears off). However, the study did show that E2007 was well tolerated and no significant safety issues were observed.

Preclinical study results demonstrated that E2007 prolonged both levodopa's duration of action and the time Parkinsonian symptoms were improved while improving the dyskinesia caused by levodopa. Additionally, the results of Study 204, Phase II POC (proof of concept) study, showed that E2007 reduced the "off" time in a significant dose-related manner. These results indicate that E2007 shows promise in the treatment of Parkinson's disease by prolonging levodopa's duration of action.

Eisai has decided to proceed with detailed analyses of Study 301 results (e.g. dose of levodopa, effects of concomitant drugs, etc.) and utilize the findings in planning the analyses to be performed for currently ongoing Studies 302 and 309 to clarify the efficacy and safety of E2007. Eisai plans to complete Studies 301, 302 and 309 under this policy and submit applications for E2007 in the U.S. and Europe in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2008.

Concurrently, other clinical trials to investigate the efficacy and safety of E2007 for various indications, including neuropathic pain and epilepsy, are ongoing. Eisai plans to submit the E2007 application for neuropathic pain in fiscal year 2010, following the submission for Parkinson's disease.

Eisai remains committed to treating patients with cerebral and neurologic diseases and to increasing their quality of life through development of various new pharmaceuticals in addition to E2007.

Contacts:

Corporate Communications Department

. Eisai Co., Ltd.

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#### Reference Data

#### 1. AMPA Receptors and E2007

Glutamic acid is a common neurotransmitter used in central neuronal cells. It is known that excessive stimulation by glutamic acid causes excessive inflow of calcium ions into cells, resulting in central nerve cell death. AMPA receptors, one type of three ion-channel-type glutamate receptors, are believed to be engaged in almost all neuronal transmissions at excitatory synapses.

E2007 selectively antagonizes AMPA receptors and inhibits neuronal cell death. This mechanism was studied mainly by researchers at Eisai's London Research Laboratories and published in the UK's peer reviewed journal "Nature Medicine". (L. Steinman, Nature Medicine 6(1) 15-16, 2000)

#### 2. Preclinical Studies of E2007 for Parkinson's Disease

1) Effects of E2007 on preclinical Parkinson's model

In a study designed to compare effects of E2007 and levodopa in MPTP (1-Methyl 4-phenyl 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine), E2007 did not affect levodopa's maximum effect on Parkinson's disease symptoms, however, it significantly both prolonged levodopa's effective time and improved the severity of dyskinesia.

Presented at International Congress of Parkinson's Disease and Movement Disorders on November 2, 2006

2) Effects of E2007 on rotational behavior of levodopa

E2007 prolonged levodopa's duration of action in a preclinical study for 6OHDA-hemi-parkinsonian model.

Presented at International Congress of Parkinson's Disease and Movement Disorders on November 2, 2006.

#### 3. Clinical Studies of E2007 for Parkinson's Disease

#### 1) Study 204

#### Placebo control Phase II POC (proof of concept) Study

Target: Parkinon's disease patients with motor fluctuations and

dyskinesia on levodopa (maintenance dose).

Purpose: Proof of concept

Treatment groups: E2007 0.5mg, 1mg, 2mg or placebo

Duration: 12 weeks

Primary endpoint: "Off" time change

Results:

- E2007 showed significant difference in reduction in "Off" time in a statistically significant dose-related manner. E2007 did not show significant difference between each dose and the placebo group in reduction of "Off" time. However, the E2007 2mg arm showed significant difference in efficacy.
- E2007 was well tolerated and no significant safety issues were observed.
- Worsening of dyskinesia was not observed.

#### 2) Study 301

#### Placebo control Phase III studies

Target:

Add-on therapy in idiopathic PD patients with levodopa

therapy with motor fluctuations of a "wearing off" type

Purpose:

To compare the efficacy of 2mg and 4mg of E2007 and

placebo on motor function

Treatment groups:

E2007 2mg, 4 mg or Placebo

Duration:

30 weeks

Primary endpoint:

"Off" time change

#### 3) Study 302

#### Placebo control Phase III studies

Target:

Add-on therapy in idiopathic PD patients with levodopa

therapy with motor fluctuations of a "wearing off" type

Purpose:

To compare the efficacy of 2mg and 4mg of E2007 and

placebo on motor function

Treatment groups:

E2007 2mg, 4 mg or Placebo

Duration:

20 weeks

Primary endpoint:

"Off" time change

#### 4) Study 309

#### Placebo and entacapone control Phase III study

Target:

Add-on therapy in idiopathic PD patients with levodopa

therapy with motor fluctuations of a "wearing off" type

Purpose:

To compare the efficacy of 4mg of E2007, placebo and

entacapone on motor function

Treatment groups:

E2007 4mg, placebo or 200mg entacapone

Duration:

18 weeks

Primary endpoint:

"Off" time change

Securities Code: 4523

# 2007.9 Reference Data

Semiannual Period Ended September 30, 2007



October 30, 2007



Eisai Co., Ltd.

For Inquiry:

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- \* All amounts are rounded to their nearest specified unit.
- \* Currency exchange rate utilized in the reference data are noted in the table below.
- \* All amounts of overseas profit and loss are converted into yen values based upon the average exchange rates for the periods shown in the table below.

**Currency Exchange Rates** 

LENGTH CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	US	EU :	UK
	( <del>Y</del> /US\$)	(¥/EURO)	(¥/£)
(Apr. 2006 - Sep. 2006) Interim Period Average Rate	115.37	145.97	213.45
(Sep. 30, 2006) Interim Period End Rate	117.90	149.77	221.10
(Apr. 2006 - Mar. 2007) Fiscal Year Average Rate	117.02	150.09	221.58
(Mar. 31, 2007) Fiscal Year End Rate	118.05	157.33	231.73
(Apr. 2007 - Sep. 2007) Interim Period Average Rate	119.32	162.29	238.98
(Sep. 30, 2007) Interim Period End Rate	115.43	163.38	234.23
(Oct. 2007 - Mar. 2008) Second Half Forecast Rate	115.00	150.00	220.00

#### Forward-looking Statements and Risk Factors

Materials and information provided in this financial disclosure may contain "forward-looking statements" based on current expectations, forecasts, estimates, business goals and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual outcomes and results to differ materially from these statements. Risks and uncertainties include general industry and market conditions, and general domestic and international economic conditions such as interest rate and currency exchange fluctuations.

Certain risk particularly apply with respect to the Company-related forward-looking statements. Risk factors associated with our business include, but are not limited to, challenges arising out of global expansion, uncertainties in new drug development, risks related to strategic alliances with partners, healthcare cost-containment measures, intensified competition and litigation with generic drugs, risks related to intellectual property rights, possible incidence of adverse events, compliance with laws and regulations, litigations, closure or shutdown of factories, safety issues of raw materials used, risks related to outsourcing, environmental issues, risks related to IT security and information management, conditions in the financial markets, and foreign exchange fluctuations. The risk factors mentioned above are based on the analysis made by Eisai Co., Ltd. as of the date this document was published.

#### I. Consolidated Financial Highlights

#### 1. Statements of Income Data

(billions of ven)

11 0141011101110 01 11101110 0244					a or year
Years Ended/Ending March 31		Interim			1
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	YoY	2007	2008
			%		est.
Net sales	319.4	362.8	113.6	674.1	739.0
Cost of sales	53.2	54.6	102.6	109.3	110.5
R&D expenses	52.2	63.8	122.2	108.3	127.0
SG&A expenses	164.3	187.3	114.0	351.2	384.5
Operating income	49.6	57.1	114.9	105.3	117.0
Ordinary income	51.7	59.6	115.1	110.5	121.0
Net income	32.5	39.4	121.0	70.6	78.5
		 Iı	nc./(Dec.)		
Earnings per share (EPS, yen)	113.8	138.5	24.7	247.8	275.5
Dividend per share (DPS, yen)	55.0	65.0	10.0	120.0	130.0

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Cost of sales" includes "Provision for sales returns-net".

#### 2. Balance Sheets Data

(billions of yen)

	2007		Inc./
	31-Mar	30-Sep	(Dec.)
Total assets	792.1	817.6	25.5
Equity	562.7	575.1	12.4
Shareholders' Equity	552.5	564.3	11.8
Shareholders' Equity/Total assets (%)	69.7	69.0	(0.7)

# 3. Capital Expenditures and Depreciation/Amortization

(billions of yen)

or orbital militarity and a shirt and				10	o o. , o,	
Years Ended/Ending March 31	Interim			Full		
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	Inc./	2007	2008	
			(Dec.)		est.	
Capital expenditures	10.7	81.5	70.8	52.0	107.0	
Property, plant and equipment	8.0	13.6	5.6	23.2	35.0	
Intangible assets	2.7	67.9	65.1	28.8	72.0	
Depreciation/Amortization	12.3	15.4	3.1	26.8	33.0	

<sup>\*</sup> Capital expenditures include the increase of asset by acquisition of Morphotek, Inc. (Property, plant and equipment: 0.6billions of yen, Intangible assets: 60.3 billions of yen)

#### 4. Statements of Cash Flows Data

Years Ended/Ending March 31		Interim			
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	Inc./	2007	
			(Dec.)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	36.6	41.7	5.1	81.2	
Net cash used in investing activities	(21.2)	(52.6)	(31.4)	(55.2)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(25.1)	(18.8)	6.3	(40.6)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	175.0	141.0	(34.0)	171.1	
Free cash flows	22.4	(21.3)	(43.8)	28.6	

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Free cash flows" = "Net cash provided by operating activities" - "Capital expenditures (including acquisition)"

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Depreciation/Amortization" value includes amortization for "Intangible assets".

## II. Consolidated Statements of Income

# 1. Consolidated Statements of Income

Years Ended/Ending March 31	ears Ended/Ending March 31						<= <explanations></explanations>
Interim Apr Sep.	2007. پرياز	Sales %	, 2008.	4 At	:: YoY -	Inc./	
Net sales	319.4	100.0	362.8	100.0	113.6	43.4	Net sales
Cost of sales	53.3	16.7	54.7	15.1	102.7	1.4	<increase factor=""> Increase in sales of</increase>
Provision for sales returns-net	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)		(0.1)	Aricept and
Gross profit	266.2	83.3	308.2	85.0	115.8	42.1	Aciphex/Pariet
R&D expenses	52.2	16.4	63.8	17.6	122.2	11.6	R&D expenses
SG&A expenses	164.3	51.4	187.3	51.6	114.0	າາກ	<pre><increase factor=""> Advanced in clinical</increase></pre>
Operating income	49.6	15.5	57.1	15.7	114.9	7.4	studies
Non-operating income	3.1	1.0	3.3	0.9	,-	0.2	
Non-operating expenses	1.0	0.3	8.0	0.2		(0.2)	
Ordinary income	51.7	16.2	59.6	16.4	115.1	7.8	
Special gain	0.3	0.1	2.3	0.6		2.0	Special gain
Special loss	0.7	0.2	1.1	0.3		0.4	<increase factor=""> Profit by sales of</increase>
Income before income taxes and minority interests	51.3	16.1	60.7	16.7	118.3	9.4	investment securities
Income taxes-current	22.9	7.2	25.4	7.0	7.0 110.7 2.4		
Income taxes-deferred	(4.4)	(1.4)	(4.4)	(1.2)		(0.0)	
Minority interests in net income	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.1		0.1	
Net income	32.5	10.2	39.4	10.8	121.0	6.8	

# 2. Financial Results by Operating Segment

# 2-1 Consolidated Net Sales by Operating Segment (by Geographical Segment)

(billions of yen)

Years Ended/Ending March 31	Inter	im .	Full
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	2007
Net sales to customers	319.4	362.8	674.1
Pharmaceuticals	308.9	351.4	652.9
Japan	134.2	147.0	273.2
North America	138.4	163.7	302.3
Europe	26.0	26.7	53.7
Asia and others	10.3	14.0	23.7
Other	10.5	11.4	21.2
Japan	9.3	10.4	19.0
Overseas	1.2	1.0	2.1

<sup>\*</sup> Net sales for each segment are those to external customers.

# 2-2 Consolidated Operating Income by Operating Segment

Years Ended/Ending March 31	Interir	n :	Full
Interim Apr Sep	2007	2008	2007
Operating income	49.6	57.1	105.3
Pharmaceuticals	50.7	58.2	108.1
Other	0.9	1.0	1.7
Eliminations and corporate	(2.0)	(2.1)	(4.5)

<sup>\*</sup> Major areas and countries included in each region:

<sup>1.</sup> North America: The U.S. and Canada

<sup>2.</sup> Europe: The United Kingdom, France, Germany, etc.

<sup>3.</sup> Asia and others: East Asia, South-East Asia, and Latin America, etc. (excluding Japan)

# 3. Geographical Segment Information

3-1 Consolidated Net Sales by Geographical Segment

(billions of yen)

Years Ended/Ending March 31	Interim	Full
Interim Apr Sep	2007 200	8 / 2007
Net sales to customers	319.4 <b>362.</b>	674.1
Japan	143.5 <b>157.</b> 4	292.2
North America	139.1 <b>164.</b> 2	303.4
Europe	26.5 <b>27.</b> 3	54.8
Asia and others	10.3 <b>14.</b> i	23.7
Overseas sales	175.9 <b>205.</b> 4	381.9
Overseas sales (%)	55.1 <b>56.</b>	56.7

<sup>\*</sup> Net sales for each region are those to external customers.

3-2 Consolidated Operating Income by Geographical Segment

(billions of yen)

Years Ended/Ending March 31	( Interim		Full
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	2007
Operating income	49.6	57.1	105.3
Japan	34.1	45.8	72.8
North America	13.3	9.7	28.8
Europe	2.0	0.9	4.1
Asia and others	1.8	3.1	4.0
Eliminations and corporate	(1.6)	(2.5)	(4.4)

#### 4. Overseas Sales

Years Ended/Ending March 31	Int	erim	te Full
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	2007
Net sales	319.4	362.8	674.1
Overseas sales	189.3	222.2	410.8
North America	143.4	169.5	312.0
Europe	34.1	37.0	72.2
Asia and others	11.8	15.8	26.5
Overseas sales (%)	59.3	61.2	60.9

<sup>\*</sup> Major areas and countries included in each region:

<sup>1.</sup> North America: The U.S. and Canada

<sup>2.</sup> Europe: The United Kingdom, France, Germany, etc.

<sup>3.</sup> Asia and others: East Asia, South-East Asia, and Latin America, etc. (excluding Japan)

# 5. Global Product Sales (Independent and Co-promotion)

5-1 ARICEPT Sales by Geographical Area

Years Ended/Ending March 31		Interi	m	Full
Interim Apr Sep.		. 2007	2008	2007
Area				
Japan	¥ Billions	23.9	30.0	49.7
U.S.	¥ Billions	72.7	89.5	162.2
	[U.S. \$ Millions]	[631]	[750]	[1,386]
Europe	¥ Billions	16.8	17.3	34.5
UK	¥ Billions	0.7	0.6	1.2
	[UK £ Millions]	[3]	[3]	[6]
France	¥ Billions	12.4	12.9	25.8
	[Euro Millions]	[85]	[79]	[172]
Germany	¥ Billions	3.6	3.8	7.4
	[Euro Millions]	[25]	[23]	[50]
Asia	¥ Billions	2.8	4.0	6.6
Total	¥ Billions	116.2	140.9	252.9

<sup>\*</sup> Sales forecast for Eisai sales territories for the year ending March 2008 is ¥294.0 billion.

5-2 ACIPHEX/PARIET Sales by Geographical Area

Years Ended/Ending March 31			Interin	n	Full
Interim Apr Sep.		2007	2008	2007	
Агеа	·				
Japan	¥ Billions		14.6	18.3	30.7
U.S.	¥ Billions [U.S. \$ Millions]		60.4 [524]	66.4 [556]	126.9 [1,084]
Europe	¥ Billions		6.0	4.6	12.1
UK	¥ Billions [UK £ Millions]		2.0 [9]	1.5 [6]	3.3 [15]
Germany	¥ Billions [Euro Millions]		0.9 [6]	0.9 [5]	2.5 [17]
Italy	¥ Billions [Euro Millions]		3.1 [21]	2.3 [14]	6.3 [42]
Asia	¥ Billions		2.3	3.0	4.6
Total	¥ Billions		83.4	92.2	174.3

<sup>\*</sup> Sales forecast for Eisai sales territories for the year ending March 2008 is ¥184.0 billion.

5-3 ZONEGRAN Sales by Geographical Area

Years Ended/E	Ending March 31	Interim		Full
Interim Apr S	Sep.			2007
Area				
U.\$.	¥ Billions [U.S. \$ Millions]	1.6 [14]	1.4 [12]	3.1 [27]
Europe, Asia	¥ Billions	0.7	1.6	1.8
Total	¥ Billions	2.3	3.0	4.9

#### <Reference>

Eisai Inc. (U.S.) / Pharmaceutical production/sales

Years Ended/Ending March		Interi	nn 🤾	Full	
Interim Apr Sep.		2007	2008	2007	
Net sales	¥ Billions	139.8	166.1	305.6	
	[U.S. \$ Millions]	[1,212]	[1,392]	[2,612]	
Operating income	¥ Billions	12.4	10.7	27.1	
	[U.S. \$ Millions]	[107]	[90]	[231]	
Net income	¥ Billions	8.6	7.5	19.3	
	[U.S. \$ Millions]	[74]	[63]	[165]	
Operating income before royalty deduction	¥ Billions	33.3	41.5	72.9	
	[U.S. \$ Millions]	[288]	[348]	[623]	

Eisai China Inc. / Pharmaceutical production/sales

Years Ended/Ending M	arch 31	Interi	m 💮 💮	State Full
Interim Apr Sep.		2007	2008	,2007
Net sales	¥ Billions	3.1	4.7	8.9
	[Chinese RMB Millions]	[213]	[302]	[606]
Operating income	¥ Billions	0.4	1.1	1.4
	[Chinese RMB Millions]	[28]	[71]	[97]
Net income	¥ Billions	0.3	1.0	1.2
	[Chinese RMB Millions]	[23]	[66]	[84]

<sup>\*</sup> Interim period of Eisai China Inc. ends on June 30, and therefore, it prepares provisional financial statement of account at the date of consolidated financial settlement from the annual announcement for the fiscal year ended March 2007. Consequently, figures for "Interim FY2006" and "Interim FY2007" above indicate six-month results from January to June, 2006 and six-month results from April to September 2007, while "Annual 2007" shows 15-month result from January 2006 to March 2007.

January 1, 2006 to June 30, 2006

14.40 yen/Chinese RMB

April 1, 2007 to September 30, 2007

15.66 yen/Chinese RMB

January 1, 2006 to March 31, 2007

14.75 yen/Chinese RMB

#### Eisai Korea Inc. / Pharmaceutical Sales

Years Ended/Ending March 31		Interim		Full
Interim Apr Sep.		2007	2008	2007
Net sales	¥ Billions	3.7	4.5	7.5
	[Korean Won Billions]	[30]	[35]	[60]
Operating income	¥ Billions	0.5	0.7	1.1
	[Korean Won Billions]	[4]	[5]	[9]
Net income	¥ Billions	0.4	0.5	0.8
	[Korean Won Billions]	[3]	[4]	[6]

<sup>\*</sup> Average rate of Japanese yen to Korean Won

April 1, 2006 to September 30, 2006 0.1217 yer/Korean won
April 1, 2007 to September 30, 2007 0.1289 yer/Korean won
April 1, 2006 to March 31, 2007 0.1243 yer/Korean won

<sup>\*</sup> Average rate of Japanese yen to Chinese RMB

# 6. SG&A Expenses

6-1 R&D Expenses

(billions of yen)

Years Ended/Ending March 31		Inter	Interim		
Interim Apr Sep.	· · · · ·	2007	2008	2007	2008 est.
Net sales		319.4	362.8	674.1	739.0
R&D expenses		52.2	63.8	108.3	127.0
Ratio of R&D expenses to net sales (%)		16.4	17.6	16.1	17.2

6-2 SG&A Expenses

(billions of yen)

Years Ended/Ending March 31		Interim		Full	
Interim Apr Sep.	<del></del>	2007	2008	2007	2008
					est.
Net sales		319.4	362.8	674.1	739.0
SG&A expenses		164.3	187.3	351.2	384.5
Personnel expenses		34.0	37.2	72.2	-
Marketing expenses		107.5	123.1	230.6	-
Administrative expenses and others		22.7	27.0	48.4	-
Ratio of SG&A expenses to net sales (%)		51.4	51.6	52.1	52.0

6-3 SG&A Expenses (Including R&D Expenses)

(billions of yen)

Years Ended/Ending March 31	Interim		Full		
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	2007	2008	
A Section of the sect	•			est.	
Net sales	319.4	362.8	674.1	739.0	
SG&A expenses (including R&D expenses)	216.5	251.2	459.5	511.5	
Ratio of SG&A expenses including R&D expenses to net sales (%)	67.8	69.3	68.2	69.2	

7. Personnel Information (Consolidated)

(persons)

		,		2006	2007	2007
		31-Mar	31-Mar	30-Sep		
Total				9,081	9,649	9,996
Japan				5,144	5,334	5,506
U.S.				1,787	1,975	2,040
Europe				650	765	814
Asia				1,500	1,575	1,636

1. Consolidated Balance Sheets <assets></assets>			(billions of yen)						
	producti		07		Change	Inc./	<explanations></explanations>		
	31-Mar	·. %.÷	30-Sep	%	%	(Dec.)			
Current assets:									
Cash and cash in banks	89.8		66.9			(22.9)	Cash and cash in banks <decrease factor=""></decrease>		
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	162.2		166.2			4.0	Company acquisition		
Short-term investments	90.3		84.6			(5.7)	expenses		
Inventories	52.8		53.4			0.7			
Deferred tax assets	33.2		34.4			1.2			
Other	13.4		15.7			2.3			
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(0.4)		(0.4)			(0.0)			
Total current assets	441.2	55.7	420.9	51.5	95.4	(20.4)			
Fixed assets:									
Property, plant and equipment:									
Buildings and structures	74.4		73.4			(1.1)			
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	24.6		23.2			(1.4)			
Land	18.0		21.7			3.6			
Construction in progress	4.9		7.3			2.4			
Other	11.9		11.9			0.0			
Total property, plant and equipment	133.8	16.9	137.5	16.8	102.7	3.6			
Intangible assets:							Core technology		
Sales rights	46.0		48.4			2.4	<increase factor=""></increase>		
Core technology	-		56.5			56.5	Company acquisition		
Other	16.6		16.8			0.2			
Total Intangible assets	62.6	7.9	121.6	14.9	194.3	59.0			
Investments and other assets:	••				-	•			
Investment securities	111.9		88.4			(23.5)	Investment securities		
Deferred tax assets	32.6		37.9			5.3	<decrease factors=""> Decrease in fair market</decrease>		
Other	10.7		12.1			1.3	value of investment		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(0.7)		(0.6)			0.1	securities Sales of investment		
Total investments and other assets	154.5	19.5	137.7	16.8	89.1	(16.8)	securities		
Total fixed assets	350.9	44.3	396.8	48.5	113.1	45.9			
Total assets	792.1	100.0	817.6	100.0	103.2	25.5			

THE PERSON AND THE PE	ALP HIL	<u>:</u> 5 20	07		Change.	Inc./	<explanations></explanations>	
	. 31-Mar	<b>%</b> %	30-Sep	<b>,%</b> ~	%	(Dec.)	"三"等集成。	
Current liabilities:								
Notes and accounts payable-trade	19.3		17.3			(2.0)		
Short-term borrowings	0.2		-			(0.2)		
Accounts payable-other/accrued expenses etc.	109.3		110.1			8.0		
Income taxes payable	22.0		23.9			1.8		
Reserve for sales rebates	35.1		33.9			(1.1)		
Other	5.8		6.5			0.7		
Total current liabilities	191.8	24.2	191.8	23.5	100.0	(0.0)		
Long-term liabilities:	-	•		- · <del></del>				
Deferred tax liabilities	0.1		16.8			16.7	Deferred tax	
Liability for retirement benefits	31.8		28.1			(3.7)	liabilities	
Retirement allowances for directors	1.3		1.4			0.0	ncrease Factor Company acquisition	
Other	4.4		4.5			0.1		
Total long-term liabilities	37.6	4.8	50.8	6.2	134.9	13.1		
Total liabilities	229.4	29.0	242.5	29.7	105.7	13.1		
Owners' equity:			_					
Common stock	45.0		45.0			-		
Capital surplus	55.2		55.2			-		
Retained earnings	469.6		490.8			21.2		
Treasury stock	(42.2)		(42.1)			0.1		
Total owners' equity  Net unrealized gain and translation adjustments:	527.6	66.6	548.9	67.1	104.0	21.3		
Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities	19.9		12.3			(7.5)	Net unrealized gair	
Deferred hedge gains and loses	_		0.1			0.1	on available-for- sale securities	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	5.0		2.9			(2.0)		
Total net unrealized gain and translation adjustments	24.8	3.1	15.4	1.9	61.9	(9.5)	Decrease in fair market value of	
Stock acquisition rights	0.3	0.0	0.6	0.1	188.7	0.3	investment securitie	

9.9

562.7

792.1

Minority interests

Total liabilities and equity

**Total equity** 

1.2

70.3

100.0

103.4

102.2

103.2

10.3

575.1

817.6

1.3

71.0

100.0

0.3

12.4

25.5

#### 3. Stock Information

#### 3-1 Issued Stock and Shareholder Information

As of September 30, 2007

f Average Number of	Number of		Number of	Total Number of
Shares per Shareholder	Na. 12	Treasury Stock]	MANAS IN A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	Authorized Shares (shares)
5,759	51,497	[12,404,381 shares]	296,566,949 shares	1,100,000,000 shares

<sup>\*</sup> Number of shares of outstanding includes number of treasury stocks.

3-2 Top 10 Shareholders

As of September 30, 2007

Name	Shares ( 1,000 shares)	%
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	16,029	5.41
Nippon Life Insurance Company	15,327	5.17
Saitama Resona Bank, Limited	12,398	4.18
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)	12,147	4.10
The Chase Manhattan Bank N.A. London S.L. Omnibus Account	10,501	3.54
Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.	6,512	2.20
Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.	5,630	1.90
Eisai Employee Shareholding Association	5,566	1.88
Sumitomo Life Insurance Company .	5,000	1.69
The Naito Foundation	4,207	1.42

<sup>\*</sup> Treasury stock (12,404 thousands shares, 4.18%) is excluded as it has no voting rights.

3-3 Number of Shareholders by Category

(persons)

	2007 31-Mar	, %	2007 30-Sep	%	Inc./ (Dec.)
Financial Institutions	190	0.4	219	0.4	29
Securities Companies	63	0.2	65	0.1	2
Other Japanese Corporations	1,081	2.5	1,122	2.2	41
Corporations Outside Japan, etc.	541	1.3	483	1.0	(58)
Individuals and Others	40,974	95.6	49,608	96.3	8,634
Total	42,849	100.0	51,497	100.0	8,648

3-4 Number of Shares Held by Category

(1,000 shares)

0 4 Maniber of Onlarco Hold by Gategor			١,	1,000 3.16.63)	
	2007 31-Mar	%	2007 30-Sep	%	Inc./ (Dec.)
Financial Institutions	114,782	38.7	117,825	39.7	3,042
Securities Companies	13,522	4.5	13,805	4.7	282
Other Japanese Corporations	22,799	7.7	21,440	7.2	(1,359)
Corporations Outside Japan, etc.	92,214	31.1	84,635	28.5	(7,578)
Treasury Stock	12,437	4.2	12,404	4.2	(33)
Individuals and Others	40,810	13.8	46,456	15.7	5,645
Total	296,566	100.0	296,566	100.0	_

<sup>\*</sup> Number of shares less than one thousand has been omitted.

<sup>\*</sup> Number of shares less than one thousand has been omitted.

3-5 Breakdown	of Shareholders	Holding Size/Number of	Shareholders
O O DI CUNGOTTII	oi oilaichtach	Holdfild Size/Hullibel Gr	onai elloidei 3

O O Dicardown of Onlarcholacis in	olding olze/Namber c	i Sharei	ioideia		(persons)
	2007 31-Mar	<b>%</b>	2007 30-Sep	%	/ Inc./ (Dec.)
1 million shares and over	54	0.1	52	0.1	(2)
100,000 ~ 999,999 shares	178	0.4	179	0.3	1
10,000 ~ 99,999 shares	728	1.7	751	1.5	23
1,000 ~ 9,999 shares	9,878	23.1	10,899	21.2	1,021
100 ~ 999 shares	28,552	66.6	36,051	70.0	7,499
less than 100 shares	3,459	8.1	3,565	6.9	106
Total	42.849	100.0	51 497	100.0	8 648

3-6 Breakdown by Shareholder Holding Size/Number of Shares Held

11	വവ	shares)	ì

	<u> </u>				(1,000 ondico)		
	2007 31-Mar	%	2007 30-Sep	%	Inc./ (Dec.)		
1 million shares and over	188,110	63.4	184,786	62.3	(3,324)		
100,000 ~ 999,999 shares	60,735	20.5	60,687	20.5	(47)		
10,000 ~ 99,999 shares	19,568	6.6	19,323	6.5	(244)		
1,000 ~ 9,999 shares	21,572	7.3	23,463	7.9	1,891		
100 ~ 999 shares	6,443	2.2	8,167	2.8	1,724		
less than 100 shares	136	0.0	138	0.0	1		
Total	296,566	100.0	296,566	100.0	-		

<sup>\*</sup> Number of shares less than one thousand has been omitted.

#### iv. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

		(billio	ns of yen)	
Years Ended/Ending March 31 Interim Apr Sep.		Interim	-	<explanations></explanations>
interin Apr Sep.	20072	<u> 2008</u> ∽	াং⊹ Inc./ (Dec.)	
Operating activities:		******		
Income before income taxes and minority interests	51.3	60.7	9.4	
Depreciation and amortization	12.3	15.4	3.1	
Net decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivables/payable-trade and inventories	(11.6)	(7.6)	4.0	
Net increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other/accrued expenses etc.	5.4	4.8	(0.6)	
Other	2.4	(10.2)	(12.6)	Other
[Sub-total]	59.7	63.0	3.3	<decrease factor=""> Changes of other current assets</decrease>
Interest paid/received	2.6	3.1	0.4	Orlanges of strict softent assets
Income taxes paid	(25.8)	(24.4)	1.4	
Net cash provided by operating activities	36.6	41.7	5.1	
Investing activities:				Capital expenditures (including acquisition)
Capital expenditures (including acquisition)	(14.2)	(63.1)	(48.9)	<increase factor=""></increase>
Purchases/proceeds from sales of securities etc.	(6.0)	11.4	17.4	Company acquisition expenses  Purchases/proceeds from
Other	(1.0)	(1.0)	(0.0)	sales of securities etc.
Net cash used in investing activities	(21.2)	(52.6)	(31.4)	<increase factor=""> Sales of investment securities</increase>
Financing activities:				
Dividends paid	(14.3)	(18.5)	(4.2)	Dividends paid
Purchase of treasury stock	(11.1)	-	11.1	<increase factor=""> Increase in Dividend per Share</increase>
Other	0.2	(0.3)	(0.5)	micrease ar bividenti per Share
Net cash used in financing activities	(25.1)	(18.8)	6.3	
Foreign currency translation adjustments on cash and cash equivalents	1.4	(0.5)	(1.9)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(8.3)	(30.1)	(21.8)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	183.3	171.1	(12.2)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	175.0	141.0	(34.0)	

		וטוווטו	is or yen;		
Years Ended/Ending March 31		Interim		<expla< th=""><th>nation</th></expla<>	nation
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	lnc./ (Dec.)		1. 1. 1. 1.
Free Cash Flows	22.4	(21.3)	(43.8)		

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Free cash flows" = "Net cash provided by operating activities" - "Capital expenditures (including acquisition)"

#### 7. Consolidated Subsidiaries - Associated Companies

1. Consolidated Subsidiaries (46 companies)

1-1 Subsidiaries Outside	Japan (34 compa	nies)		As of September 30, 2007
Company Name	Location	Common Stock	Voting Rights	Description of Operations
		Unit: thousand		
Eisai Corporation of North America	New Jersey, USA	385,900 US\$	100.00%	U.S. regional headquarters/holding company
Morphotek, Inc.	Pennsylvania, USA	355,000 US\$	100.00%	Basic research/clincial research
Eisai Inc.	New Jersey, USA	151,600 US\$	100.00%	Pharma. production/sales
Eisai Research Institute of Boston Inc.	Massachusetts, USA	115,300 US\$	100.00%	Basic research, clincial trial process research/production
Eisai Medical Research Inc.	New Jersey, USA	1,000 US\$	100.00%	Pharma. clinical research
Eisai Machinery U.S.A. Inc.	New Jersey, USA	1,000 US\$	100.00%	Pharma. machinery sales
Eisai Europe Ltd.	London, U.K.	105,261 UKPS	100.00%	European regional headquarters/holding company
Eisai Ltd.	London, U.K.	15,548 UKPS	100.00%	Pharma. clinica/sales research
Eisai London Research Laboratories Ltd.	London, U.K.	12,000 UKPS	100.00%	Basic research
Eisai Manufacturing Ltd.	Hertfordshire, U.K.	2,000 UKPS	100.00%	•
Eisai GmbH	Frankfurt, FRG	7,669 EUR	100.00%	Pharma. sales
Eisai Machinery GmbH	Cologne, FRG	1,278 EUR	100.00%	Pharma. machinery production/sales
Eisai S.A.S.	Paris, France	19,500 EUR	100.00%	Pharma. production/sales
Eisai B.V.	Amsterdam, Netherlands	540 EUR	100.00%	Pharma. production/sales
Eisai Farmacêutica S.A.	Madrid, Spain	4,000 EUR	100.00%	Pharma. marketing
Eisai S.r.l.	Milan, Italy	3,500 EUR	100.00%	Pharma. sales
Eisai Pharma AG	Zurich, Switzerland	3,000 CHF	100.00%	Pharma. sales
Eisai AB	Stockholm, Sweden	10,000 SEK	100.00%	Pharma. sales
EF-Eisai Farmacêutica, Unipessoal Lda.	Lisbon, Portugal	4,000 EUR	100.00%	-
Eisai SA/NV	Brussels, Belgium	7,000 EUR	100.00%	-
P.T. Eisai Indonesia	Jakarta, Indonesia	5,000 US\$	100.00%	Pharma. production/sales
Eisai Asia Regional Services Pte. Ltd.	Singapore, Singapore	26,400 S\$	100.00%	Asia subsidiaries holding company
Eisai (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore, Singapore	300 S\$	100.00%	Pharma. sales
Eisai Clinical Research Singapore Pte. Ltd	d. Singapore, Singapore	10 S\$	100.00%	Pharma. clinical research
Eisai (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Petaling Jaya, Malaysia	470 M\$	100.00%	Pharma. sales
Eisai (Thailand) Marketing Co., Ltd.	Bangkok, Thailand	11,000 Baht	49.90%	Pharma. production/sales
Eisai Taiwan Inc.	Taipei, Taiwan	270,000 NT\$	100.00%	Pharma. production/sales
Eisai China Inc.	Suzhou, China	319,205 RMB	100.00%	Pharma. production/sales
Eisai (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong, China	500 HK\$	100.00%	Pharma. sales
Eisai Korea Inc.	Seoul, Korea	3,512,000 Won	100.00%	Pharma. sales
HI-Eisai Pharmaceutical Inc.	Manila, Philippines	56,250 Peso	50.00%	Pharma. production/sales
Eisai Pharmaceuticals India Pte. Ltd.	Maharashtra, India	100,000 INR	100.00%	Pharma. production/sales
Eisai Pharmatechnology & Manufacturing Pte. Ltd.	Andhra Pradesh, India	104,000 INR	100.00%	-
Eisai Australia Pty. Ltd.	Sydney, Australia	1,000 A\$	100.00%	-

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year of Eisai's consolidated subsidiaries ends on March 31 excluding Eisai China Inc. (fiscal year ends on December 31). Eisai China Inc. conducted provisional financial settlement at the date of consolidated financial settlement.

<sup>\*</sup> Eisai (Thailand) Marketing Co., Ltd., and HI-Eisai Pharmaceutical Inc., are concidered as Eisai's consolidated subsidiaries under the "controlling entity" standard though Eisai's voting rights for these companies are no more than 50%.

<sup>\*</sup> MAB Acquisition Corporation (MAB) merged with Morphotek, Inc.(U.S.) in April 2007 with Morphotek, Inc. being the surviving company.

<sup>\*</sup> Eisai SA/NV was established in Belgium in September 2007.

<sup>\*</sup> Fractions figures in "Common Stock" are rounded down.

1-2 Subsidiaries in Japan (12 companies)

As of September 30, 2007

Company Name	Location	Common Stock	Equity (%) Ownership	Description of Operations
Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd.	Tokyo	5,262 million yen	50.88%	Diagnostic product prod./sales
Sannova Co., Ltd.	Gunma Pref.	926 million yen	79.95%	Pharm. prod./sales
Elmed Eisai Co., Ltd.	Tokyo	450 million yen	100.00%	Pharm. sales
Eisai Food & Chemicals Co., Ltd.	Tokyo	101 million yen	100.00%	Food additives/chemicals sales
Eisai Machinery Inc.	Tokyo	100 million yen	100.00%	Pharm. machinery prod./sales
KAN Research Institute, Inc.	Hyogo Pref.	70 million yen	100.00%	Basic research
Eisai Distribution Co., Ltd.	Kanagawa Pref.	60 million yen	100.00%	Pharm. distribution
Eisai R&D Management Co., Ltd.	Tokyo	11 million yen	100.00%	Management of drug development/research
Sunplanet Co., Ltd.	Tokyo	455 million yen	84.95%	Administrative/Catering/Printing service/Real estate management
Clinical Supply Co., Ltd.	Gifu Pref.	80 million yen	84.80%	Medical devices prod./sales
Palma Bee'Z Research Institute Co., Ltd.	Tokyo	50 million yen	75.44%	Diagnostic product research
Eisai Seikaken Co., Ltd.	Tokyo	50 million yen	70.00%	Agro-chemical prod./sales

<sup>\*</sup> Sanko Junyaku became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Eisai on October 1, 2007 following the delisting from JASDAQ on September 25 through a share exchange. The transaction will be in effect as of October 1, 2007. In acordance with the subsidiarization, Eisai's voting rights for Palma Bee'Z Research Institute Co., Ltd. increased to 100%.

2. Equity in Earnings in Associated Companies (1 company)

As of September 30, 2007

Company Name	Location	Common Stock	Equity (%) Ownership	Description of Operations
Bracco-Eisai Co., Ltd.	Tokyo	340 million yen	49.00%	Contrast media import/prod./sales

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year of Bracco-Eisai Co., Ltd. ends on December 31.

<sup>\*</sup> Fractions figures in "Common Stock" have been omitted.

<sup>\*</sup> Fractions figures in "Common Stock" have been omitted.

#### VI. Financial Trend

Years Ended/Ending March 31	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
		5 1 1 min -	1 2 2 a 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								
<statements data="" income="" of=""></statements>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>					· · · · · ·	74.0	
Net sales	Interim		148.1	174.9	211.0	234.4	247.8	261.0	282.6	319.4	362.8
		284.9	302.5	361.7	431.7	466.6	500.2	533.0	601.3	674.1	
Cost of sales	Interim		44.7	49.0	52.2	52.9	47.6	50.4	48.7	53.2	54.6
		87.1	91.6	98.5	101.5	102.6	97.2	98.5	104.5	109.3	
R&D expenses	Interim		23.7	22.6	24.7	27.9	33.5	37.5	44.4	52.2	63.8
2014		43.7	46.7	49.6	55.0	59.7	69.0	78.3	93.2	108.3	
SG&A expenses	Interim	115.4	60.3 127.1	72.3 154.7	95.1 202.5	113.3 228.4	125.7 250.9	131.5 269.4	144.3 307.8	164.3 351.2	187.3
Operating income	Interim	110.4	19.5	31.1	39.0	40.4	41.0	41.6	45.3	49.6	57.1
Sperasing modifie	***************************************	38.6	37.1	59.0	72.7	75.9	83.1	86.8	95.7	105.3	57.1
Ordinary income	Interim		19.4	31.9	40.2	40.1	40.7	43.2	47.1	51.7	59.6
•		39.8	36.9	63.2	76.1	76.1	83.4	89.1	100.0	110.5	
Net income	Interim		2.7	8.9	20.0	22.2	24.9	27.6	30.2	32.5	39.4
		15.9	11.3	23.3	36.5	41.0	50.1	55.5	63.4	70.6	
<statements cash="" flows="" of=""></statements>											
Operating cash flows	Interim	25.0	22.0	43.2	33.1	19.6	45.8	40.8	39.9	36.6	41.7
Net and word in investing antidities	1-4	35.9	27.2	85.0	56.9	57.6	72.7	49.2	87.1	81.2	(50.0)
Net cash used in investing activities	Interim	(33.9)	(0.7) (4.0)	(28.8) (19.6)	(1.2) (7.2)	(18.0) (27.7)	(15.3) (27.3)	(21.5) (37.5)	(14.1) (29.5)	(21.2)	(52.6)
Net cash used in financing activities	: Interim	(55.5)	(3.4)	(3.5)	(5.7)	(14.6)	(4.5)	(37.5)	(10.1)	(55.2) (25.1)	(18.8)
The basis ased in maileing delivines	inteniii	(10.0)	(15.4)	(17.7)	(39.1)	(19.8)	(21.4)	(16.7)	(21.8)	(40.6)	(10.0)
Cash and	Interim	,,	61.6	63.3	131.2	104.6	150.0	163.7	160.1	175.0	141.0
cash equivalents at end of period		46.9	52.6	106.3	121.8	127.3	146.1	142.4	183.3	171.1	
Free cash flows	Interim		13.6	36.8	22.8	5.3	36.0	16.6	20.7	22.4	(21.3)
		21.1	12.6	71.8	32.1	31.1	48.9	10.5	43.6	28.6	
<balance data="" sheet=""></balance>						•					
Common stock		44.9	44.9	44.9	44.9	45.0	45.0	45.0	45.0	45.0	45.0
Total assets		463.4	485.7	549.4	557.6	591.7	615.8	662.7	747.2	792.1	817.6
Shareholders' equity		308.6	329.4	345.9	362.1	388.2	419.5	459.6	519.2	552.5	564.3
<capital and="" deprec<="" expenditures="" td=""><td>iation/Am</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></capital>	iation/Am										
Capital expenditures		14.2	16.3	15.0	27.2	21.9	28.7	49.0	37.0	52.0	81.5
Depreciation/Amortization		13.0	15.1	15.0	15.3	18.0	18.5	22.4	25.0	26.8	15.4
<managerial indices=""></managerial>											(Interim)
Dividends On Equity (DOE, %)		2.1	2.0	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.6	3.7	5.3	6.4	
Return On Equity (ROE, %)		5.2	3.5	6.9	10.3	10.9	12.4	12.6	13.0	13.2	
Dividend payout ratio (%)		40.1	56.5	29.2	23.3	22.7	20.9	29.0	40.6	48.4	
Earnings Per Share (EPS, yen)		53.6	38.0	78.7	123.5	141.2	172.1	193.4	221.9	247.8	
Diluted EPS (yen)		53.1	37.7	77.9	122.3	139.9	172.1	193.3	221.6	247.5	
Return on sales ratio (%)		5.6	3.7	6.4	8.5	8.8	10.0	10.4	10.5	10.5	
Shareholders' Equity Ratio (%)		66.6	67.8	63.0	64.9	65.6	68.1	69.4	69.5	69.7	
Turnover ratio of total capital (Time)		0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	8.0	0.8	8.0	0.9	0.9	
Return On Assets (ROA, %)		3.5	2.4	4.5	6.6	7.1	8.3	8.7	9.0	9.2	
Price-to-Book value Ratio (PBR, Tim	ie)	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.5	1.6	1.9	2.3	2.8	2.9	
		21.5	21.5	23.0	29.0	32.0	36.0	56.0	90.0	120.0	
Cash dividends per share (yen)											
Cash dividends per share (yen) Dividend payment (billions of yen)		6.4	6.4	6.8	8.5	9.3	10.4	16.0	25.7	34.1	
	of shares)			6.8	8.5 4,590	9.3 3,000	10.4 4,000	16.0 1,970	25.7 -	34.1 2,000	_
Dividend payment (billions of yen)	•			6.8							

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Cost of sales" includes "Provision for sales returns-net".

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Free cash flows" = "Net cash provided by operating activities" - "Capital expenditures (including acquisition)"

<sup>\*</sup> Capital expenditures include the increase of asset by acquisition.

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Depreciation/Amortization" value includes amortization for "Intangible assets".

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Earnings Per Share" and "Diluted EPS" after FY2002 have been reclassified.

<sup>\*</sup> The company's Interim financial results (consolidated) have been disclosed since FY2000. Interim results for FY1999 above are presented for reference.

#### 711. Non-Consolidated Filialicial Highlights

# 1. Non-Consolidated Financial Highlights

# 1-1 Statements of Income Data

(billions of yen)

Years Ended/Ending March 31	Interim			Full	
Interim Apr Sep.	· 2007	2008	YoY	2007	2008
					est.
Net sales	170.1	194.9	114.6	351.6	388.0
Cost of sales	39.9	39.1	98.0	80.1	74.0
R&D expenses	51.7	61.9	119.6	106.4	124.5
SG&A expenses	48.1	52.2	108.4	100.2	107.0
Operating income	30.4	41.7	137.5	65.0	82.5
Ordinary income	30.7	41.9	136.4	65.7	83.0
Net income	20.1	28.2	139.9	42.8	54.6

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Cost of sales" includes "Provision for sales returns-net".

#### 1-2 Balance Sheets Data

(billions of yen)

	20	07	Inc./
	31-Mar	30-Sep	(Dec.)
Total assets	573.7	572.6	(1.1)
Equity	467.5	470.3	2.7
Shareholders' Equity	467.2	469.7	2.4
Shareholders' Equity/Total assets (%)	81.4	82.0	0.6

#### 1-3 Capital Expenditures and Depreciation/Amortization

(billions of yen)

1-0 Capital Experiantales and Depreciation		Q.I		Onno	ns or yenr	
Years Ended/Ending March 31	Interim			Full		
Interim Apr: - Sep.	2007	2008	Inc./	2007	2008	
	•		(Dec.)		est.	
Capital expenditures	4.8	9.4	4.5	22.0	21.0	
Property, plant and equipment	3.0	3.9	8.0	11.7	13.0	
Intangible assets	1.8	5.5	3.7	10.3	8.0	
Depreciation/Amortization	8.5	8.5	0.0	17.9	18.0	

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Depreciation/Amortization" value includes amortization for "Intangible assets".

## 1-4 Statements of Cash Flows Data

Years Ended/Ending March 31	Interim			
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	inc./	2007
			(Dec.)	ļ
Net cash provided by operating activities	12.6	22.4	9.8	30.6
Net cash used in investing activities	(15.6)	(14.4)	1.2	(44.3)
Net cash used in financing activities	(25.0)	(18.4)	6.6	(40.3)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	72.5	36.2	(36.3)	46.5
Free cash flows	5.5	10.0	4.5	10.1

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Free cash flows" = "Net cash provided by operating activities" - "Capital expenditures (including acquisition)"

	(5////5/10 5/ 35/1/				
Years Ended/Ending March 31	2007				2008
interior Apr. Sep.	2007	2008	%	2007	est.
Net sales	170.1	194.9	114.6	351.6	388.0
Prescription pharmaceuticals	107.5	117.0	108.8	217.0	232.0
Pharmaceuticals exports	26.4	30.5	115.6	55.9	59.5
Consumer health care products	9.4	9.5	101.4	19.6	19.0
Other (Food additives/Chemicals, etc.)	0.6	0.7	108.5	1.2	1.5
Industrial property rights, etc. income	26.2	37.3	142.0	57.9	76.0

# 3. Exports by Geographical Area

Years Ended/Ending March 31		Interim		Full
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	YoY %	2007
Net Sales 1	70.1	194.9	114.6	351.6
Exports	52.5	67.6	128.8	113.5
North America	36.5	48.4	132.6	78.6
Europe	12.7	15.8	124.7	28.5
Asia and others	3.2	3.3	102.0	6.5
Ratio of exports to sales (%)	30.8	34.7	•	32.3

<sup>\*</sup> Major areas and countries included in each region:

<sup>1.</sup> North America: The U.S. and Canada

<sup>2.</sup> Europe: The United Kingdom, France, Germany, etc.

<sup>3.</sup> Asia and others: East Asia, South-East Asia, and Latin America, etc.

<sup>\*</sup> Export sales includes revenues from industrial property rights, etc.

Years Ended/Ending March 31	A A SHAPE SA	: Interim \$ 500	As any first of	Full School Co.		
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	YoY	2007	2008	
Description / Product	<b>在特殊的</b> 有4.3	<b>计数数据</b>	%		est.	
Alzheimer's type dementia treatment ARICEPT	23.9	30.0	125.7	49.7	60.0	
Proton pump inhibitor PARIET	14.6	18.3	124.8	30.7	37.0	
Peripheral neuropathy treatment  METHYCOBAL	15.9	16.2	102.0	31.4	31.5	
Gastritis/gastric ulcer treatment SELBEX	9.8	9.4	96.4	19.3	19.5	
Osteoporosis treatment ACTONEL	3.9	4.8	125.3	7.5	9.5	
Muscle relaxant  MYONAL	4.1	4.2	100.3	8.2	8.0	
Non-ionic contrast medium IOMERON	4.2	4.1	96.0	8.3	8.0	
Osteoporosis treatment GLAKAY	3.9	3.5	90.2	7.5	7.0	
Genetically engineered glucagon preparation  GLUCAGON G NOVO	2.1	2.0	96.5	4.1	4.0	
Long-acting isosorbide denigrate preparation NITOROL-R	2.0	1.8	88.3	3.9	3.0	
Antiallergic agent AZEPTIN	1.1	1.0	86.6	2.6	2.0	
Other	22.0	21.7	98.8	43.9	42.5	
Prescription pharmaceuticals total	107.5	117.0	108.8	217.0	232.0	

5. Exports by Products

(billions of yen)

				<b>,</b>	
Years Ended/Ending March 31	The second second	Interim .		Full	推动控制
Interim April - Sep	2007	2008	YoY	2007	2008
Product 1	TANGE OF THE STATE OF		<u> </u>		est.
ARICEPT	11.3	14.2	125.7	23.1	26.0
ACIPHEX/PARIET	13.2	12.9	98.0	28.4	27.5
Other	2.0	3.4	174.6	4.4	6.0
Exports total	26.4	30.5	115.6	55.9	59.5

6. Consumer Health Care Products

Years Ended/Ending March 31		nterim	National Series	F	ull septimes
1Q Apr - Jun Description / <i>Product</i>	2007	2008	YoY %	2007	2008 est.
Vitamin B2 preparation CHOCOLA BB Group	4.5	4.7	106.4	8.8	9.0
Active-type Vitamin B <sub>12</sub> NABOLIN Group	1.0	1.1	111.9	1.9	2.0
JUVELUX / Natural Vitamin E preparation Vitamin-E Group	0.9	0.8	90.8	1.8	1.5
Stomach ache and heartburn treatment SACLON Group	0.9	0.7	85.4	1.8	1.0
Other	2.1	2.1	97.3	5.3	5.5
Consumer health care products total	9.4	9.5	101.4	19.6	19.0

# 7. Gross Profit/Manufacturing Cost 7-1 Breakdown of Cost of Sales

(billions of yen)

Years Ended/Ending March 31	inte	rim	Full
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	2007
Net sales	170.1	194.9	351.6
Cost of sales	39.9	39.2	80.1
Beginning inventory ( + )	12.3	15.2	12.3
Manufacturing cost ( + )	21.7	19.0	42.0
Product purchase ( + )	12.6	13.1	25.5
Account transfer ( + )	7.0	7.0	15.6
Ending inventory ( - )	13.7	15.2	15.2
COGS ratio to net sales (%)	23.5	20.1	22.8
Provision for sales returns-net	(0.0)	(0.1)	0.1
Gross profit	130.2	155.8	271.6

7-2 Breakdown of Manufacturing Cost

	****			
(P	Millia	ጎጠሮ	Λt	ven'
16		JII 3	vı	VCII.

Years Ended/Ending March 31		'n	wia wie Full	
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	2007	
Total manufacturing cost	24.5	22.1	48.2	
Raw materials	9.6	7.7	18.1	
Labor cost	5.9	5.5	11.9	
Expenses	9.0	8.8	18.3	
Beginning inventory of semi-finished goods and work-in-process ( + )	9.5	9.4	9.5	
Ending inventory of semi-finished goods and work-in-process ( - )	9.3	9.4	9.4	
Account transfer ( + )	(3.0)	(3.0)	(6.3)	
Manufacturing cost	21.7	19.0	42.0	

# 8. SG&A Expenses

8-1 R&D Expenses

Years Ended/Ending March 31	Ended/Ending March 31 Interim		Full	Spill grant
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	2007	2008 est.
Net sales	170.1	194.9	351.6	388.0
R&D expenses	51.7	61.9	106.4	124.5
Overseas R&D expenses	26.1	35.0	53.6	-
[Ratio of overseas R&D expenses to R&D expenses] (%)	[50.4]	[56.5]	[50.4]	_
Ratio of R&D expenses to net sales (%)	30.4	31.8	30.3	32.1

8-2 SG&A Expenses

(billions of yen)

<u> </u>			(Dillio	no or yenn
Years Ended/Ending March 31 Interim Apr Sep.			Full 2008 2007 2008 est.	
		2008		
Net sales	170.1	194.9	351.6	388.0
SG&A expenses	48.1	52.2	100.2	107.0
Personnel expenses	16.1	15.8	32.6	-
Marketing expenses	19.9	22.7	42.3	-
Administrative expenses and others	12.1	13.7	25.3	-
Ratio of SG&A expenses to net sales (%)	28.3	26.8	28.5	27.6

8-3 SG&A Expenses (including R&D expenses)

Years Ended/Ending March 31	Interir	Interim		Full 4000	
Interim Apr Sep:	2007	2008	2007	2008 est.	
Net sales	170.1	194.9	351.6	388.0	
SG&A expenses (including R&D expenses)	99.9	114.1	206.5	231.5	
Ratio of SG&A expenses (including R&D expenses) to net sales (%)	58.7	58.5	58.7	59.7	

# 9. Balance Sheets Data

<Assets>

(billions of yen)

	2007	100	
	31-Mar	30-Sep	(Dec.)
Current assets	245.7	243.5	(2.1)
Fixed assets	328.0	329.1	1.0
Property, plant and equipment	80.4	78.7	(1.7)
Intangible assets	30.3	32.6	2.4
Investments and other assets	217.4	217.8	0.4
Total assets	573.7	572.6	(1.1)

<Liabilities and Equity>

(billions of yen)

Park State Control of the Control of	2007		Inc./	
	31-Mar	30-Sep	(Dec.)	
Current liabilities	76.9	76.8	(0.1)	
Long-term liabilities	29.3	25.6	(3.7)	
Total liabilities	106.2	102.3	(3.8)	
Owners' equity	447.9	457.7	9.8	
Net unrealized gain and translation adjustments	19.3	12.0	(7.3)	
Stock acquisition rights	0.3	0.6	0.3	
Total equity	467.5	470.3	2.7	
Total liabilities and equity	573.7	572.6	(1.1)	

#### 10. Personnel Information

	2005 31-Mar	2006 31-Mar	2007 31-Mar	2007 30-Sep
Total employees (permanent employees)	3,783	3,906	4,050	4,195
Production	841	817	819	824
R&D	997	1,032	1,101	1,146
Sales, marketing and administration	1,945	2,057	2,130	2,225
Total personnel cost (billions of yen)	65.3	64.0	60.9	29.1

<sup>\*</sup>From this fiscal year, the number of total employees consists of all employees of Eisai Co., Ltd. excluding secondees to other companies and Eisai's affiliated companies plus secondees from other companies.

11. Statements of Cash Flows		(Dillio)	ns of yen)
Years Ended/Ending March 31		Interim :	
Interim Apr. Sep.	2007	2008	
			ि (Dec.
Operating activities:			
Income before income taxes	30.9	43.1	12.2
Depreciation and amortization	8.5	8.5	0.0
Net decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivables/payable-trade and inventories	(5.2)	(8.4)	(3.2
Net increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other/accrued expenses etc.	0.8	(0.4)	(1.2
Other	(5.3)	(6.2)	(0.9
[Sub-total]	29.7	36.6	6.9
Interest paid/received	0.9	0.8	(0.1
Income taxes paid	(17.9)	(15.0)	3.0
Net cash provided by operating activities	12.6	22.4	9.8
Investing activities:			
Capital expenditures (including acquisition)	(7.1)	(12.4)	(5.3
Purchases/proceeds from sales of securities etc.	(7.3)	10.3	17.6
Investments in subsidiaries and associated companies	(0.0)	(12.1)	(12.0
Other	(1.2)	(0.2)	1.0
Net cash used in investing activities	(15.6)	(14.4)	1.2
Financing activities:			
Dividends paid	(14.3)	(18.5)	(4.2
Purchase of treasury stock	(11.1)	-	11.1
Other	0.3	0.1	(0.2
Net cash used in financing activities	(25.0)	(18.4)	6.6
Foreign currency translation adjustments on cash and cash equivalents	0.0	(0.0)	(0.0
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(28.0)	(10.3)	17.7
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	100.5	46.5	(54.0
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	72.5	36.2	(36.3

		(Dillions	or year)
Years Ended/Ending March 31		Interim	1
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	Inc./
			(Dec.)
Free Cash Flows	5.5	10.0	4.5

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Free cash flows" = "Net cash provided by operating activities" - "Capital expenditures (including acquisition)"

1. Statements of Income Data [Consolidated]

(billions of yen)

					(44	
Years Ended/Ending March 31	生活的人的	<u>.</u> 60 - 20	07	17. 14. 14.	- 20	08-
	First	Second	Third	Fourth	First	Second
	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
Net sales	153.9	165.4	181.4	173.3	176.0	186.8
Cost of sales	26.8	26.4	28.7	27.4	27.5	27.1
R&D expenses	24.4	27.9	26.6	29.4	30.5	33.3
SG&A expenses	78.7	85.6	91.9	95.1	91.8	95.5
Operating income	24.1	25.5	34.2	21.4	26.2	30.9
Non-operating income & expenses	1.0	1.1	1.9	1.2	2.2	0.3
Ordinary income	25.1	26.6	36.1	22.7	28.4	31.2
Special gain & loss	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.1)	0.4	2.2	(1.0)
Income before income taxes and minority interests	24.7	26.6	36.0	23.0	30.6	30.2
Net income	15.8	16.7	23.3	14.8	19.3	20.0
Earnings per share (yen)	55.4	58.4	82.0	52.0	68.1	70.4

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Cost of Sales" includes "Provision for sales returns-net".

# 2. Balance Sheets Data [Consolidated]

<assets></assets>	•	(billions of ven)

	Astronomic	2006			2007	
	- 30-Jun	, 30-Sep	31-Dec	31-Mar	30-Jun	30-Sep
Current assets	406.6	426.7	407.4	441.2	396.0	420.9
Fixed assets	318.2	324.9	349.3	350.9	389.7	396.8
Property, plant and equipment	127.3	128.6	130.4	133.8	135.3	137.5
Intangible assets	41.3	41.6	63.2	62.6	104.0	121.6
Investments and other assets	149.5	154.7	155.7	154.5	150.4	137.7
Total assets	724.8	751.6	756.6	792.1	785.7	817.6

<Liabilities and Equity> (billions of yen)

	e) year	2006			2007	- 10 01 your
1918年1月1日日本中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中	30-Jun	30-Sep	31-Dec	31-Mar	30-Jun	30-Sep
Current liabilities	157.7	177.1	170.1	191.8	180.6	191.8
Long-term liabilities	39.9	38.5	38.5	37.6	36.7	50.8
Total liabilities	197.6	215.7	208.5	229.4	217.2	242.5
Owners' equity	498.9	504.8	512.6	527.6	528.0	548.9
Net unrealized gain and translation adjustments	19.0	21.3	25.4	24.8	30.0	15.4
Stock acquisition rights	-	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6
Minority interests	9.4	9.6	9.7	9.9	10.2	10.3
Total equity	527.3	535.9	548.1	562.7	568.5	575.1
Total liabilities and equity	724.8	751.6	756.6	792.1	785.7	817.6

3. Capital Expenditures and Depreciation/Amortization [Consolidated]

(billions of yen)
-------------------

Years Ended/Ending March 31,	是是是一个一个一个	200	07	esser for	20	08
	First Quarter	:		Fourth Quarter	· .	Second Quarter
Capital expenditures	3.7	7.0	29.3	12.0	46.2	35.3
Property, plant and equipment	3.2	4.8	5.7	9.5	3.9	9.7
Intangible assets	0.6	2.2	23.6	2.5	42.3	25.6
Depreciation/Amortization	5.9	6.4	7.0	7.6	7.3	8.1

<sup>\*</sup> Capital expenditures include the increase of asset by acquisition of Morphotek, Inc. ( Property, plant and equipment: 0.6billions of yen, Intangible assets: 60.3 billions of yen)

# 4. Cash Flows Data [Consolidated]

<u></u>					(	,
Years Ended/Ending March 31	g	200	)7	er .	20	08
	First	Second	Third	Fourth		Second
	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
Net cash provided by operating activities	8.1	28.5	5.9	38.7	7.8	33.9
Net cash used in investing activities	(11.8)	(9.4)	(32.1)	(1.9)	(46.0)	(6.7)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(14.4)	(10.8)	(15.6)	0.1	(18.7)	(0.1)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	164.4	175.0	134.7	171.1	119.6	141.0
Free cash flows	0.7	21.7	(24.4)	30.7	(46.1)	24.8

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Payment for acquisition business" was categorized as an investing activity in the Annual Financial Report for FY2007. In this context, "Capital expenditures/payments for acquisition of business" (-1,200mil.) included in "Increase in inventries" as an Operating activity for 3Q quarterly report for FY2007 was reclassified as an Financing activity.

<sup>\* \*</sup>Depreciation/Amortization\* value includes amortization for \*Intangible assets\*.

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Free cash flows" = "Net cash provided by operating activities" - "Capital expenditures (including acquisition)"

5. ARICEPT Sales by Area (Independent and Co-promotion) [Consolidated]

Years Ended/E	Years Ended/Ending March 31 2007						
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	First Quarter	
Japan	¥ Billions	11.5	12.4	14.0	11.8	14.9	15.1
U.S.	¥ Billions [U.S. \$ Millions]	33.1 [289]	39.6 [341]	41.7 [355]	47.7 [401]	41.5 [343]	48.0 [407]
Europe	¥ Billions	7.7	9.0	9.1	8.7	9.2	8.1
UK	¥ Billions (UK £ Millions)	0.4 [2]	0.3 [1]	0.3 [1]	0.3 [1]	0.3 [1]	0.3 [1]
France	¥ Billions [Euro Millions]	5.5 [38]	6.9 [47]	6.8 [45]	6.6 [42]	7.0 [43]	5.9 [36]
Germany	¥ Billions [Euro Millions]	1.8 [13]	1.8 [12]	2.0 [13]	1.8 [12]	1.9 [12]	1.9 [12]
Asia	¥ Billions	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.8	2.2
Total	¥ Billions	53.7	62.5	66.5	70.2	67.3	73.5

6. ACIPHEX/PARIET Sales by Area (Independent and Co-promotion) [Consolidated]

Years Ended/E	Ending March 31		200	)7		20	08 :
	First Second Third Fourth						Second
		Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
Japan	¥ Billions	7.1	7.5	9.0	7.0	8.9	9.3
U.S.	¥ Billions	29.3	31.2	34.3	32.1	31.8	34.6
	[U.S. \$ Millions]	[256]	[268]	[292]	[269]	[263]	[293]
Europe	¥ Billions	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.5	2.1
UK	¥ Billions -	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.7
	[UK £ Millions]	[5]	[5]	[4]	[2]	[3]	[3]
Germany	¥ Billions	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.3
	[Euro Millions]	[2]	[4]	[4]	[6]	[3]	[2]
Italy	¥ Billions	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.2	1.1
·	[Euro Millions]	[12]	[10]	[10]	[11]	[7]	[7]
Asia	¥ Billions	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.3
Total	¥ Billions	40.5	43.0	47.5	43.4	44.9	47.3

7. ZONEGRAN Sales by Area (Eisai Territory Sales) [Consolidated]

Years Ended/Ending	March 31	Mark Taken	200	)7 🛬 🛂		200	08
		-1	APP	Third Quarter	Fourth ' Quarter	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Second Quarter
U.S.	¥ Billions [U.S. \$ Millions]	1.0 [9]	0.6 [5]	0.9 [8]	0.6 [5]	0.7 [6]	0.7 [6]
Europe, Asia	¥ Billions	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8
Total	¥ Billions	1.3	1.0	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.6

8. Eisai Inc. ( U.S. )

Years Ended/Ending March	( <b>31</b> ) (1 ) (4) (4)(4)		2007			2008	
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter		Second Quarter
Net sales	¥ Billions	65.9	73.9	81.5	84.4	77.8	88.3
	[U.S. \$ Millions]	[576]	[636]	[693]	[707]	[644]	[748]
Operating income	¥ Billions	5.5	6.9	7.6	7.1	3.6	7.1
	[U.S. \$ Millions]	[48]	[59]	[64]	[60]	[29]	[60]
Net income	¥ Billions	3.9	4.7	5.9	4.8	2.6	4.9
	[U.S. \$ Millions]	[34]	[41]	[50]	[40]	[22]	[41]
Operating income before	¥ Billions	15.2	18.1	19.5	20.2	18.0	23.5
royalty deduction	[U.S. \$ Millions]	[132]	[156]	[166]	[169]	[149]	[199]

9. Statements of Income Data [Non-Consolidated]

(billions of yen)

Years Ended/Ending March 31	สิริส์( ร.ประว	200	<b>7</b> (2.1.5 ± 1.4		200	08
	ুলে First		Third	Fourth	First	Second
是一个是一个人,就是一个人,就是一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的一个人的	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
Net sales	82.9	87.2	94.9	86.6	98.1	96.8
Cost of sales	19.9	20.0	21.3	18.9	21.0	18.1
R&D expenses	24.4	27.3	25.8	28.8	30.2	31.7
SG&A expenses	23.3	24.8	25.9	26.1	26.1	26.1
Operating income	15.3	15.1	21.9	12.8	20.8	20.9
Ordinary income	15.6	15.1	22.3	12.6	21.9	20.1
Net income	10.1	10.1	14.3	8.3	15.7	12.5

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Cost of Sales" includes "Provision for sales returns-net".

10. Prescription Pharmaceuticals [Non-Consolidated]

- 1				
- 1	hill	lions	<b>^</b> 1	MODI
٠,	VIII	10113	v	ACIT

Years Ended/Ending March 31 2007					2008		
	First	Second	Third	Fourth		Second	
	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	
Alzheimer's type dementia treatment	11.5	12.4	14.0	11.8	14.9	15.1	
ARICEPT	,,,,	,,		, , , ,			
Proton pump inhibitor	7.1	7.5	9.0	7.0	8.9	9.3	
PARIET	7.1	7.5	3.0	7.0	0.5	3.0	
Peripheral neuropathy treatment	7.9	8.0	8.7	6.9	8.2	8.0	
METHYCOBAL	7.5	0.0	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.0	
Gastritis/gastric ulcer treatment	4.9	4.9	5.5	4.0	5.0	4.5	
SELBEX	4.5	4.5	ე.ე	4.0	5.0	4.3	
Osteoporosis treatment	1.9	0.0	0.4	1.6	2.9		
ACTONEL	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.6	2.9	2.0	
Muscle relaxant	0.4	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.4		
MYONAL	2.1	2.0	2.3	1.8	2.1	2.0	
Non-ionic contrast medium	0.4				0.4		
IOMERON	2.1	2.1	2.4	1.7	2.1	2.0	
Osteoporosis treatment	4.4						
GLAKAY	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.5	1.8	1.7	
Genetically engineered glucagon preparation							
GLUCAGON G NOVO	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.0	
Long-acting isosorbide denigrate preparation							
NITOROL-R	1.0	1.0	1.1	8.0	0.9	0.8	
Antiallergic agent							
AZEPTIN	0.6	0.5	0.7	8.0	0.6	0.4	
ALLI IIIV							
Other	11.2	10.7	12.3	9.6	10.8	10.9	
Donomination of the control of the latest	F0.4	544	- 04.0	40.0	50.0		
Prescription pharmaceuticals total	53.4	54.1	61.2	48.2	59.3	57.7	

ears Ended/Ending March 31					2008	
	First	Second	Third	Fourth	First	Second
Product	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
ARICEPT	5.4	5.9	4.7	7.1	7.6	6.5
ACIPHEX/PARIET	6.5	6.7	7.0	8.2	6.6	6.3
Other	0.6	1.4	1.1	1.4	2.3	1.1
Exports total	12.4	14.0	12.8	16.7	16.5	14.0

12. Consumer Health Care Products [Non-Consolidated]

(billions of yen)
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Years Ended/Ending March 31	Ended/Ending March 31 (1997) September 1997 (1997) Ended/Ending March 31 (1997) Ended/Ending Ending Ended/Ending Ending Ended/Ending Ending Ended/Ending Ende				20	08 ⊸ ∤
情感,这是"我是是一个人"。 1973年 (1986年) 1986年	First:	Second	Third	Fourth	First	Second
Description / Product	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
Vitamin B2 preparation	2.1	2.3	2.5	1.8	2.3	2.4
CHOCOLA BB Group	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	2.4
Active-type Vitamin B <sub>12</sub>	0,4	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.6
NABOLIN Group	0.4	0.0	Ų.J	0.7	0.5	0.0
JUVELUX/Natural Vitamin E preparation	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5
Vitamin-E Group	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0. 7	0.0
Stomach ache and heartburn treatment	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4
SACLON Group		<u>-</u>				•
Other	1.0	1.2	1.6	1.6	0.9	1.2
Consumer health care total	4.3	5.0	5.7	4.6	4.4	5.1

#### IX. Major R&D Pipeline Candidates

#### **Updates since April 2007**

#### **Approved**

- 1. ARICEPT received approval in Japan for severe Alzheimer's disease and for a new formulation.
- 2. PARIET received approval in Japan for secondary eradicaton of Helicobactor pylori (H. pylori).
  - 3. TAMBOCOR received approval in Japan for paroxysmal atrial fibrillation/flutter.

#### Filed for approval

- \* 1. D2E7 filed in Japan for psoriasis.
  - 2. GASMOTIN filed in Thailand and in Malaysia for functional dyspepsia.

#### Progress in clinical studies

- 1. E5564 entered a Phase III study for severe sepsis in Japan.
- 2. ARICEPT entered a Phase III study for sustained release formulation in the U.S. and Europe.
- 3. Zonegran entered a Phase III study for epilepsy monotherapy in Europe.
- 4. E2007 entered a Phase II study for neuropathic pain in the U.S. and Europe.
- 5. E6201 entered a Phase II study for psoriasis in the U.S...
- 6. E7389 entered a Phase II study for breast cancer in Japan.
- 7. E5555 entered Phase II studies for acute coronary syndrome and atherothrombotic disease in Japan.
- \* 8. ARICEPT entered a Phase II study for dementia with Lewy bodies in Japan.

#### In-licensed compounds

- 1. GLUFAST is being prepared for submission for type II diabetes indication in ten ASEAN countries.
- 2. MORAb-003 is being investigated in Phase II for ovarian cancer in the U.S..

#### Change in filing schedule

1. The expected filing of **E2007** in the U.S. and Europe was changed from FY2007 to FY2008.

#### Termination of studies

\* 1. ARICEPT discontinued filing strategy for dementia associted with Parkinson's disease in Europe.

\*information added since July 2007

# 1. International Development

#### 1-1 Filed for Approval

(Product) Name: (Research Code)	Region	Date	Description	Form.	Origin
ARICEPT (E2020) (Additional indication)	U.S.	Sep-02	Vascular Dementia Currently approved for the treatment of dementia due to Alzheimer's disease. An additional indication for the treatment of vascular dementia is being sought in the U.S	Tab.	In-house
	(EU)	In preparation	The application in the EU for vascular dementia was withdrawn in April 2004. Supportive data showing efficacy of the compound is now being collected for resubmission of the application.		
ARICEPT (E2020) (Additional formulation)	EU	May-04	Liquid Formulation Originally approved as a tablet formulation. Filed for a liquid formulation for prescription to people who have difficulty swallowing tablets.	Liquid	In-house
E2080	U.S.	Nov-05	Anti-Epilepsy (rufinamide) An NDA for adjunctive therapy of Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) and adult partial seizures has been filed in the U.S The compound has also received an orphan status for the treatment of LGS.	Tab.	Novartis
GASMOTIN	Asia	May-07	Gastroprokinetic Agent (mosapride citrate) This compound is a selective serotonin 5-HT4 receptor agonist which has gastroprokinetic and gastric evacuant effects by enhancing acetylcholine release. Filed for functional dyspepsia in Thailand and Malaysia. Submission is being prepared in eight ASEAN member countries.	Tab.	Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma

#### 1-2 Submission in Preparation

(Product) Name (Research Code)		Expected , Application ,	Description	Form	Origin
GLUFAST			Rapid-acting Insulin Secretagogue Agent (mitiglinide calcium hydrate)	Tab.	Kissei
	Asia	2007	This compound is an agonist for sulfonylurea receptor in pancreatic beta cell which shows hypoglycemic effect by accelerating insulin release. Submission is being prepared in ten ASEAN countries.		

(Product) Name (Research Code)	Region	Phase	Description	Form.	Origin	Expected Application
E2007	U.S. EU	III	Parkinson's Disease/AMPA Receptor Antagonist (perampanel) The compound selectively antagonizes the AMPA-type glutamate receptor. Development in progress for Parkinson's disease. Now being tested in Phase III in the U.S. and EU.	Tab.	In-house	FY2008
E5564		•	Severe Sepsis/Endotoxin Antagonist (eritoran)	Inj.	In-house	FY2009
	U.S.	III	Synthetic endotoxin antagonist which is being investigated for severe sepsis caused by endotoxin from various types of gram-negative bacteria. The safety profile and			
	ΕU	Ш	efficacy was confirmed through the previous study. Currently, a Phase III study in an international joint development project is ongoing.			
E7389	٠		Anti-cancer (breast cancer)/Microtubule Growth Suppressor (eribulin)	inj.	In-house	FY2007
	U.S.	II	Synthetic analog of Halichondrin B derived from marine sponges. Acts against tumor growth by inhibiting cell division through blocking microtubule growth. Currently	•		Subpart H Application
	U.S.	III	being investigated for breast cancer in a study to file for accelerated approval under a Subpart H <sup>0</sup> in the U.S. as well as in the Phase III after achieving the POC <sup>10</sup> for the			
	EU	III	disease. In addition, a Phase III study for breast cancer is ongoing in Europe.			
AS-3201	= =		Diabetic complications/Aldose Reductase Inhibitor (ranirestat)	Tab.	Dainippon	Filing
	U.S.	III	This compound is being explored as a potential treatment of diabetic complications, utilizing its strong property to inhibit aldose reductase. Now being tested in Phase III for treatment of diabetic neuropathy in the U.S		Sumitomo Pharma	schedule under review
ARICEPT		•	Sustained Release Formulation	SR Tab.	In-house	FY2009
(E2020) (Additional formulation,	U.S.	III	Originally approved as a tablet formulation. A Phase III study has been initiated for a			
dosage/administration)	EU	III	sustained release formulation.			
Zonegran			Anti-Epilepsy Monotherapy	Сар.	Dainippon	FY2010
(Additional indication)	EU	Ш	Currently indicated for the adjunctive therapy in the treatment of adult patients with partial seizures. Now being tested in Phase III for monotherapy in EU.		Sumitomo Pharma	
clevudine			Anti-hepatitis B Agent (clevudine)	Сар.	Bukwang	·
	Asia	being prepared for Phase III	Clevudine is an antiviral agent which shows efficacy in treatment of chronic hepatitis caused by the hepatitis B virus through DNA polymerase inhibition. A Phase III study in China is in preparation. Filing is scheduled in FY2007 in Asian countries that do not require a new clinical study for submission.			
ARICEPT		-	Migraine Prophylaxis	Tab.	In-house	
(E2020) (Additional indication)	U.S. EU	II	Currently indicated for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease. Now being tested in Phase II for a new indication for migraine prophylaxis.			
E2007			Epilepsy, Neuropathic Pain, Multiple Sclerosis and Migraine Prophylaxis/AMPA Receptor Antagonist	Tab.	In-house	
	U.S. EU	II II	The compound selectively antagonizes the AMPA-type glutamate receptor. Now being investigated for the treatment of epilepsy, neuropathic pain, multiple sclerosis and migraine prophylaxis. A Phase II study for neuropathic pain has been initiated in the U.S. and Europe.			

#### NOTES:

The filing strategy of ARICEPT for dementia associated with Parkinson's disease in Europe was discontinued.

i. Approval under Subpart H: an FDA regulation under which FDA will accelerate the review of certain new drugs for serious or life-threatening illnesses that meet the criteria designated by FDA. ii. POC (Proof of Concept): Proof of drug concept in clinical study

(Research Code)	Region	Phase	Description	Form.	Origin	Application
E7389			Anti-cancer (non-small cell lung cancer, prostate cancer, sarcoma) /Microtubule Growth Suppressor	Inj.	In-house	
	U.S. EU	II	Synthetic analog of Halichondrin B derived from marine sponges. Acts against tumor growth by inhibiting cell division through blocking microtubule growth. POC achieved for breast cancer and non-small cell lung cancer. For breast cancer, a Phase III and in a study to file for accelerated approval under Subpart H. In addition, Phase II studies for prostate cancer and sarcoma are ongoing.			
E5555	U.S. EU	II	Acute Coronary Syndrome (ACS), Atherothrombotic Disease /Thrombin Receptor Antagonist The compound inhibits platelet aggregation and smooth-muscle proliferation based on thrombin receptor antagonism. A Phase II study has been resumed.	Tab.	In-house	FY2012
MORAb-003	U.S.	II	Anti-cancer (ovarian cancer)/Monoclonal antibody The compound is humanized IgG1 MAb to folate receptor alpha. Now being tested in Phase II for treatment of ovarian cancer in the U.S	lnj.	Morphotek	
E6201	U.S.	II	Psoriasis/Multikinase Inhibitor The compound is a multikinase inhibitor. A Phase II study for psoriasis was initiated in the U.S	external	In-house	

#### 2. Development in Japan

2-1 Approved

(Product) Name (Research Code)	Approved Date	Description	Form.	Origin
TAMBOCOR (E0735) (Additional indication, dosage/administration)	Jun-07	Paroxysmal Atrial Fibrillation/Flutter The compound is currently approved for the treatment of ventricular tachyarrhythmia. Received approval for an additional indication in the treatment of paroxysmal atrial fibrillation/flutter.	Tab.	iNova Pharma- ceuticals
ARICEPT (E2020) (Additional indication, dosage/administration, formulation)	Aug-07	Severe Alzheimer's Disease, New Formulation The compound was previously approved for the treatment of mild-to-moderate dementia Alzheimer's disease. A new indication for severe Alzheimer's disease as well as 10mg tablet formulation were approved.	Tab.	In-house
PARIET (E3810) (Additional dosage/administration)	Aug-07	Secondary Eradication of <i>H. pylori</i> in Combination with Antibiotics Received approval for a new indication of secondary eradication of <i>H. pylori</i> (an eradication therapy in combination with alternative antibiotics for patients who do not respond to primary therapy).	Tab.	In-house

#### 2-2 Filed for Approval

(Product) Name (Research Code)	Date	Description	Form.	Origin
T-614	Sep-03	Rheumatoid Arthritis (iguratimod) Suppresses lymphocyte proliferation, immunoglobulin and inflammatory cytokines production. Now being investigated for chronic rheumatoid arthritis.	Tab.	Toyama Chemical
D2E7	Dec-05 (Rhumatoid Arthritis/Human Anti TNF-alpha Monoclonal Antibody (adalimumab)  Blocks the activity of Tumor Necrosis Factor-alpha (TNF-alpha) which plays a central role in inflammation in autoimmune diseases. An application was submitted for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis followed by the indication of psoriasis.		lnj.	Abbott
PARIET (E3810) (Additional indication)	Mar-06	Non-Erosive Gastro-Esophageal Reflux Disease(GERD)  Currently approved for treatment of peptic ulcers, erosive GERD, and Zollinger-Ellison syndrome in Japan. Submitted for treatment of non-erosive GERD.	Tab.	In-house
E2014	Cervical Dystonia/Botulinum Toxin Type B  Botulinum toxin acts on cholinergic nerve ending synapses and inhibits the release of acetylcholine to relax muscles. Filed an application for the treatment of cervical dystonia.		Inj.	Solstice Neuro- sciences
VASOLAN (E0103) (Additional Indication)	Jan-07	Atrial Fibrillation, Paroxysmal Supraventricular Tachycardia (PSVT)  Currently approved for Ischemic heart disease treatment. An application was submitted for a new indication for atrial fibrillation and paroxysmal supraventricular tachycardia.	Tab.	Abbott
IOMERON (E7337) (Additional dosage /administration)	Mar-07	Nonionic X-ray Contrast Medium  Currently approved for CT (computerized tomography) angiography. An application for additional dosage and administration has been filed.	lnj.	Bracco

(Research Code)	Phase	Description	Form.	Origin	Application
KES524	Ш	Obesity Management/Central Acting Serotonin & Noradrenalin Reuptake Inhibitor (sibutramine) Inhibits the reuptake of the cerebral neurotransmitters noradrenalin and serotonin. By enhancing the feeling of satiety and increasing energy consumption, it is expected to result in loss of body weight.	Сар.	Abbott	FY2007
E5564	Ш	Severe Sepsis/Endotoxin Antagonist (eritoran) Synthetic endotoxin antagonist which is being investigated for severe sepsis caused by endotoxin from various types of gram-negative bacteria. The safety profile and efficacy was confirmed through the previous study. A Phase III study was initiated in Japan as part of the international joint study.	Inj.	In-house	FY2009
E0302	ПЛП	Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) (mecobalamine) Mecobalamine is widely used for treatment of peripheral neuropathy. A Phase II/III study for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) is ongoing.	Inj.	In-house	• • •
D2E7	ШЛП	Psoriasis, Crohn's Disease/Human Anti TNF-alpha Monoclonal Antibody (adalimumab)  The compound is being filed for rheumatoid arthritis and psoriasis. A Phase II/III study for Crohn's disease is ongoing.	lnj.	Abbott	FY2009
E7389	II	Anti-cancer (breast cancer)/Microtubule Growth Suppressor (eribulin) Synthetic analog of Halichondrin B derived from marine sponges. Acts against tumor growth by inhibiting cell division through blocking microtubule growth. A Phase II study has been initiated in Japan.	Inj.	In-house	
E5555	II	Acute Coronary Syndrome (ACS), Atherothrombotic Disease /Thrombin Receptor Antagonist The compound inhibits platelet aggregation and smooth-muscle proliferation based on thrombin receptor antagonism. Phase II studies have been initiated in Japan.	Tab.	In-house	FY2012
ARICEPT (E2020) (Additional indication)	П	Dementia with Lewy Bodies  Currently indicated for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease. A Phase II for Lewy bodies has been initiated in Japan.	Tab.	In-house	
E7210 (Suspended)	II	Ultrasonic Contrast Medium  Development in progress for potential Ultrasonic Contrast Medium by employing micro bubbles that reflect ultrasounds. (The Phase II study is currently suspended.)	Inj.	Bracco	

Date	Description <>=Date Announced					
Oct. 2007	Sanko Junyaku became Eisai's wholly-owned subsidiary					
Sep. 2007	Annouced establishment of new pharmaceutical marketing subsidiary in Belgium <september 28=""></september>					
	Agreement signed with Kissei Pharmaceutical for development and commercialization of Glufast (rapid-acting insulin secretagogue) for China <september 28=""></september>					
	Joint application with Abbott Japan for adalimumab (fully human monoclonal anti-TNFa anti-body) to treat psoriasis <september 25=""></september>					
	Announced co-promotion of Sanko Junyaku's "PyloriTek Test Kit" (H. Pylori infection diagnostic kit which was made available by Sanko Junyaku on September 11) <july 27=""></july>					
	Entered into exclusive agreement with Salix Pharmaceuticals, Ltd. to co-promote "COLAZAL" for Ulcerative Colitis in U.S. <september 5=""></september>					
Aug. 2007	PARIET received approval for additional dosage and administration for secondary eradication of H.pylori in Japan <august 24=""></august>					
	Annouced co-promotion of Sanko Junyaku's "Picolumi® ucOC", a new diagnostic agent used in determining the availability of Vitamin K2 medication therapy for the patients with osteoporosis and its effectiveness assessment <august 23=""></august>					
	ARICEPT received approval for additional efficacy and dosage and new formulation for treatment of severe Alzheimer's disease in Japan <august 23=""></august>					
	UK High Court ordered NICE to amend a guidance for Alzheimer's disease <august 11=""></august>					
	UK High Court ruled NICE guidance for Alzheimer's disease discriminatory <august 10=""></august>					
Jul. 2007	Announced continuation of policy for protection of the company's corporate value and common interests of shareholders <july 31=""></july>					
	In-licensing agreement signed with Sepracor for the insomnia treatment "eszopiclone" for Japan <july 27=""></july>					
	Launched the individually-wrapped tablets of Selbelle (stomach medication which promotes the secretion of gastric mucus and protects gastric mucosa) <july 17=""></july>					
	Launched "Nitorol injection 5mg syringe" and "Nitorol continuous intravenous infusion 25mg syringe" (the first nitric acid syringe formulations approved in Japan) <july 11=""></july>					
	Details announced for stock option (new share subscription right) <july 9=""></july>					

<sup>\*</sup> Events above are listed in the order of execution dates and may not be consistent with the announcement dates.

Date	Description <>=Date Announced					
Jun. 2007	Tambocor (antiarrthymic treatment) received approval in Japan for paroxysmal atrial fibrillation/flutter <june 26=""></june>					
	Announced allotment of stock option (new share subscription right) <june 22=""></june>					
	Launched Inovelon (anti-epileptic agent) in Germany <june 18=""></june>					
	Launched Actonel 17.5 mg tablets (a once-weekly antiosteoporotic agent) in Japan <june 15=""></june>					
	Agreement signed with Kissei Pharmaceutical for development and commercialization of <i>Glufast</i> (rapid-acting insulin secretagogue) for the 10 ASEAN countries <june 12=""></june>					
May 2007	Announced basic principle and policies concerning reduction of minimum trading lots for shares <may 15=""></may>					
·	Announced outline of new stock option (new share subscription right) <may 15=""></may>					
	Agreement signed with Solstice Neurosciences for commercialization of <i>NeuroBloc</i> (botulinum toxin type B agent) for Europe <may 15=""></may>					
	Submitted application for Gasmotine (gastroprokinetic agent) in Thailand for the treatment of functional dyspepsia <may 15=""></may>					
	Obtained favorble ruling in ACIPHEX patent infringement lawsuit in the U.S. <may 12=""></may>					
	Fragmin (injectable anti-clotting agent) received an FDA approval for extended treatment to reduce the recurrence of blood clots in patients with cancer <may 7=""></may>					
	Introduced Chocola BB Light 2 Vitamin B2 Drink <may 7=""></may>					
Apr. 2007	Announced complete subsidiarization of Sanko Junyaku <april 26=""></april>					
-	Actonel 17.5 mg tablets (a once-weekly treatment of osteoporosis) received approval in Japan <april 18=""></april>					
	Completed the acquisition of a U.S. based biopharmaceutical company Morphotek Inc. <april 17=""></april>					
	Announced temporary withdrawal of the application for ARICEPT in Europe for the treatment of severe Alzheimer's disease <april 13=""></april>					

<sup>\*</sup> Events above are listed in the order of execution dates and may not be consistent with the announcement dates.

#### <u>Sanko Junyaku Co., Etd. Financiai Result (Summary)</u>

Sanko Junyaku became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Eisai Co., Ltd. on October 1st, 2007. Summary of the Financial Result of Sanko Junyaku for the first half of FY2008(April 1- September 30,2007) is as follows;

#### 1. Statements of Income Data

(millions of yen)

Years Ended/Ending March 31	Interim				
Interim Apr Sep.	2007		YoY	2007	
			%		
Net sales	2,552	2,494	97.7	5,137	
Cost of sales	1,071	1,046	97.7	2,165	
SG&A expenses	1,454	1,416	97.4	2,928	
[R&D expenses]	[357]	[359]	[100.4]	[753]	
Operating income	28	32	114.6	44	
Ordinary income	46	67	147.6	87	
Net income	12	30	259.1	16	

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Cost of sales" includes "Provision for sales returns-net".

#### 2. Balance Sheets Data

(millions of yen)

	2007		Inc./	
	31-Mar	30-Sep	(Dec.)	
Total assets	13,513	13,539	26	
Equity	11,591	11,567	(25)	

#### 3. Statements of Cash Flows Data

(millions of ven)

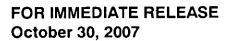
E				<del> </del>
Years Ended/Ending March 31	Interim			Full
Interim Apr Sep.	2007	2008	inc./	2007
			(Dec.)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	48	357	309	360
Net cash used in investing activities	(820)	(47)	774	(777)
Net cash used in financing activities	(11)	(96)	(84)	(22)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	3,342	3,900	558	3,685

<sup>&</sup>lt;Reference> The process of subsidiarization of Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd.

April 26, 2007	Eisai Co., Ltd. and Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. agreed on share exchange agreement (announced)
June 21, 2007	Share exchange was approved at the ordinary meeting of shareholders of Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd.
June 22, 2007	Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. was allowed to the adjustment post of JASDAQ.
September 25,2007	Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. was delisted from JASDAQ.
October 1, 2007	Share exchange
November 20, 2007	Delivery of certificate (Scheduled date)

#### EISAI CO., LTD. AND

## CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES SEMIANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT RELEASE



Eisai Co., Ltd. hereby announces semiannual consolidated financial results for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2008.

· Date of the Board of Directors' Meeting:

October 30, 2007

The financial statements are not prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

• Eisai Co., Ltd. is listed on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Osaka Securities Exchange.

Securities Code Number:

4523

Representative of corporation:

Haruo Naito

Director, President and CEO

Inquiries should be directed to:

Akira Fujiyoshi

Vice President,

Corporate Communications, Investors Relations

4-6-10 Koishikawa, Bunkyo-ku

Tokyo 112-8088, Japan Phone: +81-3-3817-5120

URL http://www.eisai.co.jp/index-e.html

Expected date of Semiannual Security Report (Hanpo) submission: November 27, 2007 Expected date of initial payment of dividend:

November 20, 2007

Note: For additional specific information, please refer to the official Japanese-language version of this release. This non-official English translation is provided as a courtesy only.

## (APRIL 1, 2007 - SEPTEMBER 30, 2007)

#### 1) RESULTS OF SEMIANNUAL OPERATIONS

Period	Net Sales	Percent Change	Operating Income	Percent Change	Ordinary Income	Percent Change
April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007	¥362,817 mil.	13.6%	¥57,061 mìl.	14.9%	¥59,560 mil.	15.1%
April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	¥319,389 mil.	13.0%	¥49,643 mil.	9.7%	¥51,745 mil.	9.9%
April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007	¥674,111 mil.		¥105,263 mil.		¥110,462 mi	l.

Period	Net Income	Percent Change	Basic Earnings per Share	Diluted Earnings per Share
April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007	¥39,351 mil.	21.0%	¥138.49	¥138.34
April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	¥32,509 mil.	7.8%	¥113.82	¥113.65
April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007	¥70,614 mil.		¥247.85	¥247.47

Reference: Equity in earnings of associated companies accounted for by the equity method: \*Interim FY2007: (\*16 million), Interim FY2006: ( \*8 million), Annual FY 2006: \*15 million

#### 2) FINANCIAL POSITION

Period	Total Assets	Equity	Shareholders' Equity	Book-value per share
April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007	¥817,641 mil.	¥575,107 mil.	69.0%	¥1,985.73
April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	¥751,597 mil.	¥535,921 mil.	70.0%	¥1,852.35
April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007	¥792,114 mil.	¥562,698 mil.	69.7%	¥1,944.41

Reference: Shareholders' Equity = (Equity - Minority interests - Stock acquisition rights) / Total assets \*Interim FY2007: ¥564,271 million, Interim FY2006: ¥526,064 million, Annual FY 2006: ¥552,464 million

#### 3) CASH FLOW

Period	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	Cash and Cash Equivalents
April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007	¥41,730 mil.	(¥52,625 mil.)	(¥18,776 mil.)	¥140,950 mil.
April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	¥36,615 mil.	(¥21,205 mil.)	(¥25,116 mil.)	¥174,979 mil.
April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007	¥81,188 mil.	(¥55,212 mil.)	(¥40,620 mil.)	¥171,090 mil.

#### 2. DIVIDEND CONDITION

		Dividend per share	
Year End	Semi-annual end	Year-end	Annual total
March 31, 2007	¥55.00	¥65.00	¥120.00
March 31, 2008	¥65.00		
March 31, 2008 (Forecast)		¥65.00	¥130.00

## 3. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL FORECAST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 2008

Period	Net Sales	Operating Income	Ordinary Income	Net Income	Basic Earnings per Share
Annual	¥739,000 mil. 9.6%	¥117,000 mil. 11.1%	¥121,000 mil. 9.5%	¥78,500 mil. 11.2%	¥275.52

Notes: Percentage increase (decrease) compares corresponding period of the previous year.

#### 4. OTHER

- 1) There is no change in important subsidiaries (change in specific subsidiaries involving changes in the scope of consolidation) during the period under review.
- Changes of rule, procedure and representation method in connection with the preparation of the consolidated financial statements (indicated in accounting method changes)
  - (1) Changes in connection with the amendment of accounting standard: None
  - (2) Changes except (1): None
- 3) Number of the outstanding shares (common stock)
  - (a) Number of the shares outstanding at the end of period (including treasury stock)
    - \*Interim FY2007: 296,566,949 shares, Interim FY2006: 296,566,949 shares,

Annual FY2006: 296,566,949 shares

(b) Number of the treasury stock at the end of period

\*Interim FY2007: 12,404,381 shares, Interim FY2006: 12,568,659 shares

Annual FY2006: 12,437,412 shares

(Please see "Per share Information" on page 60 for the base number of shares for calculation of diluted earnings per share (consolidated))

#### (REFERENCE)

## 1. NON-CONSOLIDATED SEMIANNUAL FINANCIAL RESULTS (APRIL 1 – SEPTEMBER 30, 2007)

(1) RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Period	Net Sales	Percent Change	Operating Income	Percent Change	Ordinary Income	Percent Change
April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007	¥194,878 mil.	14.6%	¥41,740 mil.	37.5%	¥41,947 mil.	36.4%
April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	¥170,113 mil.	5.7%	¥30,351 mil.	(7.4%)	¥30,742 mil.	(8.8%)
April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007	¥351,647 mil.		¥65,026 mil.		¥65,674 mil.	

Period	Net Income	Percent Change	Basic Earnings per Share	Diluted Earnings per Share
April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007	¥28,178 mil.	39.9%	¥99.17	¥99.06
April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	¥20,137 mil.	(6.9%)	¥70.50	¥70.40
April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007	¥42,803 mil.		¥150.23	¥150.01

Note: Percentages shown in "Percentage Change" are the increase (decrease) from the previous period.

(2) FINANCIAL POSITION

(2)     147  10  75   00	111011			
Period	Total Assets	Equity	Shareholders' Equity	Book-value per share
April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007	¥572,589 mil.	¥470,253 mil.	82.0%	¥1,652.92
April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	¥558,992 mil.	¥458,433 mil.	82.0%	¥1,613.17
April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007	¥573,702 mil.	¥467,541 mil.	81.4%	¥1,644.49

Reference: Shareholders' Equity = (Equity - Minority interests - Stock acquisition rights) / Total assets
\*Interim FY2007: 469,697 million yen, Interim FY2006: 458,138 million yen, Annual FY2006: 467,246 million yen

## 2. NON-CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL FORECAST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 2008

F	Period	Net Sales	Operating Income	Ordinary Income	Net Income	Basic Earnings per Share
Δ	nnual	¥388,000 mil. 10.3%	¥82,500 mil. 26.9%	¥83,000 mil. 26.4%	¥54,600 mil. 27.6%	¥191.63

Notes:

Percentage increase (decrease) compares corresponding period of the previous year.

Figures for financial forecast have been changed.

Assumptions for the financial forecast above are noted on pages 10, 11 and 15.

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#### 1. Operating Results

#### 1) Overview of operating results

(1) Operating results for the period under review

[Sales and income]

 The Company achieved the following consolidated semiannual results for the period under review:

Net sales: ¥362,817 million (13.6% increase year-on-year)

Operating income: ¥57,061 million (14.9% increase year-on-year)

Ordinary income: ¥59,560 million (15.1% increase year-on-year)

Net income: \quad \text{\tint{\text{\ticl{\tin}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\tex{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texitilex{\tiint{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texit{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\

• Net sales gained ground in Japan, North America, and Asia as sales of Aricept, an Alzheimer's disease treatment, expanded to ¥140,864 million, up 21.2% year-on-year and those of Pariet (US brand name: Aciphex), a proton pump inhibitor, steadily increased to ¥92,207 million, up 10.5% year-on-year.

 Operating income, ordinary income and net income secured an upward trend mainly due to decreased cost of sales and proactive investment in R&D activities.

#### [Conditions by segment]

(Net sales for each segment are those to external customers.)

a. Performance by operating segment

<Pharmaceuticals segment>

- In the Pharmaceuticals segment, sales of Aricept and Aciphex/Pariet increased in all regions.
- Consequently, pharmaceutical sales came to ¥351,449 million, up 13.8% year-on-year while operating income amounted to ¥58,206 million, an increase of 14.8% year-on-year.

#### <Other>

 Sales in Other segment that deals with products such as food additives, chemical and machinery increased 8.0% year-on-year to ¥11,368 million, and the operating income amounted to ¥989 million, an increase of 5.2% year-on-year.

#### b. Performance by geographical segments

#### <Japan>

- Sales in Japan amounted to ¥157,401 million, up 9.7% from the previous year and operating income came to ¥45,843 million, up 34.4%.
- Among prescription drugs, as compared to the previous year, sales of Aricept increased to ¥30,035 million, up 25.7% and those of Pariet increased to ¥18,270 million, an increase of 24.8%.

#### <North America>

- Sales in North America expanded 18.0% to ¥164,182 million, and operating income decreased 26.6% to ¥9,719 million, mainly due to a change in the rate of royalty subject to be paid to the parent company.
- Sales of Aricept advanced 23.0% to ¥89,476 million and sales of Aciphex increased 9.8% to ¥66,386 million. (Sales of Aricept on a dollar-denominated basis increased 18.9% and those of Aciphex increased 6.2%)

#### <Europe>

- Sales in Europe reached ¥27,279 million, up 3.0% while operating income came to ¥888 million, down 55.9%.
- Sales of Aricept rose 3.5% to ¥17,330 million and those of Pariet decreased 23.9% to ¥4,600 million.
- A new pharmaceutical marketing subsidiary Eisai SA/NV was established in Belgium in September 2007.

#### <Asia and other regions>

- Sales in Asia and other regions increased 35.7% to ¥13,953 million and operating income rose sharply by 68.5% to ¥3,114 million.
- Sales of Aricept amounted to ¥4,021 million, up 41.1% and those of Pariet increased to ¥2,951 million, up 28.2%.

#### <Overseas total>

Total overseas sales excluding Japan grew to ¥205,415 million, an increase of 16.8%, accounting for 56.6% of the Company's total net sales, up 1.5 percentage points.

#### (2) Second Quarter Financial Highlights (July 1 - September 30, 2007)

- Consolidated net sales during the quarter amounted to ¥186,783 million which was a 12.9% increase compared to the corresponding period last year.
- Net sales of Aricept soared to ¥73,518 million, a 17.6% rise year-on-year, out of which, ¥15,115 million was attributed to Japan, up 22.0% and ¥48,016 million was attributed to the U.S., a 21.2% increase. (19.2% increase on a dollar-denominated basis)
  - Sales of *Pariet* (U.S. brand name: *Aciphex*) totaled \(\frac{\pmathbf{447,34}^2}{47,34}\) million, a 10.2% rise year-on-year, while sales in Japan rose 24.4% to \(\frac{\pmathbf{49,320}}{49,320}\) million and sales in the U.S. increased 10.8% to \(\frac{\pmathbf{434,565}}{434,565}\) million (9.1% increase on a dollar-denominated basis).
- With respect to net sales to external customers by each geographic area, Japanese sales secured a 9.1% gain and the North American market expanded 19.0% 'Asian and other markets' increased 31.3% on a year-on-year basis while sales in Europe fell 6.3%.
- Research and development (R&D) expenses came to ¥33,338 million, up 19.5% from the period a year earlier, and selling, general and administrative expenses amounted to ¥95,483 million, up 11.5%. Cost of sales increased 2.6% to ¥27,085 million with the cost to sales ratio decreased 1.5 percentage points to 14.5%.
- With respect to earning results, operating income for the quarter came to +30,875 million (up 20.9% year-on-year); ordinary income to +31,193 million (17.1% up) and net income to +20,012 million (up 20.1%). Basic earnings per share (EPS) came to +70.43 (up +12.03 as compared to the same quarter in previous year).
- Net cash provided by operating activities in the quarter amounted to ¥33,908 million, up ¥5,368 million on a year-on-year basis. Net cash used in investing activities totaled ¥6,667 million, down ¥2,743 million from a year earlier period.

#### (3) Research Projects and Other Business Development

- An AMPA receptor antagonist E2007 entered a Phase II study for neuropathic pain in the U.S. and Europe. A Phase III study for Parkinson's disease is ongoing while the study for epilepsy is at the preparation for Phase III after completing Phase II. In addition, a new study for migraine prophylaxis is being considered based on the results from the Phase II study. For multiple sclerosis indication, a Phase II study is now being conducted.
- An anti-cancer agent E7389 is now under investigated for the treatment of breast cancer in a study to file for accelerated approval under Subpart H in the U.S. as well as in a Phase III study for submission in Europe, and in a Phase II study in Japan. A Phase II study is ongoing for non-small cell lung cancer (the U.S.), prostate cancer (the U.S. and Europe), and sarcoma (Europe).

(\*Approval under Subpart H: an FDA regulation under which FDA will accelerate the review of certain new drugs for serious or life-threatening illnesses that meet the criteria designated by FDA)

- An endotoxin antagonist E5564, which is being investigated in an international joint development project, entered a Phase III study for severe sepsis in Japan.
- The suspended Phase II study of a thrombin receptor antagonist E5555
  was resumed. Phase II studies are ongoing for acute coronary syndrome
  and atherothrombotic disease in the U.S and Europe, followed by Phase II
  studies in Japan.
- An anti-cancer agent MORAb-003 (monoclonal antibody) is now being tested in Phase II for ovarian cancer in the U.S..
- A multi-kinase inhibitor E6201 entered a Phase II study in the U.S. for the treatment of psoriasis.
- A gastroprokinetic agent Gasmotin was filed in Thailand and in Malaysia in May 2007 for the treatment of functional dyspepsia. Submission is being prepared in eight other Asian countries, including other ASEAN member countries.
- In August 2007, Aricept, an Alzheimer's treatment, received approval for additional efficacy and dosage for treatment of severe Alzheimer's disease, and new formulations (10mg tablet and ODT) in Japan. A Phase II study to

- test the efficacy for dementia with Lewy bodies has also been initiated. In addition, *Aricept* sustained release formulation entered a Phase III study in the U.S. and Europe. Phase III study in Europe seeking additional indication for dementia associated with Parkinson's disease was terminated.
- Additional dosage and administration for secondary eradication of Helicobacter pylori in peptic ulcer was approved for Pariet, a proton pump inhibitor, in combination with amoxicillin and metronidazole in Japan in August 2007.
- A Phase III study of the anti-epileptic agent Zonegran has been initiated for epilepsy monotherapy in Europe.
- An antiarrthymic treatment Tambocor received approval for an additional indication for paroxysmal atrial fibrillation/flutter in Japan in June 2007.
- Human monoclonal anti-TNF α antibody, which was jointly developed with Abbott Japan Co., Ltd. was filed for approval to treat psoriasis vulgaris and psoriatic arthritis in September 2007.

#### **Alliances & Agreements**

- An acquisition of Morphotek, Inc., a U.S. biopharmaceutical company that specializes in antibody research & development, was completed. Originally announced in March 2007, the acquisition agreement came into effect in April 2007 with the company now a subsidiary of Eisai Corporation of North America. Morphotek, Inc. develops the therapeutic antibodies through the use of its proprietary technologies including the treatment of cancers, rheumatoid arthritis, and infectious diseases. The acquisition enabled Eisai to expand its capacity and make a full entry into the biologics field.
- An exclusive in-licensing agreement was signed with Solstice Neurosciences Inc. (the U.S.) for NeuroBloc (botulinum toxin type B agent) in May 2007 for commercializing the compound in Europe.
- An exclusive in-licensing agreement was signed with Kissei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. for Glufast (a rapid-acting insulin secretagogue agent) in June 2007 for development and marketing of the compound in the 10 ASEAN countries, followed by a similar agreement for the Chinese market in September 2007. Submissions in the licensed countries are to be prepared in the near future.

- An exclusive in-licensing agreement was signed with Sepracor Inc. (the U.S.) for a sedative hypnotic eszopicione (US brand name: "LUNESTA") in July 2007 for development and marketing of the compound in Japan.
- Eisai Inc. in the U.S. entered into an exclusive agreement with Salix Pharmaceuticals, Ltd. (the U.S.) in September 2007 to co-promote "COLAZAL" for the treatment of ulcerative colitis in the country.

#### (4) Other

• The United States District Court for the Southern District of New York ruled in Eisai's favor on May 11, 2007 (U.S. Eastern Time) with respect to the patent infringement lawsuit Eisai and its U.S. subsidiary Eisai Inc. had filed against generic drug makers concerning *Aciphex*. The generic makers have appealed to the Circuit Court Appeals in June 2007.

#### (5) Outlook for the fiscal year 2007 (From April 1, 2007 to March 31, 2008)

[Forecast on consolidated results]

Forecast on consolidated results announced in July 2007 is adjusted as follows:

	Current Forecast		Previous F	orecast	Increase/ (decrease)	Increase/
	(A)	Percent change	(B)	Percent change	(A-B)	(decrease)
Net sales	¥739,000 mil.	9.6%	¥720,000 mil.	6.8%	¥19,000 mil.	2.6%
Operating income	¥117,000 mil.	11.1%	¥112,000 mil.	6.4%	¥5,000 mil.	4.5%
Ordinary income	¥121,000 mil.	9.5%	¥115,000 mil.	4.1%	¥6,000 mil.	5.2%
Net income	¥78,500 mil.	11.2%	¥75,000 mil.	6.2%	¥3,500 mil.	4.7%

Prospected net income per share: (Annual) ¥275.52

#### <Net Sales>

- We forecast net sales reaches ¥739,000 million, a ¥19,000 million increase from the prospect announced at the end of previous fiscal year.
- Sales for Aricept and Aciphex/Pariet, are both expected to expand to ¥291,000 million and ¥184,000 million, respectively.

#### <Income>

- Operating income is expected to reach ¥117,000 million, an increase of ¥5,000 million from the previous forecast contributed by increasing net sales and decreasing cost of sales.
- Ordinary income is expected to reach ¥121,000 million, an increase of ¥6,000 million from the previous forecast, and net income is forecasted to reach ¥78,500 million, an increase of ¥3,500 million from the previous forecast.
- We will improve cost-to-sales ratio and efficiency in managerial resources, while making a proactive investment in R&D on a continuous basis.

[Forecast on non-consolidated results]
Forecast on non-consolidated results announced in July 2007 is adjusted as follows:

	Current Forecast		Previous Fo	orecast	Increase/ (decrease)	Increase/
	(A)	Percent change	(B)	Percent change	(A-B)	(decrease)
Net sales	¥388,000 mil.	10.3%	¥382,000 mil.	8.6%	¥6,000 mil.	1.6%
Operating income	¥82,500 mil.	26.9%	¥77,000 mil.	18.4%	¥5,500 mil.	7.1%
Ordinary income	¥83,000 mil.	26.4%	¥77,500 mil.	18.0%	¥5,500 mil.	7.1%
Net income	¥54,600 mil.	27.6%	¥51,000 mil.	19.2%	¥3,600 mil.	7.1%

Prospected net income per share: (Annual) ¥191.63

Note: Prospected net income per share (full-year) is calculated considering the appropriation of treasury stock of Eisai Co., Ltd. for the share exchange to make Sanko Junyaku (Eisai's consolidated subsidiary) its wholly-owned subsidiary on October 1, 2007.

#### 2) Financial conditions for the period

#### [Assets]

- Total assets at the end of the period under review stood at ¥817,641 million, an increase of ¥25,527 million from the end of the previous period. Major increase comes from Intangible assets increased as a result of acquisition of Morphotek, Inc. On the other hand, cash and cash in bank and investment securities account for decrease.
- Total liabilities amounted to ¥242,534 million, up ¥13,118 million from the end of the previous period. Deferred tax liabilities mainly account for the increase.
- Total equity came to ¥575,107 million, an increase of ¥12,409 million from the end of the previous period, resulting in a ratio of shareholders' equity to total assets of 69.0%, down 0.7 percentage points from the previous year.

#### [Capital expenditures]

Capital expenditures amounted to ¥13,065 million, an increase of ¥5,071 million year-on-year, most of which were used to upgrade production facilities and R&D laboratories in Japan, Europe and the U.S.. Property, plant and equipment gained from business acquisition is not included in the figures shown above.

#### [Cash flow]

- Net cash provided by operating activities for the period under review amounted to ¥41,730 million, up ¥5,114 million from the previous year. Income before income taxes amounted to ¥60,719 million, depreciation and amortization expenses came to ¥15,364 million and while income taxes paid totaled ¥24,404 million.
- Cash outflows arising out of investing activities amounted to ¥52,625 million, an increase of ¥31,419 million, out of which ¥39,166 million was used for the acquisition of Morphotek, Inc., ¥16,443 was for acquiring tangible fixed assets and ¥7,558 million was for acquiring intangible assets.
- Net cash used in financing activities amounted to ¥18,776 million, an decrease of ¥6,339 million from the same period of the previous year, out of which ¥18,468 million was paid as dividends.
- As a result of such operating, investing and financing activities, cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period under review came to ¥140,950 million, down ¥30,140 million from the end of the previous year.

#### [Trends in Financial Indicators]

	Mar.31, 2004	Mar. 31 2005	Mar.31, 2006	Mar.31, 2007	Sep.30, 2007
Shareholder's Equity*	68.1	69.4	69.5	69.7	69.0
Market Cap. Ratio (%)	131.8	157.0	196.3	202.7	188.7
Debt repayment term (years)	0.03	0.06	0.03	0.03	0.03
Interest coverage ratio	1,040.6	856.3	1,922.7	796.8	800.2

(Note) Calculation method of each indicator in the above table is as follows:

- Shareholder's Equity: (Equity Minority interests Stock acquisition rights) / Total assets ratio (%)
- Market Cap. Ratio: market capitalization (the stock price at the end of the period x number of shares outstanding at the end of the period after deduction of treasury stock) / total assets
- Debt repayment term: interest-bearing debt (bonds payable, loans payable, agent deposits payable) / operating cash flow
- Interest coverage ratio: operating cash flow / interest payments (interests paid)
- The figures in columns of Debt repayment term at the interim period are doubled in order to calculate yearly operating cash flow.

#### 3) Basic policy on profit appropriation and dividend for current period

Eisai is a company with a committee system and, to facilitate a flexible dividend policy, dividends out of surplus is specified as a matter to be resolved at the board meeting in the Company's Articles of Incorporation,.

Eisai is devoted to providing sustainable and stable dividends based on the consolidated financial performance along with Dividend on Equity ratio (DOE). DOE is considered a suitable index for shareholder return as it contains both Dividend Payout Ratio (DPR) and Return on Equity (ROE), which provide a meaning of the rate of return on the ownership interest of the shareholders and a meaning of the company's profitability that reveals the profit a company generate with the money shareholders invested, respectively. We aim for an 8% level of DOE as a mid-term target.

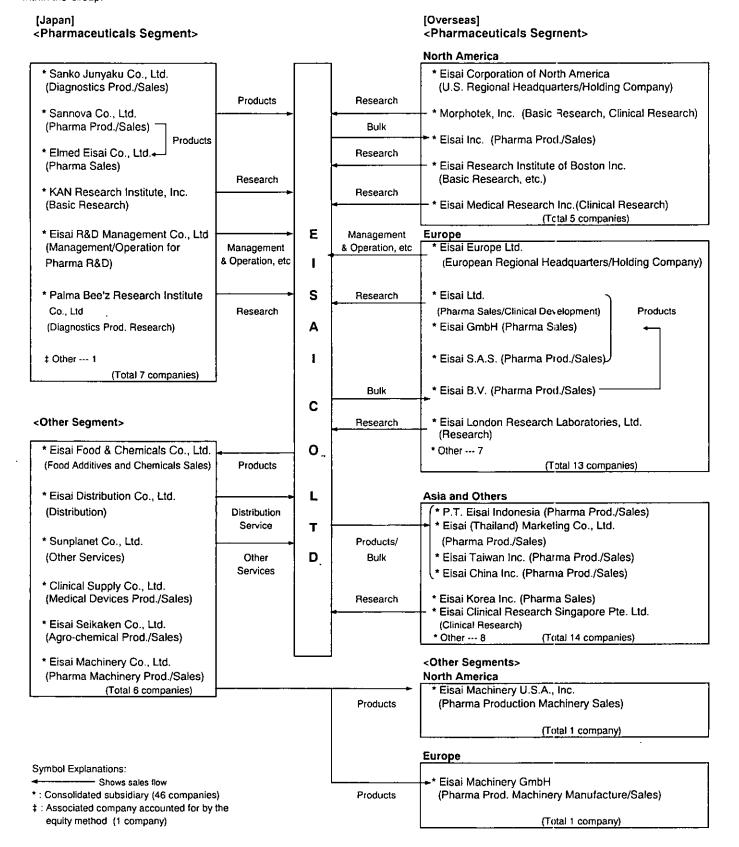
The acquisition of the treasury stock is also conducted flexibly as necessary. Furthermore, the retained earnings shall be allocated to enhance R&D activities and reinforce business infrastructure in order to increase corporate value in the future.

Based on this policy, Eisai recommended an interim dividend of ¥65 per share (an increase of ¥10 per share over the previous year), which, together with the forecasted fiscal year-end dividend of ¥65 per share (same as the previous year), makes a total of ¥130 per share (an increase of ¥10 per share over the previous year) for the year under review. In this context, the DPFI and DOE were 47.2% and 6.5%, respectively.

#### 4) Forecast and risk factors

- Materials and information provided in this financial disclosure may contain "forward-looking statements" based on current expectations, forecasts, estimates, business goals and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual outcomes and results to differ materially from these statements. Risks and uncertainties include general industry and market conditions, and general domestic and international economic conditions such as interest rate and currency exchange fluctuations.
- Risks which may fluctuate significantly the consolidated results of the Company or have a material effect on decisions of shareholders are described below. The risks, however, have been evaluated and forecasted as of the disclosure date of the Financial Report. Risk factors associated with our business include, but are not limited to, challenges arising out of global expansion, uncertainties in new drug development, risks related to strategic alliances with partners, healthcare cost-containment measures, intensified competition with generic drugs, intellectual properties, possible incidence of adverse events, compliance with laws and regulations, litigations, closure or shutdown of factories, safety issues of raw materials used, risks related to outsourcing activities, environmental issues, IT security/information management, and conditions of financial markets and foreign exchange fluctuations.

Please refer to "Risk Factors" in the Annual Security Report for the detail of each risk factor.



Subsidiaries and	an assoc	iated compa	เทร
(Consolidated Subsidiar	ries)		

Common Stock Voting Rights **Description of Operations** Relationship/Operations Company Name Location Diagnostic product \*3,4 Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. Tokyo ¥5,262 million 50.88% production/sales (E) Pharmaceutical product Pharmaceutica \*4 Sannova Co., Ltd. ¥926 million 79.95% Gunma Pref. production/sales purchase Elmed Eisai Co., Ltd. ¥450 million 100.00% Pharmaceutical sales Tokyo (E) Food additives/chemicals Food additives/chemicals Eisai Food & Chemicals ¥101 million Tokvo Co., Ltd. sales Pharma machinery Eisai Machinery Co., Ltd. ¥100 million 100.009 (E) Material purchase Tokyo production/sales KAN Research Institute, ¥70 million 100.00% Basic research (E) Basic research Hyogo Pref. (E) Pharmaceutical product ¥60 million 100.00% Pharmaceutical distribution Eisai Distribution Co., Ltd. Kanagawa Pref. distribution Eisai R&D Management Management of drug (E) Management million 100.00% Tokyo ¥11 Co., Ltd. development/research Administrative/catering/print (E) Purchase of admin./catering/ ng service, real estate ¥455 million Sunplanet Co., Ltd. Tokyo 84.959 printing service management Medical devices ¥80 million 84.80% Clinical Supply Co., Ltd. Gifu Pref. production/sales Palma Bee'Z Research ¥50 million \*2.3 Diagnostic product research (E) Diagnostic product research Tokyo Institute Co., Ltd. (25.44% Agro-chemical ¥50 million 70.00% Eisai Seikaken Co., Ltd. Tokyo production/sales Unit=thousand U.S. regional headquarters / Eisai Corporation of North \*4 385,900 luss 100.00% New Jersey, USA holding company America 100.00% Pharmaceutical (Basic (E) Pharmaceutical basic \*2,4,6 US\$ Morphotek, Inc. Pennsylvania, USA 355.000 (100.00%) research/clinical research) research and clinical research 100.00% Pharmaceutical (E) Bulk drug substance sales 2,4,8 USS Eisal Inc. New Jersey, USA 151,600 (100.00%) production/sales 100.00% Basic research/chemical (E) Basic research/process Eisai Research Institute of \*2,4 USS Massachusetts, USA 115,300 (100.00%) process research research for clinical trial supply Boston Inc 100.00% Pharmaceutical clinical (E) Pharmaceutical clinical 1,000 \*2 USS Eisai Medical Research Inc. New Jersey, USA (100.00%)|research 100.00% Pharmaceutical machinery USS \*2 1,000 Eisai Machinery U.S.A. Inc. New Jersey, USA (100.00%) sales European regional (E) Management of 105,261 UK£ 100.00% pharmaceutical business in •4 Eisai Europe Ltd. London, UK headquarters / holding company Europe (E) Pharmaceutical clinical 100.00% Pharmaceutical sales/clinical \*2 UKE 15.548 Fisai Ltd. London, UK (100.00%) research research Eisai London Research 100.00% \*2 12.000 ŲK£ Basic research (E) Basic research London, UK (100.00%) Laboratories Ltd. 100.00% \*2 Eisai Manufacturino Ltd. Hertfordshire, UK 2.000 UK£ Pharmaceutical (100.00%) 100.00% \*2 7,669 EUR Pharmaceutical sales (E) Pharmaceutical sales Eisai GmbH Frankfurt, FRG (100.00%) 100.00% Pharmaceutical machinery •2 1,278 EUR Eisai Machinery GmbH Cologne, FRG (100.00%)production/sales 100.00% Pharmaceutical •2 Eisai S.A.S. Paris, France 19,500 EUR (100.00%) production/sales 100.00% Pharmaceutical \*2 (E) Bulk drug substance sales Eisai B.V. Amsterdam, Neth. 540 EUR (100.00%) production/sales 100.00% Pharmaceutical sales \*2 4,000 EUR Eisai Farmaceutica S.A. Madrid, Spain (100.00%)|promotion 100.00% •2 Eisai S.r.l. Milan, Italy 3,500 EUR Pharmaceutical sales (100.00%)100.00% \*2 3,000 CHF Pharmaceutical sales Eisai Pharma AG Zurich, Switzerland (100.00%) 100.00% \*2 10,000 SEK Pharmaceutical sales Eisai AB Stockholm, Sweden (100.00%) 100.00% EF-Eisai Farmaceutica. \*2 Lisbon, Portugal 4,000 EUR Pharmaceutical 4 8 1 Unipessoal Lda. (100.00%) 100.00% \*2.5 Eisai SA/NV Brussel, Belgium 7,000 EUR Pharmaceutical (100.00%) Pharmaceutical P.T. Eisai Indonesia Jakarta, Indonesia 5,000 US\$ 100.00% (E) Pharmaceutical sales production/sales Pharmaceutical sales (Asia Eisai Asia Regional 26,400 S\$ 100.00% Singapore Services Pte. Ltd. holding company 100.00% •2 300 Pharmaceutical sales (E) Pharmaceutical sales Eisai (Singapore) Pte.Ltd. Singapore S\$ (100.00%) 100.00% (E) Pharmaceutical clinical Eisai Clinical Research 10 S\$ **Pharmaceutical** Singapore Singapore Pte. Ltd. (100.00%) research

(continued on the next page)

(As of September 30, 2007)

Eisai (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Petal. Jaya, Malaysia	470	м <b>\$</b>	100.00% (5.74%)	Pharmaceutical sales	(E) Pharmaceutical sales	*2
Eisai (Thailand) Marketing Co., Ltd.	Bangkok, Thailand	11,000	Baht		Pharmaceutical production/sales	(E) Pharmaceutical sales	*2,7
Eisai Taiwan Inc.	Taipei, Taiwan	270,000	NT\$	100.00%	Pharmaceutical production/sales	(E) Pharmaceutical sales	
Eisai China Inc.	Suzhou, China	319,205	RMB	100.00% (100.00%)	Pharmaceutical production/ sales	(E) Bulk drug substance sales	*2
Eisai (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong, China	500	HK\$	100.00% (10.00%)	Pharmaceutical cales	(E) Pharmaceutical sales	*2
Eisai Korea Inc.	Seoul, Korea	3,512,000	Won	100.00%	Pharmaceutical sales	-	
HI-Eisai Pharmaceutical Inc.	Manila, Philippines	56,250	Peso	50.00% (1.45%)	Pharmaceutical production/ sales	(E) Pharmaceutical sales	*2,7
Eisai Pharmaceuticals India Pte. Ltd.	Maharashtra, India	100,000	Rupee	100.00% (1.00%)	Pharmaceutical production/ sales	(E) Food additives/chemicals sales	*2
Eisai Pharmatechnology & Manufacturing Pte. Ltd.	Andhra Pradesh, India	104,000	Rupee	100.00% (0.08%)	I Pharmaceutical	•	*2
Eisai Australia Pty. Ltd	Sydney, Australia	1,000	A\$	100.00%	Pharmaceutical	-	

(Associated Company Accounted for by Equity Method)

Company Name	Location	Common Sto	k Voting Right	Description of Operations	Relationship/Operations	Note
Bracco-Eisai Co., Ltd.	Tokyo	¥340 mil	ion 49.009	Contrast media import/ production/sales	(E) Contrast media purchase	

\*(E) indicates Eisai Co., Ltd.

- Notes: \*1. Description of Operations column lists by type of operating segment.
  - \*2. Voting rights (%) ownership: Figures in parenthesis represent percentage indirectly owned by the Parent Company.
  - \*3. Sanko Junyaku became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Eisai on October 1, 2007 following the delisting from JASDAQ on September 25 through a share exchange. The transaction will be in effect as of October 1, 2007. In accordance with the subsidiarization, Eisai's voting rights for Palma Bee'Z Research Institute Co., Ltd. increased to 100% (50% indirect ownership).
  - \*4. Specially designated subsidiary according to the stock exchange law.
  - \*5. Newly established and consolidated subsidiary.
  - 6. MAB Acquisition Corporation (MAC) merged with Morphotek, Inc. in April 2007 with Morphotek, Inc. being the surviving entity.
  - \*7.Eisai (Thailand) Marketing Co., Ltd., and HI-Eisai Pharmaceutical Inc. are considered as consolidated subsidiaries under the "controlling entity" standard though Eisai's voting rights for these companies are no more than 50%.
  - \*8. Eisai Inc. is the one and only subsidiary whose sales to external customers exceeds 10% of consolidated sales for the period under review. Principal financial results of Eisai Inc. are as follows;

¥166,066 mil. ¥10,696 mil. Operating income Ordinary income ¥11,828 mil. Net income ¥7,505 mil. ¥49,497 mil. Equity Total assets ¥160,064 mil.

#### 3. Management Policy

#### 1) Basic policy of management

The Eisai Group (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") defines its mission as "to give first thought to patients and their families and to increase the benefits healthcare provides." Consistent with this corporate philosophy, all Eisai Group members aspire to consistently exemplify a "human health care (hhc) company," which is capable of making a meaningful contribution under any healthcare system through meeting the various needs of global healthcare. We codified this basic concept into the Articles of Incorporation to share it with shareholders.

In order to act on this policy, we are committed to further expand the trustworthy relationships with our principal stakeholders including patients, customers, shareholders, and employees and promote compliance while always observing laws and ethical standards, thereby enhancing corporate value.

#### 2) Management strategies and issues that need to be addressed

high-quality While innovative drug discovery and provision of expected, the business environment information/service/products are surrounding the pharmaceutical industry has been increasingly pressured and is set for great change, as represented by the accelerating healthcare cost-containment measures in Japan, the U.S., Europe and Asia, the swelling research and development (R&D) expenditures, and the trend of industry reorganization. In addition to having to manage their core business, companies are facing intensifying public calls for the fulfillment of social responsibilities to ensure global environmental conservation and sustainability of society.

Because of and within the above context, the Company aims to further improve efficiency and productivity by giving the Company the ability to handle any situation arising anywhere in its global operation flexibly and thoroughly. Last fiscal year, the Company launched the "Dramatic Leap Plan", the 5th Mid-term Strategic Plan ending in FY 2011, which places principle functions that are part of the pharmaceutical business model in the most appropriate country and region based on the concept of "value creation at all places by the best people with the appropriate structure" and implements its business in consideration of the current situation of each region.

In this term of the second year of DLP, the Company is making a good progress

with successful financial and business performance, which enables the Company to further progress through aggressive investment in areas including R&D and expansion of infrastructure. Taking the advantage of opportunities for future growth, we will continue to strive to create "patient value", "shareholder value" and "employee value" in order to improve our corporate value. In addition, we work to fulfill our corporate social responsibilities.

#### (1) Creation of "patient value"

We are committed to the creation of "patient value" we offer to the patients from all aspects of healthcare from prevention, intervention, and innovation of treatments. We believe that the creation of "patient value" lies in "discovery of innovative drugs for combating the diseases for which adequate treatments have not been discovered and raising quality of life of patients", "ensuring a stable supply of quality products" and "provision of information for safe and proper usage of drugs".

#### a) Further concentration in the R&D area

By further advancing the concept of focused R&D activities, the Company will continuously endeavor to discover pharmaceutical products in neurology and oncology — areas where adequate treatments have frequently not been established – that are superior in terms of efficacy, safety and economy.

Furthermore, we are aggressively executing strategic acquisitions of products and a biopharmaceutical company with advanced technologies as well as joint research with outside organizations in order to enhance the product lineup and technological capabilities of the focused area.

In neurology, we aim to discover new therapeutic agents for neurodegenerative disorders such as Alzheimer's disease or Parkinson's disease. At the same time, we will steadily advance research related to epilepsy and other neurological and psychiatric disorders. We conduct a broad-ranging study with a central emphasis on Alzheimer's disease in particular, focusing on low-molecular compound, immune therapy, or genetic studies which will lead to the definitive treatment of the disease.

As for oncology, we are carrying out multiple approaches, both from low-molecular compounds which inhibit cancer cell proliferation or angiogenesis, and anti-body therapy in fast-evolving anticancer treatment while enriching our pipeline, including pain relief, thromboprophylaxis and other supportive

therapies which will be essential for increasing the benefits to patients.

#### b) Expansion of research and development operations

The Company has established a solid framework for discovery research with five research bases of Tsukuba Laboratories (Ibaraki Prefecture), Research Institute of Boston (U.S.), London Research Laboratories (U.K.), KAN Research Institute (Hyogo Prefecture) that specializes in life science which is fundamental research for drug discovery, and Morphotek Inc. (U.S) that specializes in human antibody technologies. With this framework, the Company started its full-scale research activities in biologics field (biologics), in addition to the existed research activities in low-molecular compounds.

In addition, Eisai is also scheduling a plan for establishing compound optimization research facility within the European strategic operation base being constructed in Hatfield, United Kingdom, a pharma cluster to the north of London to further enrich our research activities.

As for clinical research, the Company is also promoting the integration of our global clinical research operations under leadership that unifies all geographic areas—Japan, the U.S., Europe and Asia, to increase productivity and efficiency of our clinical research & development activities. In particular, we are rapidly developing clinical research functions in Asia including the establishment of clinical research subsidiary in Singapore, as the region is growing global interests.

#### c) Enhancement of global R&D management ability

The Company established a subsidiary Eisai Research & Development Management Company (Tokyo) responsible for the management of R&D in order to make optimal decisions on a global level, and this has steadily led to results. Accordingly, the Company strives to produce new drugs smoothly and within desired timelines by improving the efficiency and the productivity of the R&D activities under this system which enables project management with unified decisions and goals.

# d) Ensuring stable supply of high-quality pharmaceutical products The Company aims to lead the global market in providing a stable supply of high-quality products, while also achieving cost competitiveness. To achieve this aim, the Company is promoting a system that enables production of high-quality pharmaceuticals that meet our original quality assurance standards

which imposes stricter requirements. Meanwhile, we are expanding our production functions to prepare prospective launch of our oncology products; a new API manufacturing facility started operation in the Kashima plant (Ibaraki Prefecture) in Japan; Eisai Inc. in U.S. started construction of a new facility for manufacturing oncology treatments. Furthermore, the Company aims to expand its global manufacturing capacity with the new production base which is being constructed in Europe and the planned establishment of a new production base in India. Through such efforts, the Company will pursue the enrichment of its "Seamless Value Chain" and achieve a globally stable supply of high-quality pharmaceutical products.

#### e) Improvement of information provision

In order to promote the appropriate use of our products, the Company is dedicated to information provision on safety and efficacy of its pharmaceutical products through timely collection, analysis and evaluation of the latest product information available. Looking at the new products marketing in the future, we are pursuing global efforts to develop in-house marketing activities, more effectively to communicate with healthcare professionals. At the same time, we strengthen our strategic global marketing system and strive to enrich our information provision activities.

Furthermore, the Company offers support to the activities of Alzheimer's associations and the healthcare professionals specializing in treating Alzheimer's disease as well as conducting various public education programs throughout Japan, thereby the Company aims to provide information on the disease to the patients and their families, caregivers, and the wider public.

The Company established the Japan Business Headquarters to implement integrated business strategy in four business operations of Eisai Group in Japan consisting of diagnostics, prescription pharmaceuticals, consumer healthcare products, and generics businesses. The Company will pursue far more improved patients' benefit through providing of information, services and products, from all aspects of healthcare from prevention, intervention, and innovation of treatments considering further medical trends or advances in medical technologies.

#### (2) Creation of "shareholder value"

The Company is committed to global efforts aimed at creating "patient value" while pursuing sustained growth and increased value generation and return to shareholders. In pursuing the above, we shall also engage in a constant effort to enhance "shareholder value" through increasing transparency in our business operations through active and fair disclosure of corporate information.

#### a) Sustainable growth through aggressive investment

Eisai's business activities are relying on the key strategic bases located in each of the worldwide markets including Japan, the U.S., Europe, and Asia, centralizing the core business functions such as planning, marketing, legal, business development or human resource at each locations. In particular, the Company is emphasizing Europe, with the European Knowledge Center, a new strategic base being constructed in U.K., as well as new representative offices in the countries within the enlarged EU, taking into account further growth of its leading products such as Aricept for the Alzheimer's disease treatment, and Pariet (U.S. brand name: Aciphex), the proton pump inhibitor. Furthermore. aided in part by the oncology product acquisition as well as the acquisition of the biopharmaceutical company with an expertise in biologics field, we are seeking growth through the development of our oncology business, which will support and allow us to prepare for the launch of anticancer compounds that are in our pipeline. The Company is also advancing expansion of manufacturing and marketing infrastructure for the expected oncology product launch.

The Company plans to invest resources in R&D activities, streamline of infrastructure, strategic alliances in order to strengthen our therapeutic focus areas and achieve sustainable growth.

#### b) Strategic entry into new market

The Company is now promoting "transformation strategy", by which the Company aims to transfer some of its operation functions to the areas/countries with high standard technology as a part of its business strategy to accomplish more effective business entity and increased productivity. In addition to Japan, the U.S., and Europe, the Company is implementing a plan for strategic market development in India. The plan includes establishment of sites for API research & manufacturing, clinical research & data management, as well as for discovery

research focusing on neglected diseases. The Company expects to transfer selected functions of its operations to these sites in the future.

#### c) Basic policy on distribution of retained earnings

Eisai operates under a committee system and per the Company's charter, exercises agile distribution of retained earnings based on the decisions of Board of Director's meeting.

The Company is devoted to providing sustainable and stable dividends based on the profitability of the consolidated business as we all emphasizing returns on shareholder equity through the reliance on metrics such as dividend on equity (DOE). DOE is considered a suitable index for shareholder return as it contains both Dividend Payout Ratio (DPR) and Return on Equity (FOE), which provide a meaning of the rate of return on the ownership interest of the shareholders and a meaning of the company's profitability that reveals the profit a company generate with the money shareholders invested, respectively. We aim for an 8% level of DOE as a mid-term target. The acquisition of the treasury stock is also conducted flexibly as necessary.

Furthermore, the retained earnings shall be allocated to enhance R&D activities and reinforce business infrastructure in order to increase corporate value in the future.

#### d) Highly-transparent management of the Company

Through proactive, fair, and timely disclosure of important information related to the management of the Company, we will execute highly-transparent management of the Company, which, in turn, will increase corporate value as well as shareholder value. The Company is committed to making efforts to make systems to improve information disclosure to our shareholders.

#### (3) Creation of "employee value"

The Company believes that employees are the only stakeholders that can solely and directly enhance corporate value. We also seek an environment where all employees share the corporate vision and are motivated to drive the realization of that philosophy through daily business activities. To that end, we consider the key component of our human resource management is to be the encouragement of employee skill development in order to provide a rewarding working environment for employees, taking each individual's strengths and will

into account.

#### a) Employee skill and career development

Eisai provides programs that enable each of its employees to voluntarily achieve personal growth to encourage innovation. In order to support the acquisition of knowledge and skills necessary for work, we offer scholarship programs for business/law schools and other outside short-term training courses according to the needs of each of the countries in which Eisai operates. Furthermore, we have established the Global Human Resource Management Section, a department dedicated to the global human resource management strategy. Eisai proactively undertakes efforts to ensure the global career development of employees—through the construction of a system for international exchange of personnel as well as making available leadership training tools.

## b) Facilitation of the environment for greater employee satisfaction To encourage the employees to pursue the corporate philosophy, the Company is committed to ensure its employee equal opportunities for recruitment, promotion, staffing, and skill development as well as to maintain a

promotion, staffing, and skill development as well as to maintain a compensation level that is correlated with the individual contribution to the value

creation of the Company.

To allow individuals to maximize capabilities in their area of responsibility as well as maintain work life balance, the Company proactively provides various options for employees with respect to their life needs including providing child care support. Safety inspections are scheduled and conducted regularly in order to improve the work environment and ensure the health and safety of our employees.

In addition, a health insurance program is provided through a health insurance union as is a corporate pension program that is funded by Eisai Co., Ltd. The Group companies also offers benefit packages that are tailored to employees in each of the countries and regions where we do business.

#### (4) Fulfillment of corporate social responsibilities

The Company regards fulfillment of its corporate social responsibilities as a high priority for management, in order to secure and maintain the trust of various stakeholders. Thus, we are dedicated to the enhancement of internal control systems and compliance, environmental protection and philanthropic activities.

#### a) Internal control system

Various programs for internal control are being implemented at Eisai Co., Ltd., with a department focused on internal control under the supervision of an executive officer in charge of internal control.

On the global level, the global policy and basic guidelines for internal control have been established which is shared among the Company's global headquarters in Japan, the U.S., Europe, and Asia, for development of the regional policies. An internal control department for promoting specific programs has also been established at each global headquarters.

As part of risk management, we are now taking various measures to comply with the Laws on Sales of Financial Products to secure the credibility of our financial reports. In particular, the Company is promoting the system for documentation of financial risks and control in order inclusive of overseas subsidiaries while we continuously make improvement for a sustainable internal control system and conduct monitoring. Regarding day-to-day risks, the department dedicated to the promotion of internal control is carrying out Control Self Assessment (CSA) through which every division of the Company can conduct self-evaluations of its progress in the establishment of the internal control system.

Furthermore, the Company selects respective executive officers by the risk related to finance/legal/environmental and natural disasters or any other incidents that would incur risks to the Company. Each of these executive officers is responsible for development of the guidelines for appropriate management of the potential loss that would incur significant risks to the Company.

Likewise, the programs for information management are also being implemented with the executive officer appointed specifically for information security for the Company and the policy developed for information security management.

#### b) Promotion of compliance

To deal with business compliance issues, the Company has stipulated a Charter of Business Conduct as well as Business Conduct Guidelines and requires all officers and employees to rigorously observe compliance in their daily activities.

Eisai Co., Ltd. has appointed an executive officer (Chief Compliance Officer) in charge of promoting and supervising compliance. A department dedicated to the promotion of compliance has also been established. The Compliance Committee, consisting primarily of outside legal specialists, has also been established as an advisory organization to the Chief Compliance Officer.

The compliance programs at the Eisai group companies are conducted with the compliance officers appointed at each company. A regional meeting is organized regularly at the Company's regional headquarters in Japan, the U.S., Europe and Asia, where the officers in the region meet and discuss the issues in promoting compliance at each group company.

Furthermore, the Company develops various tools for promoting compliance within the Company such as a Compliance Handbook and "Compliance Card", a portable card with the contact information for compliance consulting. The Compliance Handbook, which lists the Company's Compliance Charter as well as the guidelines of conduct, is available in twelve different languages and is revised periodically. The fifth edition of the Compliance Handbook was prepared and distributed to the employees in October 2007. In addition, we are providing periodic compliance training opportunities for all officers and employees as well as online education program for promoting compliance.

Furthermore, the "Compliance Counter" or an in-house compliance consulting service operated by an independent agency is available through Eisai Co., Ltd. for the prevention and early resolution of risks. At Eisai group companies, an in-house compliance consulting service is available, allowing easier access for the employees in the group companies. Considering various circumstances, some of the group companies contract with third-party bodies to make the consulting service more accessible for employees.

#### c) Environmental protection

To ensure environmental protection, Eisai has introduced environmental management systems in accordance with ISO14001 standards at its principal manufacturing facilities in Japan and continues efforts for upgrading and strengthening their environment-related controls. Other operating units and subsidiaries also are striving to establish their own environmental management systems so that they can reduce the environmental burden generated from their operations by means of stricter control of greenhouse gas emissions, promotion of energy and resource conservation as well as recycling and waste reduction.

# d) Philanthropy

With the aim to promote accurate understanding of pharmaceuticals among the general public, Eisai operates "The Naito Museum of Pharmaceutical Science and Industry" in Gifu Prefecture, the first museum in Japan dedicated to pharmaceuticals, and opens it to the public free of charge. In pursuit of its corporate philosophy, the Company is making a number of philanthropic contributions, notably in the healthcare field. Such contributions include sponsorship of an annual program to award healthcare professionals who have dedicated their lives to medical or care services under challenging environments, assistance to encourage natural science research and knowledge dissemination related to human diseases and their remedies, promotion of interdisciplinary healthcare study including health economics, and development of young researchers. The Company also supports a number of educational initiatives designed to raise the awareness of Alzheimer's disease, programs for elderly patients and caregivers as well as activities providing relief for victims of natural disasters in many countries.

## 3) Corporate governance

Eisai group is committed to the sustainable operation of the Company through realization of the corporate philosophy, which will contribute to the long-term enhancement of shareholders' value. Based on the recognition that corporate governance is of paramount importance in pursuing this mission, Eisai works on the improvement of its corporate governance structure and programs to promote the corporate governance.

Eisai is a company with a committee system where the functions of supervision and operation are clearly independent. The Board of Directors focuses on management by delegating business decision-making extensively to officers in accordance with laws and the bylaws. In order to oversee the Company's operations objectively and equitably from the shareholders' and stakeholders' perspectives, the half of the members of the Board of Directors is selected from the outside directors. In addition, the role of the Board Chairperson is fully separated from the president & CEO, while the Board of Chairperson is selected from the outside directors. The president & CEO is the only post who alone holds the concurrent post of director.

The outside directors are selected based on certain standards abide by law as well as on the criteria ensuring corporate independence which was resolved by the Company's Nominating Committee for outside directors. All members of both the Nominating Committee and the Compensation Committee are composed of outside directors. The Audit Committee consists of a majority of outside directors and the internal directors with a good understanding of the Company's operations, with an outside director also takes the responsibility of the chair.

The Company has established Independent Committee of Outside Directors that consists of all the Outside Directors and is independent of management. This committee proactively operates the "Policy for Protection of the Company's Corporate Value and Common Interests of Shareholders", while occasionally reviews and makes necessary amendments to the policy.

In the meeting of held after the 95th Annual Investors Meeting on June 22, 2007, the members of the Independent Committee of Outside Directors expressed in favor of the continuous employment of this policy, which was resolved later in the Board of Directors meeting in July 31, 2007.

Through proactive and timely disclosure of important information related to the management of the Company, Eisai will execute fair and highly-transparent management of the Company.

Detailed information of Eisai's corporate governance is available at the corporate website:

(<a href="http://www.eisai.co.jp/ecompany/egovernance.html">http://www.eisai.co.jp/ecompany/egovernance.html</a>) along with the Company's Corporate Governance guidelines, Rules of the Board of Directors, Rules of the Nominating Committee, Rules of the Audit Committee and Rules of the Compensation Committee.

The "Corporate Governance Report" is submitted to the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Osaka Securities Exchange as well as being made available through websites of both Exchanges and the Company.

#### 1-1) SEMINATIONE CONSCIDENTED BALANCE SHEETS (ASSETS)

		September 3	30, 2006	September 3	30, 2007	March 31,	2007	Increase/ (Decrease)
Account Title	Note	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)
ASSETS						,		
I. Current assets:		!						
1. Cash and cash in banks		74,426		66,915		89,775		
2. Notes and accounts receivable-trade	4	154,125		166,196		162,172		
3. Short-term investments		107,868		84,568		90,279		
4. Inventories		48,606		53,440		52,757		
5. Deferred tax assets		30,453		34,438		33,219		
6. Other		11,527		15,663		13,358		
7. Allowance for doubtful receivables		(331)		(369)		(352)		
Total current assets	- <del> </del>	426,676	56.8	420,853	51.5	441,210	55.7	(20,356)
II. Fixed assets:						-		
Property, plant and equipment		1						
(1) Buildings and structures	1,3	65,543		73,356		74,421		
(2) Machinery, equipment and vehicles	1,3	23,780		23,225		2:4,585		
(3) Land		17,052		21,671		18,048		
(4) Construction in progress		11,904		7,318		4,894		
(5) Other	1,3	10,292		11,918		11,891		
Total Property, plant and equipment		128,573	17.1	137,490	16.8	133,842	16.9	3,647
2. Intangible assets								
(1) Sales rights		_		48,358		45,986		
(2) Core technology		_		56,475		-	•	
(3) Other		_		16,797		16,603		
Total Intangible assets		41,629	5.5	121,631	14.9	62,589	7.9	59,041
3. Investments and other assets								
(1) Investment securities		112,104		88,383		111,855		
(2) Long-term loans receivable		14		15		16		
(3) Deferred tax assets		32,402		37,867		32,586		
(4) Other		10,934		12,042		10,714	i	
(5) Allowance for doubtful accounts		(737)		(642)		(701)		
Total Investments and other assets		154,718	20.6	137,667	16.8	154,471	19.5	(16,804)
Total fixed assets		324,921	43.2	396,788	48.5	350,904	44.3	45,884
Total assets		751,597	100.0	817,641	100.0	792,114	100.0	25,527

		September 3	30, 2006	September 3	30, 2007	March 31,	2007	Increase/ (Decrease)
Account Title	Note	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)
LIABILITIES								
I. Current liabilities:								
Notes and accounts payable-trade		20,750		17,290		19,268		
Short-term borrowings		402		-		236		
Accounts payable-other		50,970		58,614		57,911		
4. Accrued expenses		47,749		51,528		51,434		
5. Income taxes payable		20,342		23,881		22,049		
6. Reserve for sales rebates		30,317		33,947		35,066		
7. Other reserves		657		501		628		
8. Other		5,955		6,010		5,185		
Total current liabilities		177,147	23.6	191,774	23.5	191,779	24.2	(5)
II. Long-term liabilities:					-			
1. Deferred tax liabilities	•	94		16,778		96		
2. Liability for retirement benefits		33,671		28,073		31,768		
3. Retirement allowances for directors	}	1,189		1,375		1,330		
4. Other		3,573		4,531		4,439		
Total long-term liabilities		38,529	5.1	50,759	6.2	37,636	4.8	13,123
Total liabilities		215,676	28.7	242,534	29.7	229,416	29.0	13,118
Equity								
I. Owners' Equity								
1. Common stock	1	44,985		44,985		44,985		
2. Capital surplus		55,222		55,222		55,222		
3. Retained earnings		447,222		490,806		469,632		
4. Treasury stock		(42,631)		(42,129)		(42,219)		
Total Owners' Equity		504,799	67.2	548,885	67.1	527,620	66.6	21,264
II. Net unrealized gain and translation								
adjustment:	i	1						
Net unrealized gain on		18,114		12,347		19,859		ŀ
available-for-sale securities								
2. Deferrd gain/loss on derivatives under		<b>!</b> — i		91		-		
hedge accounting								
3. Foreign currency translation		3,150		2,947		4,984		
adjustments								
Total net unrealized gain and translation	İ							
adjustments		21,264	2.8	15,385	1.9	24,844	3.1	(9,458)
III. Stock acquisition rights		294	0.0	556	0.1	294	0.0	261
IV. Minority Interests		9,561	1.3	10,279	1.2	9,938	1.3	341
Total equity	<u> </u>	535,921	71.3	575,107	70.3	562,698	71.0	12,409
Total liabilities and Equity	<u> </u>	751,597	100.0	817,641	100.0	792,114	100.0	25,527

		September 3	30, 2006	September 3	30, 2007	(Decrease)	March 31,	2007
Account Title	Note	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)	(%)
I. Net sales		319,389	100.0	362,817	100.0	43,428	674,111	100.0
II. Cost of sales		53,268	16.7	54,694	15.1	1,425	109,367	16.2
Gross profit on sales		266,120	83.3	308,123	84.9	42,002	564,744	83.8
Provision for sales returns-net		(51)	(0.0)	(104)	(0.1)	(52)	(64)	(0.0)
Gross profit		266,172	83.3	308,227	85.0	42,055	564,809	83.8
III. Selling, general and		216,529	67.8	251,166	69.3	34,637	459,545	68.2
administrative expenses								•
Research and development expenses	ĺ	52,242	[16.4]	63,844	[17.6]		108,296	[16.1]
2. Selling, general and administrative		164,286		187,321			351,249	
expenses			:	,			·	
Operating income		49,643	15.5	57,061	15.7	7,418	105,263	15.6
IV. Non-operating income	·	3,139	1.0	3,348	0.9	209	6,617	1.0
1. Interest income		2,298		2,705			5,120	
2. Dividend income		605		495			966	
3. Equity in earnings of		_					15	
associated companies								
4. Other non-operating income		235		147			515	
V. Non-operating expenses		1,036	0.3	848	0.2	(188)	1,418	0.2
1. Interest expenses		32		57		(111,	65	_
2. Foreign exchange loss		694		478			729	
3. Equity in loss of associated		8		16			-	
companies								
4. Sales discount		121		126			254	
5. Other non-operating expenses		180		169			369	
Ordinary Income		51,745	16.2	59,560	16.4	7,815	110,462	16.4
VI. Special gain		262	0.1	2,258	0.6	1,995	1,901	0.3
Gain on sales of fixed assets	1	63		44			213	
2.Gain on sales of investment securities		184		2,202			1,657	
3.Other special gain		15		10			30	
VII. Special loss		702	0.2	1,099	0.3	396	2,029	0.3
1.Loss on disposal of fixed assets	2	644		243			1,147	
2.Loss on impairment of long-lived	3	45		1			201	
assets								
3.Loss on devaluation of work-in-process inventory		_		845			-	
4.Other special loss		12		. 7			680	
Income before income taxes and minority		51,305	16.1	60,719	16.7	9,414	110,334	16.4
interests			_	,,				
Income taxes-current		22,901	7.2	25,350	7.0	2,449	47,711	7.1
Income taxes-deferred		(4,389)	(1.4)	(4,391)	(1.2)	(1)	(8,513)	(1.3)
Minority interests in net income		284	0.1	409	0.1	124	522	0.1
Net income		32,509	10.2	39,351	10.8	6,842	70,614	10.5

Oonsondated Oc	······································	01010111		goo	-90			, =000,	, , , ,		2113 01 1011)
	Owners' Equity						realized gain ation adjustme		ijon	sts	
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total Owners' Equity	Net unrealized gain on available-f or-sale securities	currency	Total	Stock acquisition Rights	Minority Interests	Equity (Total)
Balance as of March 31,2006	44,985	55,222	429,025	(31,913)	497,320	20,327	1,567	21,895	_	9,296	528,512
Changes in items during the period											
Dividends			(14,293)		(14,293)						(14,293)
Net income	••••		32,509		32,509						32,509
Disposal s of treasury stock			(18)	401	382						382
Acquisition of treasury stock	*****			(11,119)	(11,119)						(11,119)
Changes in other items during the period (Net)						(2,213)	1,582	(630)	294	265	(70)
Changes in items during the period (Total)	_	_	18,197	(10,717)	7,479	(2,213)	1,582	(630)	294	265	7,409
Balance as of Sep. 30, 2006	44,985	55,222	447,222	(42,631)	504,799	18,114	3,150	21,264	294	9,561	535,921

Consolidated Semiannual Statement of Changes in Equity (April 1 to September 30, 2007) (Unit : Millions of Yen)

Consolidated Se	mamuai	Stateme	ent of on	anges m	Equity (	(Abiii i	io ochi	citibet 00	, 2001)	) (Offic : Millions of Ten			
		Ov	vners' Equ	ity		Net unre		ain and tra stments	nslation	_ u	ន		
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total Owners' Equity	Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities	Deferred hedge gains and losses	Foreign currency . translation adjustments	Total	Stock acquisition Rights	Minority Interests	Equity (Total)	
Balance as of March 31,2007	44,985	55,222	469,632	(42,219)	527,620	19,859	_	4,984	24,844	294	9,938	562,698	
Changes in items during the period									,				
Dividends			(18,468)		(18,468)							(18,468)	
Net income			39,351		39,351							39,351	
Disposal of treasury stock	,		(3)	148	145							145	
Acquisition of treasury stock				(57)	(57)							(57)	
Other			294		294							294	
Changes in other items during the period (Net)						(7,512)	91	(2,036)	(9,458)	261	341	(8,855)	
Changes in items during the period (Total)	_	_	21,174	90	21,264	(7,512)	91	(2,036)	(9,458)	261	341	12,409	
Balance as of Sep. 30, 2007	44,985	55,222	490,806	(42,129)	548,885	12,347	91	2,947	15,385	556	10,279	575,107	

		(	Owners' Eq	uity			realized gain ation adjustme		tion	ests	
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total Owners' Equity	Net unrealized gain on available-f or-sale securities	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Total	Stock acquisition Rights	Minority Interests	Equity (Total)
Balance as of March 31,2006	44,985	55,222	429,025	(31,913)	497,320	20,327	1,567	21,895	_	9,296	528,512
Changes in items during the period					i						
Dividends*1		[	(14,293)		(14,293)						(14,293)
Dividends*2	1		(15,619)		(15,619)						(15,619)
Net income			70,614		70,614						70,614
Disposal of treasury stock			(94)	887	793						793
Acquisition of treasury stock				(11,194)	(11,194)						(11,194)
Changes in other items during the period (Net)						(467)	3,416	2,948	294	642	3,885
Changes in items during the period (Total)	_	_	40,606	(10,306)	30,300	(467)	3,416	2,948	294	642	34,186
Balance as of March 31, 2007	44,985	55,222	469,632	(42,219)	527,620	19,859	4,984	24,844	294	9,938	562,698

<sup>\*1</sup> Approved at the Board of directors' meeting in May, 2006.
\*2 Approved at the Board of directors' meeting in October, 2006.

		April 1, 2006 -	April 1, 2007 -	Increase/	April 1, 2006 -
		Sep. 30, 2006	Sep. 30, 2007	(Decrease)	March 31, 2007
Account Title	Note	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)
I. Operating activities:					
Income before income taxes and minority interests		51,305	60,719		110,334
2. Depreciation and amortization		12,278	15,364		26,802
3. Loss on impairment of long-lived assets		45	1		201
4. Increase (Decrease) in allowance for		(11)	17		(16)
doubtful accounts					
5. Interest and dividend income		(2,903)	(3,200)		(6,086)
6. Interest expenses		32	57		65
7. Equity in earnings		8 ]	16		(15)
8. Loss on sales and disposal of fixed assets		580	199		934
9. Gain on sales of securities		(184)	(2,202)		(1,657)
10. Loss on devaluation of securities		12	5		12
11. Increase in notes and accounts receivables-trade		(4,600)	(4,515)		(11,807)
12. Increase in inventories		(3,228)	(865)		(5,481)
13. Decrease in notes and accounts payable-trade		(3,758)	(2,211)		(6,312)
14. Increase in other current liabilities		5,376	4,787		10,419
15. Increase (Decrease) in reserve for sales rebates		2,338	(351)		7,040
16. Decrease in liability for retirement benefits		(1,921)	(3,694)		(3,830)
17. Other-net		4,377	(1,081)		3,780
Sub-total		59,747	63,045	_	124,383
18. Interest and dividends received		2,697	3,141		5,855
19. Interest paid		(55)	(52)		(101)
20. Income taxes-paid		(25,773)	(24,404)		(48,948)
Net cash provided by operating activities		36,615	41,730	5,114	81,188
II. Investing activities:					
Purchases of short-term investments		(149)	(635)		(215)
2. Proceeds from sales and maturities of		5,532	1,453		10,220
short-term investments					
3. Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(11,635)	(16,443)		(22,549)
4. Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment		86	102		301
5. Purchases of intangible assets		(2,650)	(7,558)		(6,009)
6. Purchases of investment securities		(13,791)	(12)		(20,150)
7. Proceeds from sales and redemptions of		2,380	10,615		8,259
investment securities					
8. Payment for acquisition of a company		-	(39,166)		-
Payment for acquisition of business		-	_		(24,279)
10. Net decrease in time deposits (exceeding 3 months)		(367)	(35)		(152)
11. Other-net		(610)	(943)		(635)
Net cash used in investing activities		(21,205)	(52,625)	(31,419)	(55,212)
III. Financing activities:					
Net decrease in short-term borrowings		(3)	(245)		(188)
2. Purchase of treasury stock		(11,060)	_		(11,060)
3. Dividends paid		(14,293)	(18,468)		(29,913)
4. Dividends paid to minority shareholders		(48)	(60)		(48)
5. Other-net		289	(2)		589
Net cash used in financing activities		(25,116)	(18,776)	6,339	(40,620)
IV. Foreign currency translation adjustments on		1,406	(469)	(1,875)	2,456
cash and cash equivalents					
V. Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(8,299)	(30,140)	(21,840)	(12,188)
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		183,278	171,090	(12,188)	183,278
VII. Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	*1	174,979	140,950	(34,028)	171,090

BASIS OF PHES		ONSOLIDATED FINANCIA	
Item	April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
1. Scope of Consolidation	Consolidated subsidiaries: 41 Companies Major subsidiaries: Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. Sannova Co., Ltd. Eisai Research Institute of Boston Inc. Eisai Inc.  Eisai R&D Management Co., Ltd. and Eisai (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. were newly established and consolidated during the interim period. Eisai Pharma-Chem Europe Ltd. was liquidated and excluded from the consolidated subsidiaries during the interim period.	Consolidated subsidiaries: 46 Companies Major subsidiaries: Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. Sannova Co., Ltd. Morphotek, Inc. Eisai Inc. Eisai Research Institute of Boston Inc.  Eisai SA/NV was newly established and consolidated during the period. During the period, MAB Acquisition Corporation merged with Morphotec, Inc. which became a surviving company.	Consol dated subsidiaries: 45 Companies Major subsidiaries: Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. Sannova Co., Ltd. Eisai Inc. Eisai Research Institute of Boston Inc.  Following seven companies were newly established and consolidated during the period. Eisai R&D Management Co., Ltd., Eisai (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. Eisai Clinical Research Singapore Pte.Ltd. EF-Eisai Farmaceutica, Unipessoal Lda. Eisai Manufacturing Ltd. MAB Acquisition Corporation Eisai Pharmatechnology & Manufacturing Pte. Ltd. Eisai Pharma-Chem Europe Ltd.
2. Number of Companies Accounted for by the Equity Method	Associated companies: 1 Company (Bracco-Eisai Co., Ltd) Eisai-Novartis Verwaltungs GmbH was merged into Eisai GmbH, one of the consolidated subsidiaries, during the interim period and excluded from the associated companies accounted for by the equity method.	Associated companies: 1 Company (Bracco-Eisai Co., Ltd.)	and Eisai U.S.A. Inc. have been dissolved during the period. Associated companies: 1 Company (Bracco-Eisai Co., Ltd.) Eisai-Novartis Verwaltungs GmbH was marged into Eisai GmbH, one of the consolidated subsidiaries, during the period.
3. Items Related to the Closing Date of Consolidated Subsidiaries	The closing date of Eisai China Inc. is June 30. In preparing the semiannual consolidated financial statements, the interim financial statements as of June 30 are used for Eisai China Inc., and necessary adjustments are made in consolidation for significant transactions occurring between that date and the interim closing date.	The closing date of Eisai China Inc. is June 30. In preparing the semiannual consolidated financial statements, the interim financial statements as of June 30 are used for Eisai China Inc.	The closing date of Eisai China Inc. is December 31. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements as of December 31 are used for Eisai China Inc. However, this adjustment does not have a material effect on the financial statements.

Item	April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
4.	September 30, 2006  1. Measurement and valuation for	September 30, 2007  1. Measurement and valuation	March 31, 2007  2. Measurement and valuation
Accounting Policies	significant assets	for significant assets	for significant assets
and Methods	(1) Securities:	(1) Securities:	(1) Securities:
	Held-to-maturity debt securities:		Held-to-maturity debt securities:
	Stated at amortized cost.	Same as the left	Stated at amortized cost.
	(Straight-line method) Available-for-sale securities:		(Straight-line method) Available-for-sale securities:
	Marketable securities:		Marketable securities:
	Stated at fair value at the interim		Stated at fair value at the balance
	balance sheet date with unrealized		sheet date with unrealized gain
	gain and loss, net of applicable		and loss, net of applicable taxes,
	taxes, reported in a separate		reported in a separate component of equity. The cost of securities
	component of equity. The cost of securities sold is determined by		sold is determined by the
	the moving-average method.		moving-average method.
	Non-marketable securities: Stated		Non-marketable securities: Stated
	at cost determined by the		at cost determined by the
	moving-average method.		moving-average method.
	(2) Derivatives:	(2) Derivatives:	(2) Derivatives:
	Stated at fair value	Same as the left	Same as the left
	(3) Inventories:	(3) Inventories:	(3) Inventories:
	Merchandise and finished		
	products, work-in-process	Same as the left	Same as the left
	products, raw materials, and supplies are stated at cost		
	substantially determined by		
	average method for the Parent		
	Company and the Japanese		
	consolidated subsidiaries, and at lower of cost or market method		
	determined by the first-in, first-out		
	method for the foreign		
	consolidated subsidiaries.		
	2. Depreciation of significant	2. Depreciation of significant	2. Depreciation of significant
	depreciable assets (1) Property, plant and equipment:	depreciable assets (1) Property, plant and equipment:	depreciable assets (1) Property, plant and equipment:
	Depreciation of property, plant and	(1)1 Toporty, plant and equipment	(1) t topolity, plant and oquipmona
	equipment of the Parent Company	Same as the left	Same as the left
	and its domestic subsidiaries is		
	computed substantially by the declining-balance method.		
	Estimated useful lives of the		
	assets are as follows,		
	Buildings: 15 to 50 years		
	Machinery and equipment:		
	6 to 7 years In the foreign consolidated		
	subsidiaries, the straight-line		
	method based on each local		
	accounting standard is principally		
	applied.		
	(2) Intangible assets:	(2) Intangible assets:	(3) Intangible assets:
	Intangible assets are stated at cost	Intangible assets are stated at cost	
	less accumulated amortization,	less accumulated amortization,	less accumulated amortization,
	which is computed by the straight-line method. Amortization	which is computed by the straight-line method.	which is computed by the straight-line method.
	for software for internal use is	Sales rights 5 to 10 years	Sales rights 5 to 10 years
	computed by the straight-line	Core technology 20 years	Software for internal use
	method over estimated useful life	Software for internal use	mainly five years
	(mainly five years).	mainly five years	
	<u> </u>		

ltom	April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
Item	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
	Accounting for certain	Accounting for certain	Accounting for certain
	allowances and reserves	allowances and reserves	allowances and reserves
	(1) Allowance for doubtful accounts:	(1) Allowance for doubtful accounts:	(1) Allowance for doubtful accounts:
	To prepare for potential loss of		
	accounts receivable, loans and	Same as the left	Same as the left
	others, allowance for doubtful		
	receivables/ accounts are provided		
	at amounts determined on the		
	bases of the Parent Company's		
	past credit loss experience and		
	evaluation of potential losses in	:	
	receivables outstanding.		
	(2) Reserve for sales rebates:	(2) Reserve for sales rebates:	(2) Reserve for sales rebates:
	Certain consolidated subsidiaries	(=, ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Certain consolidated subsidiaries
	calculate the reserves, by	Same as the left	calculate the reserves, by
	multiplying an amount of related	<del></del>	multiplying an amount of related
{	sales by an estimated percentage	:	sales by an estimated percentage
	of rebates.		of rebates.
			j
	(0) Other recenter:	(2) Other reserves:	(3) Other reserves:
	(3) Other reserves:	(3) Other reserves:	The Parent Company and its
	The Parent Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries	Same as the left	domestic consolidated
	account for following reserves.	Jame as the left	subsidiaries account for following
	As their impacts on the interim		reserves.
	balance sheet are immaterial, they		As their impacts on the balance
	are presented as "Other reserves"		sheet are immaterial, they are
	collectively.		stated as "Other reserves"
			collectively.
	a) Reserve for sales returns:	a) Reserve for sales returns:	a) Reserve for sales returns:
1	To prepare for possible sales		To prepare for possible sales
	return losses incurred after the	Same as the left	return losses incurred after the
	interim balance sheet date, the		balance sheet date, the reserve is
j	reserve is provided at an amount		provided at an amount calculated by multiplying the amount of trade
]	calculated by multiplying the amount of trade receivable at the		receivable at the balance sheet
	interim balance sheet date by the		date by the average of return ratio
	average of return ratio of goods		of goods sold over the previous
	sold over the previous 18 months		two fiscal years and the profit ratio
	and the profit ratio of the interim		of the period.
	period.		
	b) Reserve for disposal of goods	b) Reserve for loss on disposal of	b) Reserve for disposal of goods
	returns:	goods returns:	returns:
	To prepare for possible losses on		To prepare for possible losses on
	disposal of goods returns after the	Same as the left	disposal of goods returns after the
	interim balance sheet date, the		balance sheet date, the reserve is
	reserve is provided at an amount		provided at an amount calculated by mu tiplying the amount of trade
	calculated by multiplying the amount of trade receivable-trade		receivable-trade at the balance
	at the interim balance sheet date		sheet date by the average of
	by the average of returns ratio of		returns ratio of goods sold and the
	goods sold and the average		average disposal ratio of goods
	disposal ratio of goods returned		returned over the previous two
	over the previous 18 months.		fiscal years.
	(4) Liability for retirement benefits:	(4) Liability for retirement benefits:	(4) Liability for retirement benefits:
L	<u> </u>		<u></u>

To cover retirement benefits to the employees, the Parent Company and certain consolidated subsidiaries profited for an amount to be prepared as of the interim balance sheet date, which is derived from the projected benefit obligations and estimated plan assets at the end of the interim period.  The unrecognized prior service costs of the Parent Company and certain subsidiaries are being amontized over five years and recognized as operating expenses in the statements of income.  The unrecognized actuarial gain/loss is recognized an amontized over five years by the straight-line method and amortization of the unrecognized actuarial gain/loss is recognized as operating expenses in the statements of income starting from the period following the period during which each gain/loss occurred.  (5) Retirement allowances for directors.  The Parent Company and cortain control of the unrecognized actuarial gain/loss is recognized as operating expenses in the statements of income starting from the period following the period during which each gain/loss occurred.  (6) Retirement allowances for directors.  The Parent Company and cortain allowances for directors are serve for retirement allowances for directors.  The Parent Company and cortain control of the unrecognized actuarial gain/loss is recognized an operating expenses in the statements of income starting from the period following the period during which each gain/loss occurred.  (6) Retirement allowances for directors, executive officers and comporate auditors in required amounts calculated based on the bylaw.  4. Methods for translation of significant assets and liabilities of the interim balance sheet date. The foreign exchange gain and loss from translation are recognized in the statements of income. Assets and liabilities of the foreign consolidated subsidiaries are translated are translated into Yea at the current act as of the interim particular to the currency translation adjustments account and the minotity interests account in the current rate as of the inter	Item	April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
employees, the Parent Company and acetatic nonsolidated subsidiaries provide for liability for relement benefits at an amount to be prepared as of the interim balance sheet date, which is derived from the projected benefit obligations and estimated plan assets at the end of the interim period.  The unrecognized prior service costs of the Parent Company and certain subsidiaries are being anontzed over five years and recognized as operating expenses in the statements of income. The unrecognized actuarial gain/loss of the Parent Company and certain subsidiaries is being amontzed over five years by the straight-line method and amortization of the unrecognized actuarial gain/loss of the Parent Company and subsidiaries is being amontzed over five years by the straight-line method and amortization of the unrecognized actuarial gain/loss in the statements of income starting from the period following the period during which each gain/loss occurred.  (5) Retirement allowances for directors:  The Parent Company and certain consolidated subsidiaries provide a reserve for retirement allowances for directors:  The parent Company and certain consolidated subsidiaries are recognized actuarial gain/loss is recognized a reserve for retirement allowances for directors:  The Parent Company and certain consolidated subsidiaries are recognized and payables denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Yen at the current exchange rates at the interim balance sheet date. The foreign exchange gain and loss from translation are recognized in the statements of income as the part of an exchange rates at the interim period and difference are recognized in the statements of income Assets and liabilities of the profit and loss accounts thereof are translated in the foreign currency translation adjustments account and the interim period and differences arising from such translation are included in the foreign currency translation adjustments account and the minority interests account in the interim period and differences arising from			September 30, 2007	
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. Leguity				
Oquity.			equity.	

Item	April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
	5. Accounting for significant lease		5. Accounting for significant lease
	transactions The Parent Company and the	transactions	transactions
	Japanese subsidiaries accounted	Same as the left	Same as the left
	for finance lease transactions	Same as the left	
	other than those under which		
	ownership is transferred to the		
	lessee in accordance with the		
	accounting treatment of operating		
	leases. Finance leases of the		
	foreign consolidated subsidiaries		
	are principally capitalized.	C. Accounting for simplificant	C. Assessation for elemitional
	6. Accounting for significant hedges	Accounting for significant hedges	Accounting for significant hedges
	(1) Hedge method:	(1) Hedge method:	(1) Hedge method:
	The Parent Company and certain	(1) Floage Mouleon.	(1) 1103ge menee.
ļ	subsidiaries measured derivatives	Same as the left	Same as the left
	used for hedging purposes at fair		
1	market value and unrealized gain		
	or loss on derivatives are deferred		
	until maturity of the hedged transactions. If the forward		
	contracts qualify for hedge		
	accounting, trade receivables and		
	payables denominated in foreign		
	currencies are translated into the		
1	contracted rates.		
	(2) Hedging instruments and	(2) Hedging instruments and	(2) Hedging instruments and
	hedged items:	hedged items:	hedged items:
	(a) Hedging instruments:		
	Foreign currency forward	Same as the left	Same as the left
	contracts		
1	(b) Hedged items:  Trade receivables and		
	payables including committed		
	transactions denominated in		
<b>\</b>	foreign currencies		
-	(3) Hedging policy:	(3) Hedging policy:	(3) Hedging policy:
<i>'</i>	The Parent Company and certain	Como ao Maria	On the left
	subsidiaries use hedged transactions, in the ordinary	Same as the left	Same as the left
	course of business, to reduce the		
	exposure to fluctuations in foreign		
	currency exchange rates. Hedged		
	transactions used by the		
	companies have been made in		
	accordance with internal policy.	(4) Mathad for apparament of	(A) Mathad for assessment of
	(4) Method for assessment of effectiveness of hedging:	(4) Method for assessment of effectiveness of hedging:	(4) Method for assessment of effectiveness of hedging:
	As for the Parent Company and	Chocarchess of fleaging.	Cindulatiness of neuging.
	certain subsidiaries, foreign currency	Same as the left	Same as the left
	forward contracts assigned to the		
	associated receivables and payables		
	have the same terms and		
	denominations as the corresponding receivables and payables and the		
	contract amounts will not exceed		
	those of the corresponding assets	,	
	and liabilities. As a result, high		
	correlation and effectiveness		
	between the hedging instruments		
	and the hedged items are maintained		
	against fluctuations in foreign		
	exchange rate so that assessment of		
	effectiveness is not performed.		

Item	April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
nem	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
	7. Other basis of presenting semiannual consolidated financial statements:  Accounting for consumption tax:  Both the Parent Company and	7. Other basis of presenting semiannual consolidated financial statements:  Accounting for consumption tax:	7. Other basis of presenting consolidated financial statements: Accounting for consumption tax:
	subsidiaries exclude consumption taxes and local consumption taxes from revenues and expenses.	Same as the left	Same as the left
5. Amortization of Goodwill and Negative Goodwill		Goodwill and negative goodwill are amortized from the year of acquisition over a period of five years. Certain subsidiaries amortized goodwill and negative goodwill in accordance with the local GAAP.	Same as the left
6. Scope of Cash and Cash Equivalents in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	Cash and cash equivalents in the interim consolidated statements of cash flows comprise cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments that are readily convertible into cash, that are exposed to insignificant risk of changes in value, all of which mature or become due within three months from the date of acquisition.	Same as the left	Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statements of cash flows comprise cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments that are readily convertible into cash, that are exposed to insignificant risk of changes in value, all of which mature or become due within three months from the date of acquisition.

ACCOUNTING CHANGES		
April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
(Presentation of Equity) On December 9, 2005, the Accounting Standards Board of Japan (the "ASBJ") published a new accounting standard and related guidance for presentation of equity. The new standard (the ASBJ Statement No.5) and the related guidance (the ASBJ Guidance No.8) are applied from April 1, 2006.		(Presentation of Equity) On December 9, 2005, the Accounting Standards Board of Japan (the "ASBJ") published a new accounting standard and related guidance for presentation of equity. The new standard (the ASBJ Statement No.5) and the related guidance (the ASBJ Guidance No.8) are applied.
The shareholders' equity amounted to 526,064 million based on the former regulation.  The Equity at the interim balance sheet date is presented in accordance with the modification of the Regulations  Concerning Semiannual Consolidated Financial Statements.		The shareholders' equity amounted to 552,464 million based on the former regulation.  The Equity at the balance sheet date is presented in accordance with the modification of the Regulations  Concerning Consolidated Financial Statements.
(Standard for stock acquisition rights) On December 27, 2005, the ASBJ issued "Accounting Standard for Stock Acquisition Rights and related guidance." The new standard and guidance are applicable to stock options newly granted on and after May 31, 2006. Due to the adoption of the new standards, the amount of operating income, ordinary income and income before income taxes and minority interests decreased by 294 million.		(Standard for stock acquisition rights) On December 27, 2005, the ASBJ issued "Accounting Standard for Stock Acquisition R ghts and related guidance." The new standard and guidance are applicable to stock options newly granted on and after May 31, 2006. Due to the adoption of the new standards, the amount of operating income, ordinary income and income before income taxes and minority interests decreased by 294 million.

April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-
September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007
	(Consolidated Semiannual Balance Sheets) As the amount of "Sales rights" included in the intangible assets in the previous period exceeded 5% of total assets, it was separately treated and presented in an independent account title. The reported amount as "Sales rights" was ¥28,528 million in the previous interim period.
(Consolidated Semiannual Statements of Income) As the amount of "Depreciation" in the non-operating expenses, separately treated and presented in a separate account in the previous interim period, was ¥38 million in the current interim period, accounting for less than or equal to 10% of total non-operating expenses, it was included in "Other non-operating expenses."	
(Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows)  The amount of cash flow related to retirement benefit, included in "Provision for liability for retirement benefits" and "Others" in the component of operating cash flows in the previous interim period, was presented as "Increase (Decrease) in liability for retirement benefits in the current interim period."  The amount of "Increase in liability for retirement benefits" in the operating cash flows in the previous interim period was ¥1,641 million.	

#### NOTES TO THE SEMIANNUAL CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS September 30, 2007 March 31, 2007 September 30, 2006 \*1. Accumulated depreciation of property, \*1. Accumulated depreciation of property, \*1. Accumulated depreciation of property, plant, and equipment is ¥204,298 plant, and equipment is ¥198,334 plant, and equipment is ¥194,057 million. million. million. Accumulated depreciation includes Accumulated depreciation includes Accumulated depreciation includes the accumulated loss on impairment accumulated loss on impairment of the accumulated loss on impairment of long-lived assets. long-lived assets. of long-lived assets. 2. Contingent liabilities: 2. Contingent liabilities: 2. Contingent liabilities: The Parent Company cosigns The Parent Company cosigns following debts: following debts: Warrantee Item Yen Warrantee Item Yen (mil.) (mil.) **Employees** Housing Employees Housing 110 113 loans loans \*3. ¥412 million was deducted from \*3. \*3. acquisition costs of property, plant and equipment at the interim balance sheet date due to government subsidies. Details of the reduction entries are as follows: **Buildings and structures** ¥19 mil. Machinery, equipment and vehicles ¥166 mil. Others ¥226 mil.

- \*4. The notes at maturity are regarded as settled on the clearance date.

  Since the interim balance sheet date was a bank holiday, the notes at maturity on the interim balance sheet date were included in the balance of the related account as follows,

  Notes receivable-trade ¥236 mil.
- \*4. The notes at maturity are regarded as settled on the clearance date.

  Since the balance sheet date was a bank holicay, the notes at maturity on the balance sheet date were included in the balance of the related account as follows,

Notes receivable-trade ¥224 mil.

#### NOTES TO THE SEMIANNUAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

# September 30, 2006 \*1. The main content of gain on sales of fixed assets is as follows:

April 1, 2006-

- Land ¥56mil.
- \*2. The main contents of loss on disposal of fixed assets are as follows: Intangible assets other (Software and others) ¥389 mil. Buildings and structures

¥164 mil.

\*3. Loss on impairment of long-lived assets

The Parent Company and the subsidiaries classify their business property to be held and used for business operations into asset groups on the basis of business segments whose profitability the consolidated group is consistently monitoring. In addition, leased assets, idle assets and sales rights are grouped individually. For the interim period, the Parent Company and the subsidiaries booked an impairment loss on the following asset groups:

Function	Asset Type	Status
Business	Intangible	Toshima-ku,
properties	assets (Software)	Tokyo
Leased assets	Property, plant and equipment (Others)	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo
Idle assets	Machinery, equipment and vehicles	Misato-machi, Saitama and others Kagamihara-s hi Gifu

As the business properties and the lease assets decreased in profitability and the future cash flow was less than the carrying amounts, a loss on impairment of long-lived assets has been recognized by write-down of their carrying amount to a recoverable amount.

As the idle assets significantly decreased in market value, a loss on impairment has been recognized by write-down of the book value to a recoverable amount as well. The total loss on impairment of long-lived assets for the interim period amounted to ¥ 45 million. The contents of impairment are those of machinery, equipment and vehicles of ¥31 million

The recoverable amounts of asset groups are measured by value in use (discount rate: 5.0 - 6.0%) or net

and others.

#### April 1, 2007-September 30, 2007

- The main content of gain on sales of fixed assets is as follows: ¥33 mil. Land
- The main contents of loss on disposal of fixed assets are as follows: Buildings and structures Machinery, equipment and vehicles ¥100 mil.
- \*3. Loss on impairment of long-lived assets

The consolidated group classifies its business property to be held and used for business operations into asset groups on the basis of business segments whose profitability the consolidated group is consistently monitoring. In addition, leased assets, idle assets and sales rights are grouped individually. For the interim period, the consolidated group booked an impairment loss on the following asset groups:

Function	Asset Type	Status
Leased assets	Property, plant and equipment (Others)	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo
Idle assets	Machinery, equipment and vehicles	Misato-machi, Saitama and others

As the lease assets decreased in profitability and the future cash flow was less than the carrying amount, a loss on impairment of long-lived assets has been recognized by write-down of their carrying amount to a recoverable amount.

As the idle assets significantly decreased in market value, a loss on impairment has been recognized by write-down of the book value to a recoverable amount as

The total loss on impairment of long-lived assets for the interim period amounted to ¥1 million, which was mainly composed of Machinery, Equipment and vehicles of ¥1 million.

The recoverable amount of asset groups is measured by value in use (discount rate: 6%) or net realizable value. Net realizable value is based on reasonable estimates, either real estates appraised value by a third-party or the assessed value of property for tax purposes.

April 1, 2006-March 31, 2007

- The main content of gain on sales of fixed assets is as follows: Land ¥199 mil.
- \*2. The main contents of loss on disposal of fixed assets are as follows: Buildings and structures ¥470 mil. Property, plant and equipment other (Tools, furniture and fixtures) ¥146 mil. Intangible assets other (Software) ¥352 mil.
- \*3. Loss on impairment of long-lived

The consolidated group classifies its business property to be held and used for business operations into asset groups on the basis of business segments whose profitability the consolidated group is consistently monitoring. In addition, leased assets, idle assets and sales rights are grouped individually. For the period, the consolidated group booked an impairment loss on the following asset groups:

Function	Asset Type	Status
Business	Intangible assets	Toshima-ku,
properties	(Other), etc.	Tokyo
ľ ·	]	France
Leased	Property, plant and	Chiyoda-ku,
assets	equipment (Other)	Tokyo
:	investments and other assets	Echizen-machi, Fukui and others
Idle assets	Machinery, equipment and vehicles	Misato-machi Saitama Kagamihara-sh i, Gifu

As the business properties and the lease assets decreased in profitability and the future cash flow was less than the carrying amount, a loss on impairment of long-lived assets has been recognized by write-down of their carrying amount to a recoverable amount.

As the idle assets significantly decreased in market value, a loss on impairment has been recognized by write-down of the book value to a recoverable amount as well.

The total loss on impairment of long-lived assets for the period amounted to ¥ 201 million. The contents of impairment are Intangible assets (Other intangible assets) of ¥ 101 million, Investments and other assets of ¥42 million and Machinery, Equipment and vehicles of ¥36 million. The recoverable amount of asset groups

April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
realizable value. Net realizable value is based on reasonable estimates, either real estates appraised value by a third-party or the assessed value of property for tax purposes.		is measured by value in use (discount rate: 5 - 8%) or net realizable value. Net realizable value is based on reasonable estimates, either real estates appraised value by a third-party or the assessed value of property for tax purposes

#### NOTES TO THE SEMIANNUAL STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

April 1, 2006-September 30, 2006

1. Types and number of stock issued and treasury stock

(thousand of shares)		
	Stock issued	Treasury stock
Type of stock	Common stock	Common stock
Number of shares at the end of the previous period	296,566	10,692
Increase	_	2,011
Decrease	_	134
Number of shares at the end of the interim period	296,566	12,568

(Note 1) The increase in treasury stock (common stock) is composed of the purchase of 2,000 thousand shares of treasury stock, which was resolved by the Board of Directors held on July 31, 2006, and the purchase of 11 thousand of fractional shares.

(Note 2) The decrease in treasury stock (common stock) was caused by exercises of stock options.

2. Stock acquisition rights and stock acquisition rights held by an issuing company (Millions of Yen)

1	acquisition rights	Balance on the interim sheet date
Eisai Co., Ltd.	Stock acquisition rights as a stock option	294

#### 3. Dividends

b)

(1) Dividends paid during the current interim period

The following was resolved by the Board of Directors held on May 16, 2006.

a) Total amount of the dividends in cash paid

¥14,293 mil. Cash dividends per share

Record date

¥50.00

Effective date

March 31, 2006

May 30, 2006

### April 1, 2007-September 30, 2007

1. Types and number of stock issued and treasury stock

(thousand of shares) Stock Treasury issued stock Type of stock Common Common stock stock Number of shares at the 296,566 12,437 end of the previous period ncrease 10 Decrease 43 Number of shares at the 296,566 12,404 end of the interim period

(Note 1) The increase in treasury stock (common stock) was due to the purchase of fractional shares.

(Note 2) The decrease in treasury stock (common stock) was caused by exercises of stock options.

2. Stock acquisition rights and stock acquisition rights held by an issuing (Millions of Yen) company

company	(IMILIBOTIS OF TOTI)	
	acquisition rights	Balance on the interim sheet date
	Stock acquisition rights as a stock option	556

#### 3.Dividends

(1) Dividends paid during the current interim period

The following was resolved by the Board of Directors held on May 15, 2007.

- a) Total amount of the dividends in cash paid
- ¥18,468 mil. b) Cash dividends per share
- ¥65.00
- c) Record date

March 31, 2007

d) Effective date

May 28, 2007

April 1, 2006-March 31, 2007

1. Types and number of stock issued and treasury stock (thousand of charge)

	iousariu oi si	iai es)
	Stock	Treasury stock
	issued	
Type of stock	Common	Common
	stock	stock
Number of shares at the end of the previous period	296,566	10,692
Increase	_	2,023
Decrease	-	277
Number of shares at the end of the period	296,566	12,437

(Note 1) The increase in treasury stock (common stock) is composed of the purchase of 2,000 thousand shares of treasury stock, which was resolved by the Board of Directors held on July 31, 2006, and the purchase of 23 thousand of fractional

(Note 2) The decrease in treasury stock (common stock) was caused by exercises of stock options.

2.Stock acquisition rights and stock acquisition rights held by an issuing

company	(Millions of ten)	
Classifi-	Content of stock	Balance on
cation		the balance sheet date
Eisai Co., Ltd.	Stock acquisition rights as a stock option	294

#### 3.Dividends

(1)Dividends paid during the current period

The following was resolved by the Board of Directors held on May 16, 2006.

- a) Total amount of the dividends in
  - cash paid ¥14,293 mil.
- b) Cash dividends per share

c) Record date

March 31, 2006 d) Effective date

May 30, 2006 The following was determined by the Board of Directors held on October 31, 2006.

- Total amount of the dividends in cash paid
  - ¥15,619 mil.
- Cash dividends per share b) Record date

¥55.00

¥50.00

c)

September 30, 2006

Effective date

November 22, 2006

	April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007	April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007
t t	(2) Dividends to be paid after the interim balance sheet date, but the record date for the payment of dividends belongs to the interim period.  The following was determined in the Board of Directors held on October 31, 2006.  a) Total amount of the dividends in cash paid  Y15,619 mil. b) Resource of the dividends to be paid  Retained earnings c) Cash dividends per share  Y55.00 d) Record date  September 30, 2006 e) Effective date  November 22, 2006	cash paid  Y18,470 mil. b) Resource of the dividends to be paid  Retained earnings c) Cash dividends per share  Y65.00 d) Record date  September 30, 2007 e) Effective date	(2) Dividends to be paid after the balance sheet date, but the record date for the payment of dividends belongs to the interim period.  The following was determined in the Board of Directors meeting in May 15, 2007.  a) Total amount of the dividends in cash paid  Y18,468 mil. b) Resource of the dividends to be paid  Retained earnings c) Cash dividends per share  Y65.00 d) Record date  March 31, 2007 e) Effective date  May 28, 2007
1			,

NOTES TO THE SEMIANNUAL	S OF CASH FLOWS			
April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-		
September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007		
(1)Reconciliation between the amount of	(1)Reconciliation between the amount of	(1)Reconciliation between the amount of		
cash and cash equivalents and that of	cash and cash equivalents and that of	cash and cash equivalents and that of		
the related accounts shown in the interim	the related accounts shown in the interim	the related accounts shown in the		
consolidated balance sheet at the interim	consolidated balance sheet at the interim	consolidated balance sheet at the		
balance sheet date.	balance sheet date.	balance sheet date.		
Cash and cash in bank	Cash and cash in bank	Cash and cash in bank		
· ¥74,426 mil.	<del>¥</del> 66,915 mil.	¥89,775 mil.		
Short-term investments	Short-term investments	Short-term investments		
¥107,868 mil.	<del>Y84,568 mil</del> .	<del>Y</del> 90,279 mil.		
Other current assets	Total ¥151,483 mil.	Total ¥180,054 mil.		
Total ¥193,822 mil.	Time deposits whose maturities exceed	Time deposits whose maturities exceed		
	three months	three months		
Time deposits whose maturities exceed	( <del>Y</del> 2,183 mil.)	(¥2,133 mil.)		
three months	Bonds whose maturities exceed three	Bonds whose maturities exceed three		
(¥2,191 mil.)	months	months		
Bonds whose maturities exceed three	( <del>Y</del> 8,349 mil.)	( <del>Y</del> 6,830 mil.)		
months	Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents		
(¥6,123 mil.)	<del>¥140,950 mil.</del>	<u>\times_171,090 mil.</u>		
Other current assets other than cash and				
cash equivalents				
(¥10,527 mil.)				
Cash and cash equivalents				
¥174,979 mil.				
		<u> </u>		

#### 5) SEGMENT INFORMATION

1. Business Segment Information

1) For the semiannual period	(N	fillions of Yen)			
	Pharma- ceuticals	Other	Total	Eliminations and Corporate	Consolidated
Sales					
(1) Sales to external customers	308,866	10,523	319,389	-	319,389
(2) Intersegment sales	118	8,673	8,792	(8,792)	_
Total sales	308,984	19,196	328,181	(8,792)	319,389
Operating expenses	258,269	18,256	276,526	(6,780)	269,746
Operating income	50,714	940	51,655	(2,011)	49,643

2) For the smiannual period ended September 30, 2007 (Millions of Yen)

	Pharma- ceuticals	Other	Total	Eliminations and Corporate	Consolidated
Sales (1) Sales to external customers (2) Intersegment sales	351,449 95	11,368 9,215	362,817 9,310	(9,310)	362,817 -
Total sales	351,544	20,583	372,127	(9,310)	362,817
Operating expenses	293,337	19,594	312,932	(7,175)	305,756
Operating income	58,206	989	59,195	(2,134)	57,061

3) For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007

(	Mil	lions	of Y	'en)

	Pharma- ceuticals	Other	Total	Eliminations and Corporate	Consolidated
Sales					
(1) Sales to external customers	652,936	21,175	674,111	_	674,111
(2) Intersegment sales	230	21,198	21,428	(21,428)	
Total sales	653,167	42,373	695,540	(21,428)	674,111
Operating expenses	545,107	40,662	585,770	(16,922)	568,848
Operating income	108,059	1,710	109,769	(4,506)	105,263

#### Notes:

(1) The Company classifies consolidated operations into two segments: "Pharmaceuticals" including prescription pharmaceuticals, and "Other" which encompasses all operations other than pharmaceuticals.

(2) Major products in each segment are as follows:

Business segment	Major products
Pharmaceuticals	Prescription pharmaceuticals, Consumer health care products, Diagnostics, etc.
Other	Food additives, Chemicals, Machinery, Others

(3) Operating expenses, which are not allocated to each segment are included in "Elimination and Corporate", consist mainly of administrative expenses incurred at headquarters.

April - September, 2006

¥2,011 million

April - September, 2007

¥2,148 million

April, 2006 - March, 2007

¥4,525 million

#### 2. Geographic Segment Information

1) For the semiannual period ended September 30, 2006

(Millions of Yen)

i ji o i i o oo ii naa ii aa j	ii period crided copierios, ee, eeee						10111110110		
	North America	Europe	Asia and Others	Total	Eliminations and Corporate	Consoli- dated			
Sales (1) Sales to external customers	143,496	139,130	26,478	10,284	319,389	_	319,389		
(2) Intersegment sales	39,694	17,610	8,685	2	65,992	(65,992)	·		
Total sales	183,190	156,740	35,164	10,286	385,381	(65,992)	319,389		
Operating expenses	149,077	143,490	33,147	8,438	334,154	(64,408)	269,746		
Operating income	34,112	13,250	2,016	1,848	51,227	(1,584)	49,643		

2) For the semiannual period ended September 30, 2007

(Millions of Yen)

	Japan	North America	Europe	Asia and Others	Total	Eliminations and Corporate	Consoli- dated
Sales (1) Sales to external customers	157,401	164,182	27,279	13,953	362,817	_	362,817
(2) Intersegment sales	51,818	23,991	12,361	35	88,206	(88,206)	
Total sales	209,220	188,173	39,640	13,989	451,024	(88,206)	362,817
Operating expenses	163,376	178,454	38,751	10,875	391,457	(85,701)	305,756
Operating income	45,843	9,719	888	3,114	59,566	(2,505)	57,061

3) For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007

(Millions of Yen)

	Japan	North America	Europe	Asia and Others	Total	Eliminations and Corporate	Consoli- Dated
Sales (1) Sales to external customers	292,222	303,411	54,774	23,703	674,111	- (4.44.540)	674,111
(2) Intersegment sales	86,303	36,896	18,302	10	141,513	(141,513)	
Total sales	378,526	340,307	73,077	23,714	815,625	(141,513)	674,111
Operating expenses	305,723	311,545	69,017	19,693	705,980	(137,131)	568,848
Operating income	72,802	28,761	4,059	4,021	109,644	(4,381)	105,263

#### Notes:

- (1) Segmentation by country or region is based on geographical proximity.
- (2) Major areas and countries included in each category:

-North America:

The United States of America and Canada

-Europe:

The United Kingdom, France, Germany, etc.

- -Asia and Others: East Asia, Southeast-Asia, South-Central America, etc.
- (3) Intersegment sales in Japan principally represent product sales, etc. from the Parent Company to overseas subsidiaries. Intersegment sales in North America, Europe, and Asia and Others are principally sales from overseas subsidiaries, which manage research and development for the Parent Company.
- (4) Operating expenses, which are not allocated to each segment are included in "Elimination and Corporate", consist mainly of administrative expenses incurred at headquarters.

April - September, 2006

¥2,011 million

April - September, 2007

¥2,148 million

April, 2006 - March, 2007

¥4,525 million

#### 3. Overseas Sales

(Millions of Yen)

				(MINDOS OF TELL)
		April 1, 2006 –	April 1, 2007 –	April 1, 2006 –
		Sep. 30, 2006	Sep. 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
North	Overseas sales	143,382	169,474	312,005
America	Share of overseas sales (%)	44.9	46.7	46.3
- Funance	Overseas sales	34,111	36,951	72,218
Europe	Share of overseas sales (%)	' 10.7	10.2	10.7
Asia and	Overseas sales	11,847	15,776	26,541
Others	Share of overseas sales (%)	3.7	4.3	3.9
Total	Overseas sales	189,341	222,202	410,765
Total	Share of overseas sales (%)	59.3	61.2	60.9
	Consolidated sales	319,389	362,817	674,111

#### Notes:

Segmentation of the areas is based on geographical proximity. 1.

Major areas and countries included in each region:
-North America:
-Europe:
-Asia and Others:
The United States and Canada.
The United Kingdom, France, Germany, etc.
East and South-East Asia, Latin America, etc.

Overseas sales represent the sales reported from the consolidated subsidiaries operating in countries and areas 3. outside Japan.

6)														
		ril 1, 20			April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007				April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007					
1. Finan deem	September 30, 2006 (Lessee) 1. Finance leases other than those that deem to transfer ownership of the leased property to the lessee:					(Lessee) 1. Finance leases other than those that deem to transfer ownership of the leased property to the lessee					(Lessee)  1. Finance leases other than those that deem to transfer ownership of the leased property to the lessee			
Acquisition cost, Accumulated depreciation, Accumulated loss on Impairment, Net leased property:     (Millions of Yen)					Acquisition cost, Accumulated depreciation, Accumulated loss on impairment, Net leased property.  (Millions of Yen)					dep	Acquisition cost, Accumulated depreciation, Accumulated loss on impairment, Net leased property.     (Millions of Yen)			
	Acquisition cost	Accumulated depreciation	Accumulated loss on Impairment	Net leased property		Acquisition cost	Accumulated depreciation	Accumulated loss on Impairment	Net leased property		Acquisition cost	Accumulated depreciation	Accumulated loss on Impairment	Net leased property
Machinery, Equipment & Vehicles	225	83	-	141	Machinery, Equipment & Vehicles	530	129	~	400	Machinery Equipment & Vehicles	335	81	-	. 254
Others (Tools, furniture and fixtures)	Others (Tools, furniture 3,509 1,434 16 2,058 and Other (Tools, furniture 3,598 2,120 16						1,461	Other (Tools, furniture and fixtures)	3,617	1,733	16	1,867		
Total	3,734	1,518	16	2,200	Total	4,128	2,250	16	1,862	Total	3,952	1,814	16	2,121
othe Due Due Tota The b impair	er: within of over or al ealance or ment of	one year ne year of allow:	r ¥1 ¥2 ance for propert	y ¥9 mil.	othe Due Due Tota The bala impairm	er: within or over or al ance of ent of le	one year ne year allowan ased pi	tr ¥1 ¥1 ce for lo roperty	¥5 mil.	othe Due <u>Due</u> Tota The bala impairm	er: e within e e over or al ance of a ent of le	one year ne year allowan ased pr	er ¥1 ¥1 ¥2 ce for lo roperty	¥7 mil.
allov leas inte leas	wance for sed proportest exp	or loss of erty, de ense ur loss on	ents, rev on impai preciation nder fina impairn	rment of on, nce	allov leas inte leas	wance for sed proper rest exp	or loss of erty, de ense ur loss on	ents, rev on impai preciation nder fina impairn	rment of on, ince	allov leas inter leas	wance for ed prop rest exp	or loss of erty, de ense ur loss on	ents, revents impait preciation impait preciation impairm impairm	rment of on, nce
Actual lease payments  Y594 mil.  Reversal of allowance for loss on impairment of lease property  Y2 mil.  Depreciation under finance lease  Y562 mil.  Interest expense  Y38 mil.  Loss on impairment of leased property  Y- mil.					Actual lease payments  +614 mil.  Reversal of allowance for loss on impairment of lease property  +2 mil.  Depreciation under finance lease  +584 mil.  Interest expense  +26 mil.  Loss on impairment of leased property  +- mil.			Revers impaire Depred	Actual lease payments  ¥1,161 mil.  Reversal of allowance for loss on impairment of lease property  ¥4 mil.  Depreciation under finance lease  ¥1,095 mil.  Interest expense  Loss on impairment of leased property					
Lea the	lease te	ets are ams by			' . '	e as the		od:			¥- mil. 4) Depreciation method: Same as the left			

properties:
Interest expense for leased properties:
Interest expense for leased properties is allocated every fiscal year by using the interest method based on the differences between the total lease payments and the respective acquisition cost of the assets which are considered to be interest-bearing.

2. Minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases:

Due within one year	¥1,417 mil.
Due over one year	¥12,572 mil.
Total	¥13,989 mil.

(Lessor)

- Finance leases other than those under which ownership is transferred to the lessee:
- Acquisition cost, accumulated depreciation, accumulated loss on impairment of long-lived assets, and net leased property:

(Millions of Yen)

	Acquisition cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Leased Property
Others (tools, furniture, and fixtures)	34	13	21
Total:	34	13	21

2) Unearned lease income under financial leases:

Due within one year	¥5 mil.
Due over one year	¥20 mil.
Total	¥26 mil.

As the proportion of total balance of unearned lease income and estimated residual value of leased property to the balance of notes and accounts receivables-trade at the interim balance sheet date is immaterial, interest income is included in the amount of unearned lease income.

3) Actual lease income: ¥2 mil.
Depreciation expense ¥3 mil.

(Loss on impairment of long-lived assets)
None

assets:

Same as the left

2. Minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases:

Due within one year	¥1,818 mil.
Due over one year	¥12,940 mil.
Total	¥14,758 mil.

(Lessor)

- Finance leases other than those under which ownership is transferred to the lessee:
- Acquisition cost, accumulated depreciation, accumulated loss on impairment of long-lived assets, and net leased property:

(Millions of Yen)

		(1310110	3113 OI 1011)
	Acquisition cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Leased Property
Other (Tools, furniture and fixtures)	104	40	64
Total:	104	40	64

2) Unearned lease income under financial leases:

Due within one year	¥20 mil.
Due over one year	<u>¥63 mil.</u>
Total	¥84 mil.

As the proportion of total balance of unearned lease income and estimated residual value of leased property to the balance of notes and accounts receivables-trade at the interim balance sheet date is immaterial, interest income is included in the amount of unearned lease income.

3) Actual lease income: ¥10 mil.
Depreciation expense: ¥14 mil.

(Loss on impairment of long-lived assets)
Same as the left

assets:

Same as the left

2. Minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases:

Due within one year	¥2,204 mil.
Due over one year	¥13,790 mil.
Total	¥15,994 mil.

(Lessor)

- 1. Finance leases other than those under which ownership is transferred to the lessee:
- Acquisition cost, accumulated depreciation, accumulated loss on impairment of long-lived assets, and net leased property:

(Millions of Yen)

	Acquisition cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Leased Property
Other (Tools, furniture and fixtures)	61	25	36
Total:	61	25	36

2) Unearned lease income under financial leases:

Due within one year	¥11 mil.
Due over one year	¥37 mil.
Total	¥48 mil.

As the proportion of total balance of unearned lease income and estimated residual value of leased property to the balance of notes and accounts receivables-trade at the balance sheet date is immaterial, interest income is included in the amount of unearned lease income.

Actual lease income: ¥7 mil.
 Depreciation expense: ¥15 mil.

(Loss on impairment of long-lived assets)
Same as the left

# 7) SECURITIES

#### 1. MARKET VALUE OF HELD-TO-MATURITY SECURITIES

(Millions of Yen)

	Septe	ember 30,	2006	Septe	September 30, 2007			March 31, 2007	
	Carrying amount	Aggrega- ted fair value	Unreali- zed gain (loss)	Carrying amount	Aggrega- ted fair value	Unreali- zed gain (loss)	Carrying amount	Aggrega- ted fair value	Unreali- zed gain (loss)
Government and municipal bonds, etc.	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
2.Corporate bonds	27,232	26,886	(345)	20,458	20,131	(326)	23,075	22,784	(291)
3. Other	21,349	21,410	61	12,165	12,237	72	12,198	12,262	64
Total	48,582	48,297	(284)	32,623	32,368	(254)	35,273	35,046	(226)

#### 2. MARKET VALUE OF AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES

(Millions of Yen)

	Septe	September 30, 2006 September 30, 2007 March 31, 2007			September 30, 2007			07	
	Acquisiti-	Carrying	Unreali-	Acquisiti-	Carrying	.Unreali-	Acquisiti-	Carrying	Unreali-
	on Cost	amount	zed gain	on Cost	amount	zed gain	on Cost	amount	zed gain
1. Stocks	36,949	67,849	30,899	37,233	58,316	21,083	43,220	77,064	33,843
2. Bonds									
Government	_	<del></del>	_	_	-	- !	_	_	_
and									
municipal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bonds									
Corporate	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
bonds									
3. Other	5,455	5,437	(18)	1,762	1,757	(5)	1,271	1,268	(3)
Total	42,405	73,286	30,880	38,995	60,073	21,078	44,491	78,332	33,840

Notes: There was no loss on impairment associated with the fair market value determination of available-for-sale securities in the interim period ended September 30, 2007. (Interim period ended September 30, 2006: ¥ - million, Fiscal year period ended March, 31, 2007: ¥ - million) Loss on impairment associated with available-for-sale securities is recognized when the market value at the period end becomes less than half of the carrying cost, except when it is anticipated that the market value is recoverable. The loss is also recognized when the decline in the value at the interim period end is between 30 % and 50 % of the carrying amount, judging from the transition of market price and the fair value at period ends of its preceding consolidated fiscal year and interim period, except when it is anticipated that the market value is recoverable.

# 3. HELD-TO-MATURITY SECURITIES AND AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES OF WHICH FAIR VALUE IS NOT READILY DETERMINABLE

(Millions of Yen)

	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
Held-to-Maturity Securities			
2. Available-for-sale securities			
Unlisted stocks	4,008	3,685	3,692
MMF, etc.	72,364	65,150	75,226
Preferred investment securities	1,000	_	1,000
Unlisted bonds	20,411	11,084	8,243

# 8) DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

# **FAIR VALUES OF THE TRANSACTION**

(Currency)

(Millions of Yen)

Contracts	Sep	temb	er 30, 200	06	Sep	temb	er 30, 20	07		March	31, 2007	
other than market	Contracted amount	d	Fair value	lized Loss)	Contracte amount	d	Fair value	alized (Loss)	Contracted amount	d 	Fair value	lized Loss)
transaction		Over 1 Year		Unrealized Gain (Loss)		Over 1 Year		Unrealized Gain (Loss)		Over 1 Year		Unrealized Gain (Loss)
Foreign exchange forward contracts												:
Selling: US dollars Euro	12,286 58	_ _	12,575 59	(289) (1)	15,621 —	_ 	15,415 —	206 —	14,469 1,043	-	14,301 1,050	168 (7)
Total:		-		(290)	_	_	_	206				161

### Notes:

September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
Market value calculation methods:     The fair market values of these	Market value calculation methods:	Market value calculation methods:
quotations were estimated based on forward market quotations.	Same as the left	Same as the left
Contracts processed by hedge accounting are not disclosed.	2. Same as the left	2. Same as the left

#### Details and fluctuation status

(April 1, 2006 - September 30, 2006)

(1) Amount of the cost recorded and the name of account items

Cost of goods sold, Selling, general & administrative expenses: 294 million yen

(2) Stock option granted during the period

	Stock Option 2006
Classification and number of persons for grant	Director 10 Executive Officer 22 Employee 32
Number of Stock option Date of grant	Common stock 254,000 Stocks July 10, 2006
Condition of vested right	not specified
Requisite service period Exercise period	not specified July 10, 2008 - June 23, 2016
Exercise price	¥5,300
Fair value at the date of grant	¥1,161

(April 1, 2007 - September 30, 2007)

(1) Amount of the cost recorded and the name of account

Cost of goods sold, Selling, general & administrative expenses: 261 million yen

(2) Stock option

	Stock Option 2007
Classification and	Director 10
number of persons for	Executive Officer 24
grant	Employee 32
Number of Stock	Common stock
option	264,000 Stocks
Date of grant	July 9, 2007
Condition of vested	not specified
right	not oposition
Requisite service period	not specified
Exercise period	July 9, 2009 - June 22, 2017
Exercise price	¥5,480
Fair value at the date of grant	¥991

1) Amount of the cost recorded and the name of account items COGS, Selling, general & administrative expenses: 294 million yen

2) Stock option exis	ted during the fisc	al year ended Mar	rch 31, 2007	
Company	Stock Option 2000	Stock Option 2001	Stock Option 2002	Stock Option 2003
Classification and number of persons for grant	[E] Director 9 [E] Employee 16	[E] Director 7 [E] Employee 35	[E] Director 4 [E] Employee 37	[E] Director 7 [E] Employee 43
Number of Stock	Common stock	Common stock	Common stock	Common stock
option	142,000 Stocks	180,000 Stocks	175,000 Stocks	210,000 Stocks
Date of grant	September 1, 2000	August 1, 2001	July 1, 2002	July 1, 2003
Condition of vested right	not specified	same as the left	same as the left	same as the left
Requisite service period	not specified	same as the left	same as the left	same as the left
Exercise period	September 1, 2000- June 29, 2010	September 3, 2001- June 28, 2011	July 1, 2002- June 27, 2012	July 1, 2003- June 24, 2013
Exercise price	¥3,090	¥2,668	¥3,165	¥2,520
Fair value at the date of grant	_		_	
Company	Stock Option 2004	Stock Option 2005	Stock Option 2006	
Classification and number of persons for grant	[E] Director 11 [E] Executive 18 officer	[E] Director 11 [E] Executive 20 officer	[E] Director 10 [E] Executive 22 officer	
9'4''	[E] Employee 27	[E] Employee 31	[E] Employee 32	

Company	Stock Option 2004	Stock Option 2005	Stock Option 2006
Classification and number of persons for grant	[E] Director 11 [E] Executive 18 officer [E] Employee 27	[E] Director 11 [E] Executive 20 officer [E] Employee 31	[E] Director 10 [E] Executive 22 officer [E] Employee 32
Number of Stock options Date of grant	Common stock 238,000 Stocks July 1, 2004	Common stock 262,000 Stocks July 1, 2005	Common stock 254,000 Stocks July 10, 2006
Condition of vested right	not specified	same as the left	same as the left
Requisute service period	not specified	same as the left	same as the left
Exercise period	July 1, 2004- June 24, 2014	July 1, 2007- June 24, 2015	July 10, 2008- June 23, 2016
Exercise price	¥3,170	¥3,820	¥5,300
Fair value at the date of grant	_	_	¥1,161

#### 10) ACQUISITION OF A COMPANY

Accounting period (From April 1, 2007 to September 30, 2007)

Acquisition of a company by share purchase

(1) Description of an acquired company

Name of company acquired: Morphotek, Inc. (U.S.)

Contents of acquired business:

Oncology-related business including four oncology products

Reason and purpose of acquisition:

In order to enter into the biologics area and facilitate creation of antibody therapeutic drugs in oncology area to expand product line in oncology area

Date of acquisition: April 16, 2007 (U.S. Eastern time)

Legal form of share purchase:

Eisai Corporation of North America "hereinafter, refer to as ECA" established MAB Acquisition Corporation as a wholly-owned subsidiary. Morphotek, Inc., as a surviving company, merged with MAB Acquisition Corporation and at the same time, Morphotek, Inc. paid cash as a compensation for the merger to the shareholders of Morphotek, Inc. As a result of the transaction, Morphotek, Inc. became a wholly owned subsidiary of ECA.

Name of the company after acquisition: Morphotek, Inc. (U.S.)

Acquired voting rights 100%

(2) Period for acquired business included in the consolidated financial statement From April 16, 2007 to September 30, 2007

(3) Description of Acquisition costs

Purchased price:

US\$ 350 million

Direct costs:

US\$ 6 million

All the acquisition costs were financed by cash.

(4) Assets received and liabilities assumed on the date of acquisition Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	US\$ 26 million
Property, plant and equipment	US\$ 4 million
Intangible assets	US\$ 505 million
Deferred tax assets	US\$ 28 million
Other assets	US\$ 0 million
Total Assets acquired	US\$ 565 million

Liabilities

Deferred tax liabilities	US\$ 202 million
Other liabilities	US\$ 13 million
Total liabilities assumed	US\$ 216 million
Net assets acquired	US\$ 350 million

(5) Description of the purchase price allocated to R&D expenses

In-Process R&D

US\$ 5 million

Accounts:

R&D expenses

(6) Description of the purchase price allocated to intangible assets

a) Core technology estimated useful lives US\$ 500 million

20 years

b) Assembled workforce estimated useful lives

5 million US\$

5 vears

11) PER SHARE INFORMATION

April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-		
September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007		
Book value per share:	Book value per share:	Book value per share:		
1,852.35 yen	1,985.73 yen	1,944.41 yen		
Earnings per share:	Earnings per share:	Earnings per share		
113.82 yen	138.49 yen	247.85 yen		
Diluted earnings per share:	Diluted earnings per share:	Diluted earnings per share:		
113.65 yen	138.34 yen	247.47 yen		

Note: The basis of the report of net earnings per share and diluted earnings per share are as follows:

•	April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007	April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007
Net earnings per share (1)Net income (mil. yen) (2)Amount not attributed to	32,509	39,351	70,614
common shareholders (mil. yen) (3)Net income on common	_	_	_
shares (mil. yen) (4)Average number of common	32,509	39,351	70,614
shares outstanding (thousand shares)	285,636	284,139	284,911
Diluted earnings per share			
(1)Increased number of common shares (thousand shares)	412	320	431
[Subscription rights] (thousand shares)	[110]	[62]	[100]
[Stock option] (thousand shares)	[302]	[257]	[331]
Diluted securities with no dilutive effects, which were not included in the diluted EPS.		Type of the diluting securities: Stock option Number of the diluting securities: 264 thousand	

12) IMPORTANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

12) INFOTTANT SOBSEQUENT EVENTS				
April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007	Apr I 1, 2006- March 31, 2007		
The asset purchase agreement with Ligand Pharmaceuticals Inc. became effective on October 25 (the US Eastern Time), 2006. Eisai Co. Ltd and Eisai Inc paid 205 million US dollars for the consideration with that of inventory. Eisai Inc also acquired certain employees from Ligand.	Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Eisai Co., Ltd. on October 1, 2007 by share exchange based on the agreement with the Company on April 2007 and an approval by the general shareholders' meeting of Sanko Junyaku. 1. Description of share exchange; (1) Name of company acquired, and its contents of business: Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. Manufacturing, marketing and	1. Acquisition of business by share purchase Under the agreement closing on April 16, 2007 (U.S. Eastern Time), Eisai Corporation of North America (ECA), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company acquired all shares of Morphotek, Inc. Morphotek, Inc. became a wholly-owned subsidiary of ECA on the same day. See 10) Acquisition of A Company.		

April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
	import of clinical diagnostics, clinical, Manufacturing, marketing and import of clinical diagnostics, clinical inspection instruments, research reagents, and physical and chemical instruments.  (2) Legal form of acquisition; Acquired shares of Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. from minority shareholders by share exchange  (3) Description of the transaction with the purpose of acquisition; Sanko Junyaku became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company on October 1, 2007 by share exchange. The purpose is to aggressively utilize the management resources of the entire group and to effectively and promptly promote the development of existing diagnostic business to reinforce the existing businees and the challenging areas such as gene signal amplification technology, the PALSER Method.  Shares of Eisai will be allotted and distributed at the rate of a 0.085 share of Eisai to 1 share of Sanko Junyaku on November 2007.  2. Accounting treatments  Accounting treatments with respect to the share exchange is in accordance with "Transactions under common control, etc." set forth in "Accounting standard for business divestitures" and "Implementation guidance on accounting standard for business divestitures". In this transaction, 1,624 million yen of negative goodwill sir recognized. Negative goodwill will be amortized over 5 years by straight-line method.	2. Acquisition of shares of Sanko Junyaku Co.,Ltd. from minority shareholders by share exchange On April 2007,the Company agreed with Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. on the share exchange agreement that makes Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd. a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Currently, the Company owns 50.59% of Sanko Junyaku's shares. On June 21, 2007, the general shareholders' meeting of Sanko Junyaku was held. It was approved that Sanko Junyaku will become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company as of October 1, 2007 by share exchange.

4) CTATEMENT OF INCOME

# (1) STATEMENT OF INCOME

	July 1, 2006 - September 30 2006			July 1, 2007 - September 30 2007			Increase/ (Decrease)
Account Title	(Millions	(Millions of Yen) (%)		(Millions of Yen)		(%)	(Millions of Yen)
I. Net sales		165,445	100.0		186,783	100.0	21,337
II. Cost of sales		26,415	16.0		27,092	14.5	676
Gross profit		139,029	84.0		159,690	85.5	20,660
Provision for sales returns-net		(10)	(0.0)		(6)	(0.0)	4
Gross profit		139,040	84.0		159,697	85.5	20,656
III. Selling, general and administrative							
expenses							
Research and development expenses	27,892		[16.9]	33,338		[17.8]	
2. Selling, general and administrative expenses	85,615	113,508	68.6	95,483	128,821	69.0	15,313
Operating income		25,532	15.4		30,875	16.5	5,343
IV. Non-operating income		1,429	0.9		996	0.5	(433)
V. Non-operating expenses		327	0.2		678	0.3	350
Ordinary income		26,634	16.1		31,193	16.7	4,559
VI. Special gain		192	0.1		40	0.0	(152)
VII. Special loss		229	0.1		1,064	0.5	835
Income before income taxes		26,597	16.1		30,169	16.2	3,572
Income taxes-current	11,389			11,813			
Income taxes-deferred	(1,620)	9,768	5.9	(1,830)	9,982	5.4	214
Monority interest in net income		161	0.1		174	0.1	12
Net income		16,667	10.1	<u> </u>	20,012	10.7	3,345

	July 1, 2006 -	July 1, 2007 -	Increase/
	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	(Decrease)
Account Title	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)
I. Operating activities:		<del></del>	_
Income before income taxes and minority interests	26,597	30,169	
2. Depreciation and amortization	6,357	8,068	
3. Loss on impairment of long-lived assets	40	1	
4. Increase in allowance for doubtful accounts	0	13	
5. Interest and dividend income	(1,328)	(1,335)	
6. Interest expenses	18	` 41	
7. Equity in earnings	8	17	
8. Loss on sales and disposal of fixed assets	181	178	
9. Gain on sales of securities	(183)		
10. Loss on devaluation of securities	(135)	o	
11. Increase in notes and accounts receivables-trade	(9,285)	(6,519)	
12. Increase in inventories	(2,550)	(477)	
13. Increase in notes and accounts payable-trade	569	1,507	
14. Increase in other current liabilities	8,814	8,279	
15. Increase in reserve for sales rebates	2,739	2,228	
16. Decrease in liability for retirement benefits	(1,482)	(2,492)	
17. Other-net	4,051	(1,478)	
Sub-total	34,547	38,205	
18. Interest and dividends received	1,133	1,207	
19. Interest paid	(17)	(25)	
20. Income taxes-paid	(7,123)	(5,478)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	28,540	33,908	5,368
II. Investing activities:	20,0,10	50,000	
Purchases of short-term investment	(119)	(516)	
2. Proceeds from sales and redemption of	2,189	1,224	
short-term investments		,,	
3. Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(4,746)	(8,293)	
4. Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	22	65	
5. Purchases of intangible assets	(2,077)		
6. Purchases of investment securities	(6,714)	(6)	
7. Proceeds from sales and redemptions of	2,210	. 1,265	
investment securities		.,	
Reyment for acquisition of a company	{ 	1,191	
9. Net decrease in time deposits (exceeding 3 months)	(252)	656	
10. Other-net	77	(175)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(9,410)	(6,667)	2,743
III. Financing activities:		<del></del>	
Net decrease in short-term borrowings	(1)	(121)	
2. Purchase of treasury stock	(11,060)	-	
3. Dividends paid to minority shareholders		(12)	
4. Other-net	297	59	
Net cash used in financing activities	(10,763)	(75)	10,688
IV. Foreign currency translation adjustments on cash and cash			
equivalents	2,259	(5,844)	(8,103)
V. Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents	10,625	21,322	10,696
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	164,353	119,628	(44,725)
VII. Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	174,979	140,950	(34,028)

# (3) SEGMENT INFORMATION Second Quarter of FY 2007 (July 1 – September 30, 2007)

#### 1) Business Segment Information

		July 1, 2006 –	July 1, 2007 –
		September 30, 2006	September 30,2007
	Net sales		
	(1) Net sales to external customers	160,292	180,595
Pharma-	(2) Intersegment sales	62	53
ceuticals	Total sales	160,354	180,648
	Operating expenses	134,276	149,324
	Operating income	26,078	31,324
	Net sales		
	(1) Net sales to external customers	5,153	6,187
Other	(2) Intersegment sales	4,999	5,407
Other	Total sales	10,153	11,595
	Operating expenses	9,669	10,943
	Operating income	483	651
	Net sales		
	(1) Net sales to external customers	165,445	186,783
Total	(2) Intersegment sales	5,062	5,460
Total	Total sales	170,508	192,244
	Operating expenses	143,946	160,267
	Operating income	26,561	31,976
	Net sales	_	
Eliminations	(1) Net sales to external customers (2) Intersegment sales	(5,062)	(5,460)
Total	Total sales	(5,062)	(5,460)
Corporate	Operating expenses	(4,033)	(4,360)
	Operating income	(1,029)	(1,100)
	Net sales		
	(1) Net sales to external customers	165,445	186,783
0	(2) Intersegment sales	_	
Consolidated	Total sales	165,445	186,783
	Operating expenses	139,913	155,907
	Operating income	25,532	30,875

Notes:

2. Major products in each segment are as follows:

Major products in each segment	Major products in each segment are as follows:										
Business segment	Major products										
Pharmaceuticals	Prescription pharmaceuticals, Consumer health care products, Diagnostic										
	pharmaceuticals, etc.										
Other	Food additives, Chemicals, Machinery, Others										

<sup>1.</sup> The Company classifies consolidated operations into two segments: 'Pharmaceuticals' including prescription pharmaceuticals and 'Other' which encompasses all operations other than pharmaceuticals.

#### 2) Geographical Segment Information

.) Geograph	ical Segment Information	<u></u>	(Millions of Yen)
		July 1, 2006	July 1, 2007 –
		September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007
	Net sales		
	(1) Net sales to external customers	72,553	79,128
	(2) Intersegment sales	21,357	25,458
Japan	Total sales	93,910	104,586
	Operating expenses	76,823	81,712
	Operating income	17,087	22,874
·	Net sales		
	(1) Net sales to external customers	73,416	87,389
North	(2) Intersegment sales	8,986	11,524
America	Total sales	82,403	98,914
	Operating expenses	75,146	93,305
	Operating income	7,256	5,608
••	Net sales		
	(1) Net sales to external customers	14,093	13,200
<b>-</b>	(2) Intersegment sales	5,616	6,664
Europe	Total sales	19,710	19,865
	Operating expenses	18,430	19,583
	Operating income	1,279	281
	Net sales		
A = ! =	(1) Net sales to external customers	5,382	7,064
Asia and	(2) Intersegment sales	0	22
Others	Total sales	5,383	7,086
Others	Operating expenses	4,470	5,634
	Operating income	912	1,451
	Net sales		
	(1) Net sales to external customers	165,445	186,783
Total	(2) Intersegment sales	35,962	43,669
iolai	Total sales	201,407	230,452
	Operating expenses	174,871	200,236
	Operating income	26,536	30,216
	Net sales		
Eliminations	(1) Net sales to external customers		_
and	(2) Intersegment sales	(35,962)	(43,669)
Corporate	Total sales	(35,962)	(43,669)
00.po.a.o	Operating expenses	(34,958)	(44,329)
	Operating income	(1,003)	659
	Net sales		
	(1) Net sales to external customers	165,445	186,783
Consolidated	(2) Intersegment sales		
Jongolidated	Total sales	165,445	186,783
	Operating expenses	139,913	155,907
	Operating income	25,532	30,875

#### Notes:

1. Segmentation by country or region is based on geographical proximity.

2. Major areas and countries included in each category:

-North America:

The United States and Canada

-Europe:
-Asia and Others:

The United Kingdom, France, Germany, etc. East and South-East Asia, Latin America, etc.

3. Intersegment sales in Japan principally represent product sales, etc. from the Parent Company to overseas subsidiaries. Intersegment sales in North America, Europe, and Asia and Others are principally sales from overseas subsidiaries, which manage research and development for the Parent Company.

#### 3) Overseas Sales

(Millions of Yen)

		July 1, 2006 –	July 1, 2007 –
		September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007
North	Overseas sales	75,461	90,321
America	Share of overseas sales (%)	45.6	48.4
F	Overseas sales	17,861	18,202
Europe	Share of overseas sales (%)	10.8	9.7
Asia and	Overseas sales	6,245	7,931
Others	Share of overseas sales (%)	3.8	4.2
T-4-1	Overseas sales	99,568	116,455
Total	Share of overseas sales (%)	60.2	62.3
	Consolidated sales	165,445	186,783

#### Notes:

Segmentation of the areas is based on geographical proximity. 1.

2.

Major areas and countries included in each category:

-North America:

-Europe:

-Asia and Others:

Coverseas sales represent the sales reported from the consolidated subsidiaries operating in countries and areas outside Japan.

		September 3	30, 2006	September 3	30, 2007	March 31,	Increase/ (Decrease)	
Account Title	Note		(%)		(%)		(%)	(Millions of Yen)
ASSETS								
I. Current assets:		ļ						
1. Cash and cash in bank	-	44,313		23,091		43,426		
2. Notes receivable-trade	5	2,776		1,966		2,952		
3. Accounts receivable-trade		117,495		130,835		124,040		
4. Short-term investments		32,465		17,922		8,114		
5. Inventories		28,389		31,817		30,975		
6. Deferred tax assets		15,658		19,036		16,650		!
7. Other		16,605		18,839		19,494		'
Total current assets		257,704	46.1	243,508	42.5	245,655	42.8	(2,146)
II. Fixed assets:								
Property, plant and equipment		<u>,                                      </u>						
(1) Buildings	1,4	43,205		42,019		42,226		
(2) Land		10,369		11,208	l	11,200		
(3) Other	1,4	25,381		25,449		26,925		
Total property, plant and equipment		78,956	14.1	78,677	13.8	80,352	14.0	(1,674)
2. Intangible assets		25,016	4.5	32,610	5.7	30,253	5.3	2,357
3. Investments and other assets								
(1) Investments securities		102,532		82,970		103,424	Ì	
(2) Investment in subsidiaries and associated companies		57,634		89,279		77,228		
(3) Deferred tax assets		29,106		36,738		28,960		
(4) Other assets		11,642		12,281		11,366	ļ	
(5) Allowance for doubtful accounts		(3,600)		(3,477)		(3,539)	1	
Total investments and other assets		197,315	35.3	217,792	38.0	217,441	37.9	351
Total fixed assets		301,288	53.9	329,081	57.5	328,046	57.2	1,034
Total assets		558,992	100.0	572,589	100.0	573,702	100.0	(1,112)

(LIABILITIES AND EQUITY)

		Septembe 2006		Septembe 2007		March 31,	2007	Increase/ (Decrease)
Account Title	Note	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)
LIABILITIES								
l. Current liabilities:								
Notes and accounts payable-trade		67		105		62		
Accounts payable-trade	1	6,628		5,774		7,551		
Accounts payable-other		20,012		23,205		26,014		
Accrued expenses		16,907		16,342		17,667		
5. Income tax payable		16,081		20,350		15,257		
Reserve for sales returns		389		274		376		
<ol><li>Reserve for disposal of goods returns</li></ol>		262	}	222		245		}
8. Other	3	9,185		10,476		9,688		<u></u>
Total current liabilities		69,535	12.4	76,752	13.4	76,864	13.4	(112)
l. Long-term liabilities:								
1. Liability for retirement benefits		30,058		24,470		28,221		
2. Retirement allowances for directors		966	•	1,113		1,073		
Total long-term liabilities		31,024	5.6	25,584	4.5	29,295	5.1	(3,711)
Total liabilities		100,559	18.0	102,336	17.9	106,160	18.5	(3,824)
EQUITY	<u> </u>	<del></del> -					=	. 322
. Owners' Equity:								
1.Common stock		44,985	8.0	44,985	7.9	44,985	7.9	_
2.Capital surplus		·		·		· ·		
(1) Additional paid-in capital		55,222		55,222		55,222		
Total Capital surplus		55,222	9.9	55,222	9.6	55,222	9.6	
3. Retained earnings				·	—	<del></del>		
(1) Legal reserve		7,899		7,899		7,899		
(2) Other		•						
Reserve for reduction of fixed assets		121		126	,	126		
General reserve		337,880		337,880		337,880		!
Unappropriated retained earnings		37,060		53,732		44,026		
Total retained earnings	-	382,962	68.5	399,639	69.8	389,932	68.0	9,706
4. Treasury stock	ļ ·	(42,631)	(7.6)		(7.4)		(7.4)	90
Total owner's equity	Ì	440,540	78.8	457,718	79.9	447,921	78.1	9,797
I. Net unrealized gain and translation adjustments:								
Net unrealized gain on		17,598		11,887		19,325		
available-for-sale securities		11,000		11,007		10,023		
Deferred gain/loss on derivatives under		_		91		_		
hedge accounting	]							
Total net unrealized gain and translation						' ·		
idjustments		17,598	3.2	11,978	2.1	19,325	3.3	(7,346)
II. Stock acquisition rights		294	0.0	556	0.1	 294	0.1	261
Total equity		458,433	82.0	470,253	82.1	467,541	81.5	2,711
Total liabilities and equity		558,992	100.0	572,589	100.0	573,702	100.0	(1,112)

		April 1, 2006-		April 1, 2007 -		Increase/	Aprii 1, 2	
		September 3	30, 2006	September 3	30, 2007	(Decrease)	March 31,	2007
Account Title	Note	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)	(%)	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)	(%)
I. Net sales	<del></del>	170,113	100.0	194,878	100.0	24,764	351,647	100.0
II. Cost of sales		39,942	23.5	39,183	20.1	(759)	80,149	22.8
Gross profit		130,171	76.5	155,694	79.9	25,523	271,497	77.2
Provision for sales returns-net		(48)	(0.0)	(102)	(0.0)	(54)	(61)	(0.0)
Gross profit		130,219	76.5	155,797	79.9	25,577	271,558	77.2
III. Selling, general and administrative		99,868	58.7	114,057	58.5	14,189	206,532	58.7
expenses				]				
(1) Research and development		51,726	[30.4]	61,874	[31.8]		106,378	[30.3]
expenses		<u> </u>		,				   .
(2) Selling, general and administrative		48,141	ļ	52,182	ľ		· 100,154	
expenses ·	<u>]</u>							
Operating income		30,351	17.8	41,740	21.4	11,388	65,026	18.5
IV. Non-operating income	1	1,177	0.7	999	0.5	(177)		0.5
V. Non-operating expenses	2	786	0.4	792	0.4	5	1,230	0.3
Ordinary income		30,742	18.1	41,947	21.5	11,204	65,674	18.7
VI. Special gain	3	800	0.5	2,215	1.1	1,414	2,437	0.7
VII. Special loss	4	631	0.4	1,066	0.5	435	1,738	0.5
Income before income taxes		30,912	18.2	43,096	22.1	12,184	66,374	18.9
Income taxes-current		15,594	9.2	19,963	10.2	4,369	30,437	8.7
Income taxes-deferred		(4,819)			(2.6)		(6,866)	(2.0)
Net income		20,137	11.8	28,178	14.5	8,040	42,803	12.2

# 3) SEMIANNUAL NON-CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (April 1 - September 30, 2006)

(Unit: Millions of Yen)

						Net unrealized loss and translation adjustments	Stock acquisition rights	otal)				
		Capital surplus		Reta	ined earnii	ngs				Net unrealized	quisit	Equity (Total)
	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Other Re Reserve for reduction of fixed assets	General reserve	nings Unappro priated retained earnings	Retained earnings Total	Treasury stock	Owners' equity (Total)	loss on available-for- sale securities	Stock ac	Equ
Balance at the end of prior year (March 31,2006)	44,985	55,222	7,899	122	323,880	45,234	377,137	(31,913)	445,432	19,779	_	465,211
Changes in items during the period												
Dividends	]	<u> </u>				(14,293)	(14,293)		(14,293)			(14,293)
Reversal of reserve for reduction of fixed assets		ļ		(0)		o	_		_		:	_
General reserve					14,000	(14,000)	_		_			_
Net income	1		1			20,137	20,137		20,137			20,137
Disposal of treasury stock						(18)	(18)	401	382			382
Acquisition of treasury stock			}					(11,119)	(11,119)			(11,119)
Changes in other items during the period (Net)										(2,180)	294	(1,886)
Changes in items during the period (Total)		_		(0)	14,000	(8,174)	5,825	(10,717)	(4,892)	(2,180)	294	(6,778)
Balance at the end of current period (Sep. 30, 2006)		55,222	7,899	121	337,880	37,060	382,962	(42,631)	440,540	17,598	294	458,433

# SEMIANNUAL NON-CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (April 1 - September 30, 2007)

(Unit: Millions of Yen)

	Owners' equity										
		Capital surplus			Retained ea	rnings		-			
}	Common	Additional		Oth	er Retained ea	rnings	Retained	Treasury	Owners' equity		
	stock	paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Reserve for reduction of fixed assets	General reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	earnings Total	stock	(Total)		
Balance at the end of prior year (March 31,2007)	44,985	55,222	7,899	126	337,880	44,026	389,932	(42,219)	447,921		
Changes in items during the period											
Dividends						(18,468)	(18,468)		(18,468)		
Net income						28,178	28,178		28,178		
Disposal of treasury stock						(3)	(3)	148	145		
Acquisition of treasury stock						*****		(57)	(57)		
Changes in other items during the period (Net)									_		
Changes in items during the period (Total)		_		,		9,706	9,706	90	9,797		
Balance at the end of current period (Sep. 30, 2007)	44,985	55,222	7,899	126	337,880	53,732	399,639	(42,129)	457,718		

	Net unrealize	d loss and tran	slation adjustments		
	Net unrealized loss on available-for- sale securities	Deferred hedge gains and losses	Net unrealized loss and translation adjustments (Total)	Stock acquisition rights	Equity (Total)
Balance at the end of prior year (March 31,2007)	19,325		19,325	294	467,541
Changes in items during the period					
Dividends Net income					(18,468) 28,178
Disposal of treasury stock					145
Acquisition of treasury stock					(57)
Changes in other items during the period (Net)	(7,437)	91	(7,346)	261	(7,085)
Changes in items during the period (Total)		91	(7,346)	261	2,711
Balance at the end of current period (Sep. 30, 2007)	11,887	91	11,978	556	470,253

# SEMIANNUAL NON-CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (April 1, 2006 - March 31, 2007)

(Unit: Millions of Yen)

										(Unit : M	illions	s of Yen)
				Net unrealized loss and translation adjustments	Stock acquisition rights	otal)						
		Capital surplus		Reta	ined earni	ngs				Net unrealized	quisitic	Equity (Total)
	Common			Other Re	tained ear	nings		Treasury	Owners'	loss on	g	흜
	stock	Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Reserve for reduction of fixed assets	General reserve	Unappro priated retained earnings	Retained earnings Total	stock	equity (Total)	available-for- sale securities	Stock	
Balance at the end of prior year (March 31,2006)	44,985	55,222	7,899	122	323,880	45,234	377,137	(31,913)	445,432	19,779	1	465,211
Changes in items during the period												
Dividends (Note 1)						(14,293)	(14,293)		(14,293)			(14,293)
Dividends (Note 2)						(15,619)	(15,619)		(15,619)			(15,619)
Reversal of reserve for reduction of fixed assets (Note 1)				(0)		o	_		_			
Reversal of reserve for reduction of fixed assets				(8)		8	<del></del>		<del></del>			_
Reserve for reduction of fixed assets				12		(12)	_		_			_
General reserve (Note 1)					14,000	(14,000)			_		i	_
Net income	[- <b></b>	ļ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1			42,803	42,803	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	42,803			42,803
Disposal of treasury stock						(94)	(94)	887	793			793
Acquisition of treasury stock								(11,194)	(11,194)			(11,194)
Changes of items other than owner's equity during the period (Net)										(453)	294	(158)
Changes in items during the period (Total)		_	_	3	14,000	(1,208)	12,795	(10,306)	2,488	(453)	294	2,329
Balance at the end of current year (March 31, 2007)	44,985	55,222	7,899	126	337,880	44,026	389,932	(42,219)	447,921	19,325	294	467,541
====	<del></del>		1	maatina in M		L	1	<b>.</b>	<u> </u>	<del></del>		·

Note 1: Approved at the Board of Directors' meeting in May, 2006. Note 2: Approved at the Board of Directors' meeting in October, 2006.

(101 1010101100)	Ī			
	April 1, 2006 -	April 1, 2007 -	Increase/	April 1, 2006 -
	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	(Decrease)	March 31, 2007
Account Title	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)
I. Operating activities				
Income before income taxes	30,912	43,096		66,374
2. Depreciation and amortization	8,497	8,513		17,916
3. Loss on impairment of long-lived assets	35	1		81
4. Increase (Decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	40	(7)		(4)
5. Interest income, interest on securities	(948)	(883)		(1,496)
and dividend income		,		
6. Interest expenses	27	77		65
7. Loss on sales and disposal of fixed assets	481	209		770
8. Gain on sales of securities	(183)	(2,202)		(1,651)
9. Loss on devaluation of securities	12	5		12
10. Increase in notes and accounts receivable-trade	(2,950)	(5,808)		(9,670)
11. Increase in inventories	(2,061)			(4,579)
12. Increase (Decrease) in notes and accounts	(194)			723
payable-trade	, ,			
13. Increase (Decrease) in other current liabilities	785	(381)		4,294
14. Decrease in liability for retirement benefit	(1,946)	1		(3,783)
15. Other	(2,816)	1 '	l .	(6,374)
Sub-total	29,689	36,603		62,677
16. Interest and dividends received	904	880		1,507
17. Interest paid	(27)			(65)
18. Income tax paid	(17,948)	, .		(33,520)
Net cash provided by operating activities	12,619	22,436	9,817	30,598
II. Investing activities	,	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of	4,500	1,000		8,795
short-term investments	,	,		
2. Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(6,405)	(6,895)	1	(11,419)
3. Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	1,046	18		1,249
4. Purchases of intangible assets	(1,721)	(5,524)	ŀ	(4,067)
5. Purchases of investment securities	(13,493)			(19,695)
6. Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments	1,694	9,321	•	7,340
7. Investments in subsidiaries and associated companies	(34)	(12,050)		(19,627)
8. Payment of acquisition of business				(6,276)
9. Other	(1,201)	(242)		(549)
Net cash used in investing activities	(15,614)	(14,381)	1,232	(44,250)
III. Financing activities				
1. Purchase of treasury stock	(11,060)	-		(11,060)
2. Dividends paid	(14,293)	(18,468)		(29,913)
3. Other	323	87		658
Net cash used in financing activities	(25,030)	(18,381)	6,649	(40,314)
IV. Foreign currency translation adjustments	0	/01	(1)	0
on cash and cash equivalents		(0)	(1)	
V. Net decrease in cash and	(28,025)	(10,326)	17,698	(53,966)
cash equivalents		<u></u>		
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	100,507	46,540	(53,966)	100,507
VII. Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	72,481	36,213	(36,268)	46,540

### BASIS OF PRESENTING SEMIANNUAL NON-CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	RESENTING SEMIAMMOAL		
Item	April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007	April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007
1. Measurement and Cost Formula for Marketable and	(1) Marketable and investment Securities: Held-to-maturity debt securities: Stated at amortized cost (straight line method)	(1) Marketable and investment Securities:  Same as the left	(1) Marketable and investment Securities: Held-to-maturity debt securities: Stated at amortized cost (straight line method)
Investment Securities	Investment in Subsidiaries and Associated Companies: Stated at cost determined by the moving average method.		Investment in Subsidiaries and Associated Companies: Stated at cost determined by the moving average method.
	Available-for-Sale Securities: Marketable securities: Stated at fair market value on the interim balance sheet date with unrealized gain and loss, net of applicable taxes, reported in a separate component of equity. The cost of securities sold is determined by the moving-average method. Non-marketable securities: Stated at cost determined by the moving-average method. (2) Derivatives: Stated at fair market value. (3) Inventories: Merchandise, finished goods,	(2) Derivatives: Same as the left (3) Inventories: Same as the left	Available-for-Sale Securities: Marketable securities: Stated at fair market value on the balance sheet date of the period with unrealized gain and loss, net of applicable taxes, reported in a separate component of equity. The cost of securities sold is determined by the moving-average method. Non-marketable securities: Stated at cost determined by the moving-average method. (2) Derivatives: Same as the left (3) Inventories:
	semi-finished goods, work-in-process, raw materials, and supplies are stated at cost determined by the average method.	Same as the left	Same as the left
2. Depreciation of Depreciable Assets	(1) Property, plant and equipment: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is computed by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows: Buildings  15 to 50 years Machinery and equipment	(1) Property, plant and equipment:  Same as the left	(1) Property, plant and equipment:  Same as the left
	6 to 7 years  (2) Intangible assets: Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization, which is computed by the straight-line method. Amortization for software utilized internally is computed by straight-line method over estimated useful life in years (mainly five years).	(2) Intangible assets: Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization, which is computed by the straight-line method. Sales rights 5 to 10 years Software for internal use Mainly 5 years	
3. Accounting for Allowances and Reserves	(1) Allowance for doubtful receivables/accounts: To prepare for potential loss of trade receivable, loans receivable and others, allowance for doubtful receivables/accounts is provided at amounts determined on the basis of the Company's past credit loss experience and an evaluation of potential losses in receivables outstanding.	(1) Allowance for doubtful receivables/accounts  Same as the left	(1) Allowance for doubtful receivables/accounts:  Same as the left

Item	April 1, 2006-		April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
	September 30, 2006	(2)	September 30, 2007 Reserve for sales returns:	March 31, 2007 (2) Reserve for sales returns:
	(2) Reserve for sales returns:  To prepare for possible sales return	(2)	Heserve for sales returns.	To prepare for possible sales return
1	losses incurred after the interim	j	Same as the left	losses incurred after the balance
	balance sheet date, the reserve is			sheet date, the reserve is provided
Ì	provided at an amount calculated by			at an amount calculated by
	multiplying the amount of trade			multiplying the amount of trade
	receivables at the interim balance			receivables at the balance sheet
	sheet date by the average return			date by the average return ratio over
	ratio over the previous 18 months			the previous two fiscal years and the
	and the profit ratio of the interim period.			profit ratio of the interim period.
	(3) Reserve for disposal of goods returns	(3)	Reserve for disposal of goods returns:	(3) Reserve for disposal of goods returns:
1	To prepare for possible losses on			To prepare for possible losses on
!	disposal of goods returned after the	ŀ	Same as the left	disposal of goods returned after the
	interim balance sheet date, the			balance sheet date, the reverse is
	reserve is provided at an amount calculated by multiplying the amount			provided at an amount calculated by multiplying the amount of trade
	of trade receivables at the interim			receivables at the balance sheet
	balance sheet date by the average			date by the average return ratio of
	return ratio of goods sold and the			goods sold and the average disposal
	average write-off ratio of goods			ratio of goods returned over the
	returned over the previous 18			previous two fiscal years.
	months.		I to billion of an action manage beautiful.	(4) I inhilib dan matin manakan kanadian.
	(4) Liability for retirement benefits:  To cover retirement benefits of	(4)	Liability for retirement benefits:	(4) Liability for retirement benefits:  To cover retirement benefits of
	employees, the Company provides		Same as the left	employees, the Company provides
	for liability for retirement benefits at			for liability for retirement benefits at
	an amount to be prepared as of the			an amount to be prepared as of the
	interim balance sheet date, which is			interim balance sheet date, which is
	derived from the projected benefit			derived from the projected benefit
	obligations and estimated plan assets at the interim balance sheet			obligations and estimated plan assets at the balance sheet date.
	date.	]		The unrecognized prior service cost
	The unrecognized prior service cost			is being amortized over five years
	is being amortized over five years	ł		and recognized as operating
1	and recognized as operating			expenses in the statements of
	expenses in the statements of			income.
	income.			The unrecognized actuarial loss is
	The unrecognized actuarial loss is			being amortized over five years by the straight-line method and
1	being amortized over five years by the straight-line method and			amortization of the unrecognized
	amortization of the unrecognized			actuarial loss is recognized as
:	actuarial loss is recognized as			operating expenses in the
1	operating expenses in the			statements of income starting from
	statements of income starting from			the period following the period
	the period following the period			during which each loss occurred.
	during which each loss occurred. (5) Retirement allowances for	(5)	Retirement allowances for	(5) Retirement allowances for
	directors:	(3)	directors:	directors:
	The Company provides a reserve for		Same as the left	Same as the left
	retirement allowances for directors, executive officers and corporate auditors		Jame as the left	Same as the left
1	in required amounts calculated based			i i
	on the bylaw.	[		
4.	Monetary receivables and payables			Monetary receivables and payables
Methods for	denominated in foreign currencies		Same as the left	denominated in foreign currencies
Translation of	are translated into yen at the current			are translated into yen at the
Assets and	exchange rates as of the interim			current exchange rates as of the
Liabilities	balance sheet date. The foreign			balance sheet date. The foreign
denominated in	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			exchange gain and loss from
Foreign	translation are recognized in the			translation are recognized in the statements of income.
Currencies	statements of income.	Щ.		Statements of income.

	April 1, 2006-		April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
Item	September 30, 2006		September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
5.	Finance lease transactions other			
Accounting for	than those under which ownership is		Same as the left	Same as the left
Lease	transferred to the lessee are			
Transactions	accounted for in accordance with the			
	accounting treatment of operating			
	leases.			
6.	(1) Hedge method:	(1)	Hedge accounting method:	(1) Hedge accounting method:
Hedge	Derivatives used for hedging	(1)	rieuge accounting metrios.	Tricage accounting method:
			Same as the left	Same as the left
Accounting	purposes are measured at fair		Same as the left	Same as the left
	market value and unrealized gain or			
	loss on derivatives is deferred until			
	maturity of the hedged transactions.			
	If the forward contracts qualify for			
	hedge accounting, trade receivables			
	and payables denominated in			
	foreign currencies are translated into			
	yen at the contracted rates.			
	[,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(0)		(O) Hadeige instruments and hadead
	(2) Hedging instruments and hedged	(2)		(2) Hedging instruments and hedged
	items:		hedged items:	items:
	(a)Hedging instruments:		0	0
	Foreign currency forward contracts		Same as the left	Same as the left
	(b) Hedged items:			
	Trade receivables and payables			
	including committed transactions			ļ
	denominated in foreign currencies	(m)		(0) (1) (1) (1) (2)
	(3) Hedging policy:	(3)	Hedging policy:	(3) Hedging policy:
	The Company uses hedged			0
	transactions, in the ordinary course		Same as the left	Same as the left
	of business, to reduce the exposure			
	to fluctuations in foreign currency			1
	exchange rate. Hedged transactions			j
	used by the Company have been			
}	made in accordance with internal			1
ì	policies.			
	(4) Method for assessment of	(4)		(4) Method for assessment of
İ	effectiveness of hedging:		effectiveness of hedging	effectiveness of hedging:
)	Foreign currency forward contracts			
	assigned to the associated	ļ	Same as the left	Same as the left
	receivables and payables have the	!		
	same terms and denominations as	l		
	the corresponding receivables and			
	payables and the contract amounts	1		
	will not exceed those of the	l		
	corresponding assets and liabilities.			
	As a result, high correlation and			
	effectiveness between the hedging			
	instruments and the hedged items	I		
	are maintained against fluctuations			
	in foreign exchange rate so that			ĺ
	assessment of effectiveness has not			
	been performed.			
7.	Consumption taxes and local			1 .
Accounting for	consumption taxes are excluded		Same as the left	Same as the left
Consumption	from revenues and expenses.			
Taxes		L		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

#### **ACCOUNTING CHANGES**

April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-
September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
(Presentation of Equity)		(Presentation of Equity)
On December 9, 2005, the Accounting		On December 9, 2005, the Accounting
Standards Board of Japan (the "ASBJ")		Standards Board of Japan (the "ASBJ")
published a new accounting standard and		published a new accounting standard and
related guidance for presentation of		related guidance for presentation of
equity. The new standard (the ASBJ		equity. The new standard (the ASBJ
Statement No.5) and the related guidance	•	Statement No.5) and the related guidance
(the ASBJ Guidance No.8) are applied.		(the ASBJ Guidance No.8) are applied.
The shareholders' equity amounted to		The shareholders' equity amounted to
¥458,138 million based on the former		¥467,246 million based on the former
regulation.		regulation.
The Equity at the interim balance sheet		The Equity at the balance sheet date is
date is presented in accordance with the		presented in accordance with the
modification of the Regulations		modification of the Regulations
Concerning Semi-annual Consolidated		Concerning Consolidated Financial
Financial Statements.		Statements.
(Standard for stock option)		(Standard for stock option)
On December 27, 2005, the ASBJ issued		On December 27, 2005, the ASBJ issued
"Accounting Standard for Stock Options		"Accounting Standard for Stock Options
and Related Guidance." The new		and related guidance." The new standard
standard and guidance are applicable to		and guidance are applicable to stock
stock options newly granted on and after		options newly granted on and after May
May 31, 2006.		31, 2006.
Due to the adoption of the new		Due to the adoption of the new
standards, the amount of operating		standards, the amount of operating
income, ordinary income and income		income, ordinary income and income
before income taxes and minority		before income taxes and minority
interests decreased by ¥294 million.		interests decreased by ¥294 million.

### **CHANGES IN REPRESENTATION**

April 1, 2006- September 30, 2006	April 1, 2007- September 30, 2007
(Non-Consolidated Balance Sheet) As the amount of "Insurance reserve", treated and presented in an separate account title in the previous interim period, was ¥3,516 million in the interim period, accounting for less than or equal to 5% of total assets, it was included in "Other assets" of	
the component of "investments and other assets".	
(Non-Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows)  Although the cash flows related to retirement benefits were included in "Retirement benefit costs" and "Others" in the component of operating cash flows in the previous period, they are represented as Increase (Decrease) in liability for retirement benefits in the current period.	
The amount of "Increase in liability for retirement benefits" in the operating cash flows in the previous period was ¥1,624 million.	

	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
*1	Accumulated depreciation of property,	*1. Accumulated depreciation of property,	*1. Accumulatec depreciation of property,
'	plant and equipment is ¥154,784 mil.	plant and equipment is ¥162,568 mil.	plant and equipment is \$158,699 mil.
	including accumulated loss on	including accumulated loss on	Including accumulated loss on
	impairment of long-lived assets.	impairment of long-lived assets.	impairment of long-lived assets.
2.	Contingent liabilities:	2. Contingent liabilities:	2. Contingent liabilities:
	The Company guarantees ¥113 mil.	The Company guarantees ¥46 mil.	The Company guarantees ¥110 mil. for
	for employee's housing loans from	(EUR 287 thousand) for advance	employees' housing loans from
	financial institutions.	received and others from customers of	financial institutions.
	The Company guarantees ¥1 mil.	Eisai Machinery GmbH.	The Company guarantees ¥90 mil.
	(EUR 9 thousand) for advance		(EUR 574 thousand) for advance
	received and others from customers	Notes: Among the above guarantee	received and others from customers of
	of Eisai Machinery GmbH.	liabilities, those denominated in	Eisai Machinery GmbH.
		foreign currencies are translated into	The Company guarantees ¥264 mil.
	Notes: Among the above guarantee	yen, using the exchange rate at the	(GBP 1,142 thousand) for accrued
	liabilities, those denominated in	interim balance sheet date.	liability for purchase price of land and
	foreign currencies are translated into		construction costs of Eisai Europe Ltd.
	yen, using the exchange rate at the		
	interim balance sheet date.		Notes: Among the above guarantee
			liabilities, those denominated in foreign
			currencies are translated into yen, using
			the exchange rate at the balance sheet
}			date
*3.	Consumption tax	*3. Consumption tax	*3
Şu	spense consumption tax payment and		
СО	nsumption tax receipt are netted and	Same as the left	
the	balance is presented as "Other current		
1	pilities."		
*4.	412 mil. yen was deducted from	*4.	*4.
	acquisition costs of fixed assets at the balance sheet date by the government		
	subsidies. Details of reduction are as		
	follows;		
	Buildings ¥0 mil.		
	Structures ¥19 mil.		
	Machinery and equipment		
	¥166 mil.		
	Tools, furniture, and fixtures		
	¥226 mil.	*5. The notes at maturity are regarded as	*5. The notes at maturity are regarded as
*5	The notes at maturity are regarded as	settled on the clearance date.	settled on the clearance date.
İ	settled on the clearance date. Since the interim balance sheet date	Although the interim balance sheet	Since the balance sheet date was a
	was a bank holiday, the notes at	date was a bank holiday, no note	bank holicay, the notes at maturity on
	maturity on the interim balance sheet	reaches maturity on the interim	the balance sheet date was included
	date was included into the balance of	balance sheet date.	into the balance of the related
	the related account as follows,		account as follows,
	Notes receivable-trade ¥3 mil.		Notes receivable-trade ¥16 mil.
L			

NOTES TO THE SEMIANNUAL	NON-CONSODIDATED STATE	MENTS OF INCOME		
April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-		
September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007		
*1. Non-operating income Interest income ¥41 mil.	*1. Non-operating income Interest income ¥85 mil.	*1. Non-operating income Interest income ¥109mil.		
Interest income	Interest income	Interest on securities		
¥192 mil.	¥163 mil.	¥315mil.		
Dividend income ¥714 mil.	Dividend income ¥633 mil.	Dividend income ¥1,071mil.		
*2. Non-operating expense	*2. Non-operating expense	*2. Non-operating expense		
Interest expenses ¥27 mil.	Interest expenses ¥77 mil.	Interest expenses ¥65 mil.		
Foreign exchange losses	Foreign exchange losses	Foreign exchange losses		
¥624 mil.	¥611 mil.	¥892 mil.		
*3. Special income	*3. Special income	*3. Special income		
Gain on sales of fixed assets	Gain on sales of fixed assets	Gain on sales of fixed assets		
¥62 mil.	¥2 mìl.	¥204 mil.		
Gain on sales of investment	Gain on sales of investment Securities	Gain on sales of investment Securities		
Securities ¥183 mil.	¥2,202 mil.	¥1,651 mil.		
Disposal of products	Tajava IIII.	Disposal of products		
incurred by subsidiaries		Incurred by subsidiaries		
¥554 mil.		¥554 mil.		
*4. Special loss	*4. Special loss	*4. Special loss		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets  +543 mil.	Loss on disposal of fixed assets  +211 mil.	Loss on disposal of fixed assets <del>Y</del> 975 mil.		
Loss on impairment of long-lived	Loss on impairment of long-lived assets	Loss on impairment of long-lived		
assets	¥1 mil.	assets		
¥35 mil.	Loss on devaluation of work-in-process	¥81 mil.		
	inventory	Accelerated depreciation expenses  Y646 mil.		
5. Depreciation expense	¥845 mil. 5. Depreciation expense	5. Depreciation expense		
Property, plant and equipment	Property, plant and equipment	Property, plant and equipment		
¥5,614 mil.	¥5,364 mil.	¥12,368 mil.		
Intangible assets	Intangible assets	Intangible assets		
¥2,883 mil.	¥3,150 mil.	¥6,194 mil.		
6. Loss on impairment of long-lived assets	6. Loss on impairment of long-lived assets	6. Loss on impairment of long-lived assets		
The Company classifies its business	The Company classifies its business	The Company classifies its business		
property to be held and used for	property to be held and used for	property to be held and used for		
business operations into asset groups on	business operations into asset groups on	business operations into asset groups on		
the basis of business segments whose profitability are consistently monitoring.	the basis of business segments whose profitability are consistently monitoring.	the basis of business segments whose profitability are consistently monitoring.		
In addition, lease assets, idle assets and	In addition, lease assets, idle assets and	In addition, lease assets, idle assets and		
sales rights are grouped individually. For	sales rights are grouped individually. For	sales rights are grouped individually. For		
the interim period, the Company booked	the interim period, the Company booked	the period, the Company booked an		
an impairment loss on the following	an impairment loss on the following	impairment loss on the following asset		
asset groups: Function Asset type Status	asset groups: Function   Asset type   Status	groups: Function Asset type Status		
Idle assets Machinery, Misato-machi	Idle assets Machinery, Misato-machi	Investments Echizen-mac		
Equipment and , Saitama	Equipment and , Saitama and	and other hi, Fukui and		
vehicles and Kagamihara- others shi, Gifu	vehicles and others others	assets (Other) others Idle assets Machinery. Misato-machi		
As the idle assets significantly	As the idle assets significantly	Idle assets   Machinery,   Misato-machi       Equipment and   , Saitama		
decreased in market value, a loss on	decreased in market value, a loss on	vehicles and Kagamihara-		
impairment has been recognized by	impairment has been recognized by	others shi, Gifu		
write-down of the book value to a	write-down of the book value to a recoverable amount as well.	As the idle assets significantly		
recoverable amount as well.  The total loss on impairment of long-lived	The total loss on impairment of long-lived	decreased in market value, a loss on impairment has been recognized by		
assets for the interim period amounted to	assets for the interim period amounted to	write-down of the book value to a		
¥35 million, which was composed of the	¥1 million, which was composed of the	recoverable amount as well.		
machinery, equipment and vehicles of	machinery and equipment of ¥1 million.	The total loss on impairment of long-lived		
¥31 million and the tools, furniture, and	The recoverable amount of asset group	assets for the period amounted to ¥81		
fixtures of ¥3 million	is measured by net realized value. Net	million. The contents of impairment are Investments and other assets (Other) of		
The recoverable amount of asset group is measured by net realized value. Net	realizable value is based on reasonable estimates	¥42 million, Machinery and equipment of		
realizable value is based on reasonable		¥33 million, Tools, furniture, and fixtures		
estimates.		of ¥3 million.		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>			

April 1, 2006-	April 1, 2007-	April 1, 2006-	
September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007	
		The recoverable amount of asset group is measured by riet realized value. Net realizable value is based on reasonable estimates, either real estates appraised value by a third party and others or the assessed value of property for tax purposes.	

#### NOTES TO THE SEMIANNUAL STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	April 1,	2006-	April 1, 2007-		April 1, 2006-			
Sep	ptembe	r 30, 2006	<b>September 30, 2007</b> March 31, 2007			1, 2007		
1. Types and	numbei	of stock issued and	1. Types a	and numbe	r of stock issued and	1. Types and number of stock issued and		r of stock issued and
treasury st	ock		treasur	y stock .		treasu	y stock	
	(t	housand of shares)		(t	housand of shares)		<u>(t</u>	housand of shares)
Type of stoo	ck	Common stock	Type of	stock	Common stock	Type of	stock	Common stock
Number of shares at the of the previous period		10,692	Number shares a of the pr period	at the end	12,437	Number shares a of the pr period	at the end	10,692
Increase		2,011	Increase	9	10	Increase	9	2,023
Decrease		134	Decreas	se	43	Decreas	se	277
Number of shares at the of the interir		12,568	of the in	at the end	12,404	Number shares a of the p	at the end	12,437
(co of the ste the Ju pu fra (Note 2) Th	ommon the pur ousand ock, whi e Board ily 31, 2 urchase actional he decre tock was	ase in treasury stock stock) is composed chase of 2,000 shares of treasury ich was resolved by of Directors held on 006, and the of 11 thousand of shares.  ase in treasury is caused by of stock options.	(Note 1)	(common purchase The decre stock was	ase in treasury stock stock) is due to the of fractional shares. ase of the treasury caused by of stock options.	(Note 1)	(common of the pure thousand stock, whi the Board July 31, 2 purchase fractional The decrestock was	ase in treasury stock stock) is composed chase of 2,000 shares of treasury ich was resolved by of Directors held on 006, and the of 23 thousand of shares.  ase of the treasury caused by of stock options.

#### LEASE TRANSACTIONS April 1, 2006-April 1, 2007-April 1, 2006-September 30, 2006 September 30, 2007 March 31, 2007 1. Finance leases other than those that 1. Finance leases other than those that 1. Finance leases other than those that deem to transfer ownership of the deem to transfer ownership of the deem to transfer ownership of the leased property to the lessee leased property to the lessee leased property to the lessee Acquisition cost, Accumulated 1) Acquisition cost, Accumulated Acquisition cost, Accumulated 1) depreciation, Accumulated loss on depreciation, Accumulated loss on depreciation, Accumulated loss on impairment and Net leased property impairment and Net leased property impairment and Net leased property (Millions of Yen) (Millions of Yen) (Millions of Yen) Accumu-Accumu-Accumu-Net Net Net lated Acquisilated Acquisi-Acquisilated leased leased leased tion cost tion cost deprecideprecition cost depreciproperty property property ation ation ation Vehicles Vehicles Vehicles and and and 38 68 29 delivery 68 26 42 delivery 71 36 35 delivery equipequipequipment ment ment Tools. Tools. Tools. furniture furniture furniture 2,914 1.361 1.552 2.760 1.049 1.710 2,929 1,773 1,156 and and and fixtures fixtures fixtures 39 Software 14 Software 28 24 Software 47 75 60 3,030 1,599 Total 2,904 1,136 1,767 Total 3,030 1,833 1,197 Total 1,431 2) Obligation under financial leases and 2) Obligation under financial leases and 2) Obligation under financial leases and other Due within one year ¥885mil. Due within one year ¥825 mil. Due within one year ¥667mil Due over one year ¥751mil. Due over one year ¥975 mil. Due over one year ¥555mil Total ¥1,801 mil. Total ¥1,223mil. Total ¥1,636 mil. Actual lease payments, reversal of Actual lease payments, reversal of 3) Actual lease payments, reversal of impairment of leased property, impairment of leased property. impairment of leased property. depreciation, interest expense under depreciation, interest expenses depreciation, interest expense under finance leases, and loss on under finance leases, and losses on finance leases, and losses on leased property: impairment of leased property: impairment of leased property: ¥498 mil. Actual lease payments ¥938 mil. Actual lease payments ¥468 mil. Actual lease payments ¥885 mil. ¥474 mil. Depreciation Depreciation ¥442 mil. Depreciation Interest expense under finance lease Interest expense under finance lease Interest expense under finance lease ¥65 mil. ¥34 mil. ¥21 mil. Depreciation method: 4) Depreciation method: Depreciation method: Leased assets are depreciated over the lease terms by straight-line Same as the left Same as the left method with no salvage value. 5) Interest expense for leased 5) Interest expense for leased properties: Interest expense for leased 5) properties: properties: Interest expenses for leased properties is allocated every fiscal Same as the left Same as the left year by using the interest method based on the differences between the total lease payments and the respective acquisition costs of the assets which are considered to be interest-bearing. **Operating Leases** Operating Leases **Operating Leases** (Loss on impairment of long-lived (Loss on impairment of long-lived (Loss on impairment of long-lived

Same as the left

assets)

assets)

None

assets)

Same as the left

0, 0200111120

Market value of investment in subsidiaries:

(Millions of Yen)

Period Ended	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
Carrying amount	4,279	-	4,279
Market value	2,786	-	2,950
Difference	(1,493)	-	(1,329)

7) PER SHARE INFORMATION

April 1, 2006 -	April 1, 2007 -	April 1, 2:006 -	
September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007	
Book value per share:	Book value per share:	Book value per share:	
¥1,613.17	¥1,652.92	¥1,644.49	
Earnings per share:	Earnings per share:	Earnings per share:	
¥70.50	¥99.17	¥150.23	
Diluted earnings per share:	Diluted earnings per share:	Diluted earnings per share:	
¥70.40	¥99.06	¥150.01	

Note: The basis of the report of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share are as follows:

140te. The basis of the report of basic earnings per	onaro ana onata o		
	April 1, 2006- Sep.30, 2006	April 1, 2007- Sep. 30, 2007	April 1, 2006- March 31, 2007
Basic earnings per share  (1) Net income (mil. yen)  (2) Amount not attributed to common shareholders (mil. yen)  (3) Net income on common shares (mil. yen)  (4) Average number of common	¥20,137 - 20,137 285,636	¥28,178 - 28,178 284,139	¥42,803 - 42,803 284,911
shares outstanding (thousand shares)  Diluted earnings per share Increased number of common shares (thousand shares) [Subscription rights] (thousand shares)	412	320 [62]	431
[Stock option] (thousand shares)	[302]	[257]	[331]
Dilutive securities with no dilutive effects, which were not included in fully diluted earnings per share.		Type of the diluting securities: Stock option Number of the diluting securities: 264 thousand	

### 8) IMPORTANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no important subsequent events during the period under review.

### (1) STATEMENTS OF INCOME (for reference)

	July 1, 2006 - September 30 2006			July Septer	07 -	Increase/ (Decrease)	
Account Title	(Millions	(Millions of Yen) (%)		(Millions of Yen)		(%)	(Millions of Yen)
I. Net sales		87,189	100.0		96,814	100.0	9,625
II. Cost of sales		19,964	22.9		18,111	18.7	(1,853)
Gross profit		67,224	77.1		78,702	81.3	11,478
Provision for sales returns-net	]	(10)	(0.0)	_	(6)	(0.0)	4
Gross profit		67,235	77.1		78,709	81.3	11,473
III. Selling, general and administrative expenses							
Research and development expenses	27,323		[31.3]	31,688		[32.7]	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	24,843	52,166	59.8	26,119	57,807	59.7	5,641
Operating income		15,068	17.3		20,901	21.6	5,832
IV. Non-operating income		367	_ 0.4		(86)	(0.1)	(454)
V. Non-operating expenses		332	0.4		718	0.7	385
Ordinary income		15,103	17.3		20,096	20.8	4,992
VI. Special gain	1	744	0.8		4	0.0	(740)
VII. Special loss		117	0.1		1,040	1.1	922
Income before income taxes		15,730	18.0		19,059	19.7	3,329
Income taxes-current	7,178			8,374			
Income taxes-deferred	(1,533)	5,644	6.4	(1,768)		6.8	961
Net income		10,086	11.6		12,454	12.9	2,368

### (2) NON-CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(for reference)

(ioi reierence)	I		<del> </del>
	July 1, 2006-	July 1, 2:007-	Increase/
	September. 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	(Decrease)
Account Title	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)	(Millions of Yen)
I. Operating activities			
1. Income before income taxes	15,730	19,059	
2. Depreciation and amortization	4,439	4,320	
3. Loss on impairment of long-lived assets	35	1	
4. Deacrease in allowance for doubtful accounts	(17)	_	
5. Interest and dividend income	(200)	(162)	ļ
6. Interest expenses	15	52	
7. Loss on sales and disposal of fixed assets	93	188	:
Gain on sales of short-term investment and	(183)	_	
investment securities	` '		
Loss on devaluation of securities	_	0	
10. Increase in notes and accounts receivable-trade	(7,385)	(1,772)	
11. Increase in inventories	(1,123)	(817)	
12. Decrease in notes and accounts payable-trade	(96)	(1,558)	
13. Increase (Decrease) in other current liabilities	1,194	(3,554)	
14. Dearease in reserve for retirement benefit	(1,484)	(2,554)	į
15. Other	(1,437)	3,594	
Sub-total	9,581	16,798	
16. Interest and dividends received	151	182	1
17. Interest paid	(15)	(52)	
18. Income tax paid	(1,691)	37	
Net cash provided by operating activities	8,026	16,965	8,939
II. Investing activities	3,025		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of	1,500	1,000	
short-term investments	1,233	.,	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(1,714)	(1,282)	
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	13	8	
Payments for acquisition of business	(1,196)	-	
Purchases of investment securities	(6,712)	(4)	1
6. Proceeds from sales and redemptions of	1,569	5	İ
investment securities	,,,,,,		
7. Investments in subsidiaries and associated companies	_	(1,145)	
8. Other	(144)	80	1
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,684)	(2,668)	4,015
III. Financing activities	(5,554)	(2,300)	<del></del>
Purchase of treasury stock	(11,060)	_	
2. Other	314	103	
Net cash provided by (used in) financial activities	(10,745)	103	10,848
IV. Foreign currency translation adjustments on cash and		<del></del>	
cash equivalents	0	(1)	(1)
V. Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(9,402)	14,398	23,801
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	81,884	21,814	(60,069)
VII. Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	72,481	36,213	(36,268)
The Geon and Good equivalents at one of period	1 /2,701	30,210	(00,200)

#### 6. Other

#### Subsidarization of Sanko Junyaku Co., Ltd.

Sanko Junyaku Co. Ltd. ("Sanko Junyaku") became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Eisai Co., Ltd. ("Eisai") on October 1<sup>st</sup>, 2007.

As one of Eisai's consolidated subsidiaries, Sanko Junyaku aims to meet the needs of a great variety of patients and their family, and the general public through providing information and products that are closely related to the diagnosis and treatment of diseases.

The important role of diagnosis in the prevention and control of diseases is well recognized, and the importance will be far more increased in the future. The genetic diagnosis, in particular, is expected to play a key role in personalized medicine, which is anticipated to revolutionize the medical practice by offering more effective medical treatments from the aspect of the patient's diathesis and drug response (adverse effects/efficacy) using the genomic information.

To cope with such challenging circumstances, Eisai decided to make Sanko Junyaku its wholly-owned subsidiary to utilize the Company's total management resources to reinforce its existing diagnostic business, and to promote commercializing of the Probe alternation link self-assembly reaction, gene signal amplification technology.

In consideration of the above circumstances, Eisai and Sanko Junyaku have concluded that a complete subsidiarization of Sanko Junyaku by Eisai is necessary in order to aggressively utilize the management resources of the entire group and to effectively and promptly promote the development of the existing diagnostic business and the advancement towards challenging areas such as gene signal amplification technology, which is the PALSAR Method.

Eisai established the Japan Business Headquarters to implement its integrated business strategy in the four business operations of Eisai Group in Japan consisting of the prescription pharmaceuticals, consumer healthcare products, diagnostic pharmaceuticals and generics businesses. The Company will pursue achieving far more improved patients' benefits through providing information, services and products, from all aspects of healthcare from prevention, intervention, and innovation of treatments considering further medical trends or

advances in medical technologies. Under this operational framework, Sanko Junyaku takes responsibility as the diagnostic agent which is one of Eisai's core businesses, and aims to satisfy the various needs of patients and their family, and the general public through providing clinical reagents that are intimately connected with therapeutic products.

<The Process of Subsidiarization of Sanko Junyaku>

April 26, 2007 Eisai Co., Ltd. and Sanko Junyaku agreed on share

exchange agreement (announced)

June 21, 2007 Share exchange was approved at the ordinary

meeting of shareholders of Sanko Junyaku

June 22, 2007 Sanko Junyaku was allocated to the adjustment post

of JASDAQ

September 25, 2007 Sanko Junyaku was delisted from JASDACI

October 1, 2007 Share exchange

November 20, 2007 Delivery of certificate (scheduled date)

Summary of the financial result of Sanko Junyaku (consolidated) for the Interim of fiscal year ending March 31, 2008 were attached for your reference.

<del></del>					<del></del>						
	Septe	September 30, 2006			September 30, 2007			March 31, 2007			
Account Title	(Thousan	ids of Yen)	(%)	(Thousands of Yen)		(%)	(Thousar	nds of Yen)	(%)		
ASSETS											
I. Current assets:						:			•		
1. Cash and cash in banks		188,984			248,586			138,091			
Notes and accounts     receivable-trade		1,599,359			1,578,742			1,551,996			
3. Short-term investments	[ ]	1,560,881			836,618			1,284,638			
4. Inventories		1,470,273			1,335,981			1,418,078			
5. Deferred tax assets	]	180,853			252,272			171,293			
6. Deposit paid		2,243,117			3,015,976			2,662,766			
7. Other		76,669			84,642			94,706	ļ		
Allowance for doubtful		(12,390)			(13,070)			(12,710)			
receivables											
Total current assets		7,307,750	54.4		7,339,750	54.2		7,308,861	54.1		
II. Fixed assets:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
Property, plant and equipment		,									
(1) Buildings and structures	1,033,215			949,263		ļ	987,124				
(2) Land	247,930			247,930			247,930	ļ	<b>!</b> .		
(3) Other	632,394	1,913,539	14.2	660,500	1,857,693	13.7	610,082	1,845,137	13.7		
2. Intangible assets		5,304	. 0.0		5,041	0.0		5,173	0.0		
3. Investments and other assets											
(1) Investment securities	2,162,436			1,978,479			2,097,826				
(2) Deferred tax assets	884,586			789,330			889,545				
(3) Long-term deposit in banks	1,100,000			1,500,000			1,300,000				
(4) Other	66,348	4,213,371	31.4	68,827	4,336,637	32.1	66,414	4,353,786	32.2		
Total fixed assets		6,132,215	45.6		6,199,372	45.8		6,204,096	45.9		
Total assets		13,439,965	100.0		13,539,123	100.0	]	13,512,957	100.0		

	September 30, 2006			Sel	ptember 30, 2	007	March 31, 2007		
Account Title	(Thousands of Yen)		(%)	(Thousands of Yen)		(%)		ousands of Yen)	(%)
LIABILITIES									
I. Current liabilities:								ì	•
Accounts payable-trade		261,795			278,586			331,245	
2. Short-term borrowings		60,207			<b>-</b>			50,110	
3. Income taxes payable		19,935			19,619			23,229	
Reserve for bonuses		176,874			172,309			158,817	
5. Reserve for sales returns		4,590			3,090			4,400	
6. Other		321,055			492,101			335,442	
Total current liabilities		844,457	6.3		965,707	7.1		903,245	6.7
II. Long-term liabilities:							,		
Deferred tax liabilities		725,363			773,960			749,587	
2. Other		276,900			232,812	_		268,869	
Total long-term liabilities		1,002,264	7.4		1,006,773	7.5		1,018,457	7.5
Total liabilities		1,846,722	13.7		1,972,480	14.6		1,921,703	14.2
Equity									
I. Owners' Equity									
1. Common stock		5,262,480	39.2		5,262,480	38.9		5,262,480	38.9
2. Capital surplus		5,383,920	40.1		5,383,920	39.8		5,383,920	39.8
3. Retained earnings		836,178	6.2		816,101	6.0		840,661	6.2
4. Treasury stock		(7,619)	(0.1)					(8,298)	(0.0)
Total Owners' Equity		11,474,959	85.4		11,462,501	84.7		11,478,762	84.9
II. Net unrealized gain and translation									
adjustment:					ļ				
Net unrealized gain on		78,868	0.6	ŀ	60,210	0.4		70,746	0.6
available-for-sale securities							-		
Total net unrealized gain and translation									
adjustments		78,868	0.6		60,210	0.4		70,746	0.6
III. Minority Interests		39,416	0.3		43,931	0.3		41,745	0.3
Total equity		11,593,243	86.3		11,566,643	85.4	_ ·	11,591,254	85.8
Total liabilities and Equity		13,439,965	100.0	L	13,539,123	100.0		13,512,957	100.0

	April 1, 2006 - September 30, 2006		April 1, 2007 - September 30, 2007			April 1, 2006 - March 31, 2007			
Account Title	(Thousa	ınds of Yen)	(%)	(Thousands of Yen) (%)		(Thousa	(Thousands of Yen)		
I. Net sales		2,552,026	100.0		2,494,281	100.0		5,136,625	100.0
II. Cost of sales		1,074,077	42.1	ŀ	1,047,671	42.0		2,169,207	42.2
Gross profit on sales		1,477,948	57.9	İ	1,446,610	58.0		2,967,418	57.8
Reversal of provision for sales returns-net	8,130			4,400	•		8,130		
Provision for sales returns-net	4,590	(3,540)	(0.2)	3,090	(1,310)	(0.1)	4,400	(3,730)	(0.0)
Gross profit		1,481,488	58.1		1,447,920	58.1	`	2,971,148	57.8
III. Selling, general and administrative		1,453,634	57.0		1,416,002	56.8		2,927,525	57.0
expenses									
Operating income		27,854	1.1	<b>j</b>	31,917	1.3		43,622	0.8
IV. Non-operating income									
1. Interest income	23,158			42,029			62,076		
2. Dividend income	730			906			1,121		
3. Other	1,408	25,297	1.0	2,765	45,702	1.8	3,975	67,173	1.3
V. Non-operating expenses	1								ļ
1. Interest expenses	1,750		1	2,060			4,024		İ
2. Loss on disposal of inventories	129			_			-		
3. Quality assurance expenses	4,450			-			4,664		
4. Foreign exhange gain	913			-			3,845		
5. Fee for a service for corporate stock affairs	-			7,691	Ì		9,000	}	}
6. Other	319	7,562	0.3	588	10,339	0.4	1,885	23,419	0.4
Ordinary income		45,589	1.8	Ī	67,280	2.7		87,376	1.7
VI. Special gain									
1. Gain on sales of fixed assets	42			-			57		ļ
2. Proceeds from redemptions of securities	-	42	0.0	-	-	-	20	77	0.0
VII. Special loss									{
1. Loss on disposal of fixed assets	7,503		1	3,065			8,527		l
2. Loss on impairment of long-lived assets	4,065			333			15,380		
3. Loss on cancellation of an insurance	} -	11,569	0.5	} -	3,399	0.1	7,089	30,996	0.6
policy for prior period				<u> </u>					
Income before income taxes and minority interests		34,062	1.3		63,881	2.6		56,457	1.1
Income taxes-current	5,704			5,517			11,181	<del>                                     </del>	
Income taxes-deferred	14,778	20,483	0.8	26,377	31,895	1.3	24,885	36,066	0.7
Minority interests in net income		2,078	0.0	<u> </u>	2,185	0.1		4,408	0.1
Net income		11,501	0.5		29,800	1.2		15,983	0.3

	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
Account Title	(Thousands of Yen)	(Thousands of Yen)	(Thousands of Yen)
I. Operating activities:			
1. Income before income taxes and minority interests	34,062	63,881	56,457
2. Depreciation and amortization	151,215	140,204	312,210
3. Loss on impairment of long-lived assets	4,065	333	15,380
4. Loss on cancellation of an insurance policy	-	=	7,089
for prior year			
5. Increase in allowance	2,960	360	3,280
for doubtful accounts			
6. Interest and dividend income	(23,889)	(42,936)	(63,198)
7. Interest expenses	1,750	2,060	4,024
8. Loss on disposal of inventories	18,129	10,264	31,884
Loss on devaluation of ivventories	3,708	32!9	2,615
10. Gain on sales of fixed assets	(42)	-	(57)
11. Loss on disposal of fixed assets	7,503	1,305	8,527
12. Increase in liability for retirement benefits	40,345	24,372	64,570
13. Decrease in retirement allowance for directors	(17,701)	-	(17,701)
14. Increase (decrease) in liability for bonuses	8,381	13,492	(9,675)
15. Decrease in provision for sales returns	(3,540)	(1,310)	(3,730)
16. Loss on redemption of securities	_	-	740
17. Increase in notes and accounts receivable-trade	(83,336)	(26,745)	
18. (Decrease) Increase in inventories	(100,836)	62,400	(105,004)
19. Increase (Decrease) in other current assets	(11,312)	2,962	(22,765)
20. Decrease (Increase) in other investment	650	136	(727)
21. Increase (Decrease) in notes and accounts payable-trade	27,669	(54,920)	
22. Increase (Decrease) in accrued expenses	(1,589)	(2,878)	
23. Increase (Decrease) in other current liabilities	(14,537)	145,220	(3,927)
24. Other-net	(11,963)	(18,236)	
Sub-total	31,692	320,294	314,214
25. Interest and dividends received	25,939	44,204	64,047
26. Interest paid	(1,750)	(2,060)	(4,024)
27. Income taxes paid	(7,643)	(5,622)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	48,237	356,316	359,509
II. Investing activities:			
1. Proceeds from sales and maturities of	300,000	300,000	649,259
short-term investments			ļ .
2. Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(126,556	(146,719)	
3. Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipmen	1 42	· <b>'</b>	57
4. Purchases of investment securities	(293,751	) <b> </b>	(443,751)
5. Proceeds from sales and redemption of investments	-	-	100,020
6. Investments in and purchases of other assets	(700,000		
Net cash used in investing activities	(820,264	(46,719	(777,301)
III. Financing activities:		i	
Net decrease in short-term borrowings	41,928		
2. Purchase of treasury stock	(37	(1,107	•
3. Dividends paid	(53,180		
Net cash used in financing activities	(11,289	(95,773	(22,397)
IV. Foreign currency translation adjustments on	97	676	118
cash and cash equivalents		· · ·	
V. Net increase (decrease) in cash	(783,218	215,000	(440,071)
and cash equivalents			
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	d 4,125,105		
VII. Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	3,341,886	3,900,035	3,685,034

